

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 88.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1898.

TWO CENTS

MANY DEATHS FEARED

Dangerous Typhoid Cases at Camp Wikoff.

515 CASES IN THE HOSPITAL.

Of These Many Are Believed to Be Beyond Hope of Recovery—Two More Deaths Were Reported—Ship Shinnecock Expected to Take More Away.

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, L. I., Sept. 21.—The movement of troops from Camp Wikoff continued yesterday, and at the present rate there will not be many here by this time next week. Batteries A and F of the Second light artillery left yesterday for Annisston, Ala. The Third cavalry expects to get away today for Fort Ethan Allen. The Eighth Maine volunteer signal corps likely will be relieved from duty today. The Twenty-fourth infantry, colored, was to have gone wholly to Fort Douglas, Utah, but the plans have been changed. Only half of the men can be accommodated at Fort Douglas and the other half will be stationed in Wyoming. There were less than 500 in the hospital yesterday. All the division or regimental hospitals have been closed and the furnishings turned over to Captain Winters.

General Shafter left the camp yesterday morning for Michigan, where he is to attend the reunion of the regiment in which he served during the Civil war. During his absence General Wheeler will command the camp. The hospital contained 515 men yesterday. Many of these are beyond hope, and for the next two weeks it is feared there will be many deaths, mostly from typhoid. The Shinnecock is expected here today to transport 200 of the sick. The division hospital tents are being taken down and fumigated and then turned in. The hospitals are now all out of existence, except the main one. The well soldiers are all getting along finely and gaining flesh.

There were two deaths in the hospital yesterday. John Ryan, sergeant, Company F, Sixth infantry. Henry Jacobson, Company E, First District of Columbia infantry.

HEALTH IMPROVING.

Little Sickness at Camp Meade Outside of New York Regiments—General Graham's Opinion.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Sept. 21.—Major General Graham thinks the war department will not be in a hurry to break up the Second army corps. His troops are accustomed to the colder weather of the north and they would probably withstand the rigors of the climate at Camp Meade better than the enervating atmosphere of the south. The only southern regiments in the corps are the Second West Virginia, Second Maryland and Second Tennessee, all the others being from the north. General Graham says that the southern camps have not been as healthful as those in the north and favors the retention of the troops at Camp Meade until it becomes necessary to send them to the West Indies and Philippines.

The health conditions of the camp are improving and outside of the New York regiments there are very little sickness. Chief Surgeon Girard attributes much of the sickness of the New Yorkers to the unhealthy condition of Camp Black. Fifteen fever cases were taken away yesterday afternoon by the Good Samaritan hospital of Lebanon and 24 others were shipped to Pennsylvania hospital at Eighth and Spruce streets.

The Red Cross wards in the Second division hospital have been enlarged and the fever patients who are too weak to be sent to city hospitals are being attended by trained female nurses.

Clarence E. Brayton, sergeant major of the Third New York regiment, died yesterday of spinal meningitis at Harborsburg. Dr. H. S. Hotelling of Syracuse, who attended Brayton, says his death was caused by neglect.

Private Edgar A. Ellett, Company O, Fourth Missouri, died yesterday of typhoid fever and his remains will be shipped to St. Joseph.

The Second West Virginia started yesterday morning on a march to Gettysburg to attend the dedication Thursday week of a regimental monument.

The trial of Major Charles R. Parke of Scranton, charged with refusing to receive descriptive lists of patients admitted to the Second division hospital while he was surgeon in charge, was indefinitely postponed yesterday.

ALGER'S INSPECTION.

Made a Speech at Camp Hamilton—Said Citizens, Instead of Complaining, Should Help Soldiers.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 21.—Secretary Alger and party inspected Camp Hamilton and reviewed the troops yesterday morning. Surgeon General Sternberg praised the division hospital. The brigade of immunes was inspected yesterday afternoon. He said the condition of the troops was excellent. Corporal L. M. Boyce, Company L, First West Virginia, died in division hospital of typhoid fever yesterday.

Immediately after the review at Camp Hamilton, Secretary Alger made a short address to the soldiers, admonishing them to be strong in their duty to their country. He said the government had always done and will continue to do all in its power for the enlisted men. He declared the citizens, instead of finding fault with the government, should lend their country their assistance by helping the soldiers all they could.

This sentiment was warmly cheered and the secretary added that he was glad to say that he had heard excellent reports from the citizens of Lexington along this line, and he wanted to thank them for the great good they had done in furnishing so many delicacies free of charge to the sick and for refusing to practice extortion on the well.

General Breckinridge spoke next, and paid Secretary Alger a high compliment as being the most tenderhearted secretary of war this country had ever had. He declared that the secretary was doing all in his power and was causing others to do all in their power to take the best care of the sick and well.

SEVEN MORE DEATHS.

General Lawton Reported 88 New Cases of Fever—Nearly 1,200 Ill About Santiago.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Nearly 1,200 of the American troops at Santiago are on the sick list and General Lawton yesterday reported 88 new cases of fever. His report to the war department last night was as follows:

"SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Sept. 20. Adjutant General, Washington:

"Sick, 1,187; fever, 679; new cases, 88; returned to duty, 289. Deaths—William Johnson, Eighth Illinois infantry, teamster, thermic fever, Sept. 19; Felix Boswell, D. Ninth United States volunteers, bilious fever, Sept. 18; Albert Richardson, nurse, L. Ninth United States volunteers, pernicious malarial fever, Sept. 17; John J. Nickoden, K. First Illinois, typhoid fever, Sept. 17; John J. Blate, private F, Fifth United States infantry, typhoid fever, Sept. 19; Robert L. Courson, private, B. Third United States volunteers, yellow fever, Sept. 19; Walter Gray, private, Third United States volunteers, pernicious remittent fever, hemophysis. "LAWTON, Major General."

ALMOST 2,000 ILL

Brooke Trying to Improve Condition of Men in Porto Rico—Spanish Soldiers Left Some Towns.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 19.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Aguadilla, San Sebastian and Lares were abandoned by the Spanish today and the troops of General Garretson's brigade and the Eleventh infantry moved in and hoisted the American flag.

On Wednesday the Spaniards will evacuate the island of Vieques, where a company of American troops dispatched from General Grant's brigade has been landed.

The Spanish evacuation commissioners, at the meeting of the Spanish and American commissioners yesterday officially informed the Americans that they had been notified of the sailing from Spain of two transports intended to embark troops here and also that 400 Spanish soldiers will sail from here today on a transport which is expected from Cuba. The departing troops consist of 200 sick men and 200 members of the engineers regiment.

The meeting of the commissioners was entirely without friction.

It was decided today, in the interest of the order of the island, to allow Americans to enter the Spanish lines and vice versa in pursuit of marauders.

The condition of the troops on the island is not improving. Almost 2,000 men have reported sick. Gen. Brooks is doing all in his power to improve the condition of the soldiers and afford them every comfort possible. He has ordered every military tent on the island to be fitted with flooring.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

Supreme Council of Sovereign Inspectors General of Thirty-Third Degree, Northern Jurisdiction, Met.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 21.—The supreme council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors General of the Thirty-third degree, Scottish Rite, for the northern Masonic jurisdiction, opened its eighty-sixth annual session here yesterday. The supreme council was opened in full ceremonial form by Ill. Henry L. Palmer, most puissant sovereign grand commander. Divine blessing was invoked by Rev. Josiah L. Seward, grand prior. The call of the roll of officers, active and emeriti members occupied much time, after which there was reading of reports and examining of credentials. The supreme council last night conferred the Thirty-third degree on a number of illustrious princes.

Body of Missing Attorney Found.

MARIETTA, O., Sept. 21.—The body of George Waters, a Pittsburg attorney, who has been missing since Saturday night, was recovered from the Ohio river yesterday. He was a member of the firm of Lee, Chapman & Co. and an oil operator. No violence was discovered, and he evidently lost his life in attempting to cross the dike at the head of the island below here.

M. E. APPOINTMENTS.

Assignment of Ministers In East Ohio Conference.

PRESIDING ELDERS ALSO NAMED.

Rev. J. W. Robbins For Akron District. Rev. G. B. Smith For Canton District. Rev. H. S. Jackson For Steubenville District—Craft For Youngstown District.

BARNESVILLE, O., Sept. 21.—The East Ohio Methodist Episcopal conference about 1 o'clock this morning heard announcement of appointments as follows:

AKRON district—Presiding elder, J. W. Robbins; First church, Frank C. Haddock; Grace church, J. C. Smith; Main Street, J. W. King; North Hill, W. E. Pettit; Bedford, J. K. Grimes; Braceville, John Gledhill; Bristolville, W. F. Wyckoff; Canfield, J. D. Cope; Charleston, R. P. Keeler; Cuyahoga Falls, D. W. Knight; Deerfield, O. H. Pennell; Edinburg, H. H. Miller; Garrettsville, I. J. Harris; Kent, W. D. Starkey; Mantua, J. B. Orin; Mineral Ridge, S. C. Hallock; Magadore, C. M. Kirk; Newton Falls, R. W. Gardner; Northfield, H. H. Scott; Peninsula, L. O. Eldridge; Pleasant Valley, supply; Ravenna, T. F. Phillips; Rootstown, W. G. Harper; Southington, supply; Tallmadge, N. C. Scott; Twinsburg, J. F. Huddleston; Warren, First church, E. A. Simons; Tod Avenue, L. W. Lepage; West Farmington, A. H. Dye; Windham, A. A. Brown.

BARNESVILLE district—Presiding elder, D. C. Osborne; Antioch, D. C. B. C. Armstrong; supply: Barnesville, A. J. Hatt; Barnesville circuit, J. Powell; Batesville, C. P. Wyckoff; Beaverville, W. G. Lemon; Bellefonte, First church, O. W. Holmes; South church, Austin Wilson; Bellefonte circuit, J. E. Rankin; Bethesda, J. E. Russell; Bingham, W. E. Boettcher; Clarion, E. A. Bowers; Demos, H. L. Ward; Fairview, E. J. Smith; Hannibal, R. S. Strahl; Hendrysburg, D. L. Clarke; Morrisstown, supply; Powhatan, H. A. Cobbledick; Quaker City, H. W. Westwood; Somerton, John Beetham; St. Clairsville, J. S. Secrest; Washington, Harlan Appleton; Winterfeld, F. J. Swaney; Woodfield, Alfred Walls.

CAMBRIDGE district—Presiding elder, J. R. Keyes; Berne, supply; Bethel, B. F. Forsythe; Beverly, E. O. Morris; Bristol, Ross Sullivan; Byesville, S. C. Collier; Caldwell, J. H. Starr; Cambridge, R. B. Pope; Chancellersville, J. D. Kaho; Cumberland, T. I. McKee; Dexter City, P. A. Bright; Lowell, H. W. Stewart; Mackburg, D. L. Welch; Masterton, supply; McConnellsville, Morris Floyd; Newburg, supply; New Matamoras, C. T. Petty; Newport, W. P. Baxter; Norwich, F. S. Ross; Reno, supply; Rural Dale, J. M. Shafter; Sarahsville, Robert Davidson; Seneca, J. B. England; Sonora, H. B. Edwards; Stafford, R. W. Martin; Summerfield, J. A. Wright; Wade, supply.

CANTON district—Presiding elder, G. B. Smith; Alliance, First church, T. W. Lane; Union church, J. R. Mills; Berlin Center, C. H. Edwards; Canton, Duerber Avenue, C. W. Harshman; First church, C. E. Manchester; Lawrence Avenue, W. E. Hollett; Sampson, Louis Paine; Carrollton, A. W. Gruber; Columbiana, G. L. Davis; Damascus, M. C. Grimes; Dell Roy, J. B. Manly; East Palestine, T. H. Armstrong; East Rochester, G. T. Norris; Elkton, E. A. Williams; Franklin Square, J. G. Egan; Greentown, J. A. Rutledge; Hanoverton, A. M. Misl; Leetonia, O. B. Jones; Lisbon, F. W. Fisher; Malvern, W. D. Stevens; Marlboro, J. L. Neely; Massillon, J. I. Wilson; Mechanistown, J. H. Merchant; Minerva, A. B. Williams; Negley, supply; New Waterford, F. E. Heighway; Pierce, J. I. Herron; Salem, C. B. Henthorn; Waynesburg, T. W. Anderson; Winona, supply.

CLEVELAND district—Presiding elder, J. F. Fisher; Bissells, B. E. Edgell; Burton, C. L. Peck; Chagrin Falls, C. W. Smith; Chardon, C. M. Hollett; Cleveland, Asbury, H. J. Huncher; Broadway, L. H. Stewart; Epworth, W. B. Pickard; Euclid Avenue, W. H. Rider; Fairmont, W. L. Askue; Ferncliff, supply; First church, L. A. Banks; Grace church, E. L. Chalker; Kinsman Street, J. J. McAlpine; Miles Park, J. M. Carr; Parkwood Avenue, D. C. Grover; Scoville Avenue, C. N. Church; St. Clair Street, J. S. Rutledge; Wade Park Avenue, E. J. Moore; Willson Avenue, H. W. Dewey; Woodland Avenue, J. M. Keck; Woodland Hills Avenue, H. B. Allen; Concord, W. J. Zeal; Geneva, First church, W. H. Dickerson; Second church, B. C. Peck; Hampden, J. E. Hollister; Huntsburg, W. S. Rowe; Madison, W. T. Culp; Mayfield, E. S. Baker; Mechanicsville, George Elliott; Mentor, J. J. Billingsley; Middlefield, D. C. Knowles; Nottingham, T. J. Kurtz; Painesville, W. B. Winters; Perry, J. H. Hollingshead; Saybrook, A. H. Domes; Thompson, J. F. Ellis; Warrensville, G. W. Orcutt; Weisfield, N. E. Hulbert; Willoughby, J. R. Jacobs.

STEUBENVILLE district—Presiding elder, H. S. Jackson; Bloomingdale, E. T. Mohr; Bridgeport, W. L. Dixie; Brilliant, G. T. Humble; East Liverpool, First church, Clark Crawford; Second church, W. H. Haverfield; East Springfield, S. P. Lloyd; Empire, H. T. Peterson; Hammondsville, E. S. Smith; Harlem Springs, W. H. Piggott; Irondale, S. A. Pergoy; Lancaster, supply; Martins Ferry, J. T. Morton; Mingo, J. W. Satterthwaite; Richmond, E. R. Jones; Salineville, James Walls; Smithfield, S. B. Salmon; Steubenville, Finley and Thompson, R. P. Norris; First church, J. S. Reager; Hamlin, A. R. Chapman; Toronto, S. W. McClure; Warrenton, A. W. Harris; Wellsville, E. D. Holtz; West Bridgeport, D. T. Holtz; Wintersville, T. H. Taylor.

YOUNGSTOWN district—Presiding elder, A. M. Craft; Andover, W. M. Jeffers; Ashtabula, First church, Sylvester Eurt; Lake Street, William Perego; Chapel, O. G. St. John; Cherry Valley, E. R. Jester; Cortland, S. Wilson; Dorset, W. H. Talmage; Girard, A. E. Custer; Greensburg, W. S. Jenkins; Gustavus, J. W. Van Kirk; Hartford, S. M. Chalkner; Hubbard, H. M. Rader; Jefferson, E. E. Whitaker; Kelloggsville, J. S. Hollingshead; Kingsville, J. A. Uman; Kingsman, E. E. Wilson; Lowellville, David Davies; Mesopotamia, supply; Niles, M. J. Slutz; North Bloomfield, Matthew Moses; Orangeville, J. W. Elcher; Orwell, W. J. Yingling; Poland, L. C. Paul; Richmond Center, A. D. McHenry; Rock Creek, W. N. Webster; Vienna, J. J. Thorne; West Mecca, M. E. Evans; Windsor, E. B.

Wilson; Youngstown, Belmont avenue, A. A. Billingsley; Epworth, W. A. Rutledge; Trinity, E. F. Edmonds; Wilson Avenue, F. A. Domes.

FUNERAL IN RICHMOND.

The Body of Miss Winnie Davis to Be Taken There—To Lie In Church Under Guard of Honor.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Sept. 21.—It has been decided that the body of Miss Winnie Davis, after a brief service here, will be started to Richmond, on the train leaving here about 10:10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The journey should be completed about 9:05 a. m., Friday.

RICHMOND, Sept. 21.—When the remains of Miss Winnie Davis arrive here Friday morning they will be escorted to St. Paul's church, where her father worshipped and was confirmed. They will be placed in the lecture room and remain there under a guard of honor until 3:30 p. m., when the funeral will take place, the interment being in Hollywood, in the Davis section. Members of R. E. Lee camp, Confederate veterans, of which Miss Winnie Davis was a member, will arrange details of the funeral.

MERRIAM RETURNED.

Everything Quiet at Honolulu When the Steamer Australia Left—Brought Sick Soldiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—The steamer Australia arrived in port yesterday from Hawaii. General Merriam, commander of the department of California, who has been in Honolulu, was one of the passengers. Everything was quiet in Honolulu when the steamer left. The people were jubilant over the annexation.

The officers of the Australia say that the Arizona, with troops for Manila, sailed on the 11th inst., and the Scandia, with troops and treasure, was to leave on Tuesday, the 13th.

The Australia brought up five sick soldiers. Among them were Lieutenants Wallace and Teny of the First New York volunteers and three privates from the Minnesota, North Dakota and Montana regiments. Lieutenant Hunt of the Fourteenth regular infantry was also a passenger. He was taken ill in Honolulu with typhoid fever and after he was convalescent was granted a sick leave.

SPANISH COMMISSION.

Personnel of Those Charged With Negotiating Peace Communicated to This Government.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The personnel of the Spanish peace commission has been communicated officially by the Madrid government to the French embassy, and through Ambassador Cambon to the state department yesterday. The list is the same as that given in press disatches, with some additional information as to the several members. Senor Montero Rios, chairman of the commission, is presiding officer of the Spanish senate.

Senor Abarzuza is a member of the senate and was Spanish ambassador at Paris during Spain's brief regime as a republic. General Cerrero has had long experience in colonial affairs and is regarded as an expert in that line. Senor Villa Urrutia is the present Spanish minister at Brussel. Senor Garnica is counsellor of the court of cassation, or supreme court.

FLAG RAISED IN HAVANA.

Stars and Stripes Hoisted at the Headquarters of American Evacuation Commission.

HAVANA, Sept. 21.—The first American flag in Havana was hoisted on the flagstaff of the Trocha hotel, the headquarters of the American evacuation commission, yesterday morning. A guard of marines was posted at the entrance to the grounds. Colonel Clous and Captain Payne stood on the roof of the hotel at either side of the flagstaff.

At about 20 o'clock sharp a quarter-master of the steamer Resolute hoisted the flag, which unfurled and fluttered proudly in the breeze. All the members of the commission raised their hats and cheered the Stars and Stripes.

Won't Make Political Speeches.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The president gave Representatives Overstreet and Faris to understand yesterday that on his way to Omaha he would make stops at Indianapolis and Terre Haute, but not to make speeches. On his way back he may make two or three similar stops in Ohio, but on none of these occasions will there be political speech-making by the executive.

Wrongdoing by Soldiers.

HONOLULU, Sept. 12, via San Francisco, Sept. 21.—The American soldiers in Honolulu are causing the good people of this once peaceful community much worry. Acts of vandalism are becoming frequent and General King has issued orders for a court of inquiry to investigate alleged lawless acts committed by soldiers and to assess the amount of damage caused.

Smith to Speak at Columbus.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Postmaster General Emory Smith, in addition to other political addresses, has agreed to make one at Columbus Oct. 15.

EXPLOSION THEN FIRE

Fearful Disaster In a Toledo Elevator.

TEN WERE REPORTED TO BE DEAD

Eight More Persons Received Injuries Supposed to Be Fatal—Superintendent Blown Out of a Window—Loss May Be Over \$500,000, Partially Insured.

TOLEDO, Sept. 21.—A terrible fire, thought to be due to spontaneous combustion, occurred at the grain elevator of Paddock, Hodge & Co. last night.

As far as known last night eight men were killed and probably eight fatally injured.

Some of those who were taken out after the fire started were far enough from death's door to tell many of the details.

William J. Parks, the superintendent, after being blown through the window of the lower story, was conscious for a moment, and said that about 8:30 a terrible explosion occurred on the south side of the elevator, and that he knew there were about 20 men at work on the seven floors of the enormous building. None of those who are now alive will survive the burns and bruises with which they are covered.

Besides those regularly employed at the elevator the three children of Superintendent Parks were visiting him at the time. One of these may recover from his burns, but Grace, a 17-year-old girl, is burned almost beyond recognition, and Harold, the third child, has not been found, being either blown to atoms or cremated.

William Parks was found about 20 feet from the building, frightfully burned and his clothing almost entirely torn off. He had been hurled from his place in the main room through a window and his agonizing cries were most pitiful. Another employe, John Carr, was hurled from the fifth floor of the building, and was found bleeding and burned, with many bones broken. He did not long survive. Fireman David Kemp and Charles Keifer, the engineer, were found at their places in the engine rooms. They were wounded by falling timbers and their faces were charred to a crisp by the flames.

The little daughter of William Parks, was sitting at the desk in the office at the time of the explosion and she was hurled out of the door. She walked down the elevation on which the building stands and dropped down, to be carried away unconscious, suffering from wounds from which she cannot recover. John Smith was fatally burned. He was literally disembowled and was taken to the hospital to die.

The missing men are doubtless all dead. No trace can be found of any of them, and, as they were employed at the top of the elevator, their chances for escape were but slight.

The names of the dead given were: Samuel Alexander. Bert Wainwright. Fred Garrett. Harold Parks. John Smith. Grace Parks. Frank Van Housen. John Carr. The names of the injured given were: David Kemp. Barney Welch. Charles Keifer. Fred Pargillis. Elliott. Charles Brookseeker. Everett Smith. Hamilton Parks. William J. Parks. W. C. Jordan. Peter Haast. Al Baldie. Four others, names not known.

The property and the grain is an entire loss, and may probably reach between \$500,000 and \$600,000. The insurance is \$135,000 on the building and the grain is covered with \$258,000 insurance. TOLEDO, Sept. 21.—Superintendent William Parks and one of the unknown injured men died early this morning of their injuries, making the total number of fatalities ten.

A revision of the fire loss showed five buildings and contents are valued at \$550,000. The damage to adjoining property is \$8,000.

Fatal Gas Explosion.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 21.—A gas explosion occurred in the Slope coal mine at Lisbon, 30 miles from here, Monday night. John Connelly was killed. The remainder of the night shift had narrow escapes.

To Take Nurses to Porto Rico.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The transport Berlin is expected to sail today for Porto Rico, returning via Santiago. She will carry about 30 female nurses and about as many male nurses for service in Porto Rico. A quantity of medical stores will also be shipped on the transport. The relief is expected to sail tomorrow.

John Sherman Ill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Hon. John E. Sherman has been ill, at his residence in this city from an attack of bronchitis.

THIS WEEK

we will sell about 500 pairs ladies' and gents' shoes, all styles, at about 50c per pair less than regular price.

The ladies' are vica kid, lace and button, all styles, at

\$1.50 & \$2.00

The gents' are satin calf, lace and congress, all styles, at

\$1.50 & \$2.00

W. H. GASS,
220 Diamond,

MAY YET BE NEEDED

The Eighth May See Further Service.

MAJOR VOLLRATH HAS A VIEW

He Thinks Every Man of the Command Will Be In Line and Not One Will Be Found Wanting—A Wild Story From Columbus.

Major Vollrath, of the Eighth Ohio, was in Columbus yesterday, and seems to have fallen into the hands of the newspaper boys. As a result the following story, of interest to every member of the command, has been sent out:

"Major Vollrath, of the Eighth O. V. I., says the officers of his regiment have had an unofficial intimation that the regiment would be needed again, and that a discharge at the end of the 60 days' furlough is not a certainty. Major Vollrath says in his belief the men will return to their duty without reluctance, if they are assured their services are needed.

"Our experience in Cuba was a rough one," said he. "When almost every other man was down with fever, we did not have a grain of quinine or antipyrine. Nevertheless the men were willing to stay and fight if they could get supplies.

"If the terms of peace have not been formulated when our furloughs end I expect to see the men held in service. The furloughs may be extended for a few weeks, instead of recalling the men to camps."

HOME MONEY ORDERS.

Something New In the Way to Pay Bills.

The public will greatly appreciate the convenience afforded through an order issued yesterday by First Assistant Postmaster General Heath, which authorizes postmasters to issue money orders payable at their own offices. This practice has not been heretofore followed, and the new departure will be an accommodation to the great number of people who, not having an account at a bank, desire to follow this economical and absolutely safe method in payment of bills.

These money orders may now be used, for illustration, in payment of gas bills, merchants and grocers' bills. In smaller places, the person indebted to a farmer may have an order drawn in favor of the latter, payable to him at any time, and sent to him by a neighbor who obtains and delivers the mail for the neighborhood, the entire cost, say for \$10, being but 10 cents.

LOW RIVER

Will Permit Rapid Progress on Merrill Dam.

Major W. H. Bixby, engineer in charge of the improvements of the Ohio river, is receiving bids for the removal of the coffer dam at dam 6. This dam is located at Merrill, and half of the Chanoine dam which is being built there is nearly finished.

It is expected that the work on the portion now being built will be finished in a couple of weeks. If the river remains low and the work can be prosecuted quickly, the removal of the coffer dam can be accomplished with less difficulty. As soon as the coffer dam is removed the old channel will be improved.

—Mr. and Mrs. Potter and children, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Potter, of Avondale street, for several weeks, left this morning for their home in Omaha, Neb.

HEROES AT SIBONEY TOO

Twenty-fourth Infantry's Work In the Fever Camp.

MAJOR MARKLEY'S HEROIC SPIRIT.

White Officers and Negro Privates Faced the Yellow Fever With the Same Unflinching Courage They Showed on San Juan Hill—Wonderful Record For Nursing Hard to Parallel.

Transport No. 1, the steamship Nueces, which left Santiago bay on Aug. 26, reached Montauk Point a few nights ago. She had on board the Twenty-fourth infantry, one of the negro regiments, and a detachment of the First Illinois. After the fight at San Juan hill the Twenty-fourth dropped out of sight, and for more than a month and a half it was practically lost to the world. During this time it went through an experience not easy to parallel.

In the attack on San Juan hill the black Twenty-fourth was ordered forward, to be supported by the Ninth and the Thirteenth infantry. There were more than 600 men in the regiment, and they were marched a mile and a quarter by the flank so as to take a position at the front. In performing this movement they passed the other regiments, turned and formed at the front of the hill. Back of them and to their left were high hills, from which during their march to position the nearly noiseless Mausers rained a stream of bullets. It was not till the regiment formed in the narrow valley at the foot of San Juan hill that the source of these bullets was known.

A few minutes after this preparatory formation the firing from these hills increased and the position became untenable and the blacks moved forward to the attack. This brought them within range of other positions held by the Spaniards, and from the right, from the left, from behind, from the tree tops, seemingly from all around them, came the leaden hail. Men began to fall in numbers, many shot in the right leg and the left shoulder at the same time. Few who were shot received less than two wounds, and the march up the hill was marked by the sight of tumbling, stumbling men, pitching forward in the death struggle. The Spaniards, counting on their experience with the black insurgents, had concentrated their fire on the Twenty-fourth as the weakest part of the advancing line and the regiment likely to be thrown soonest into confusion. The Twenty-fourth kept on meeting the fire from the hilltops unflinchingly, ignoring the galling cross fire, not minding the bullets that pattered on the wire fence ahead, buried themselves with spiteful speed in the mud beneath or sang in high cadence over their heads.

It took the Twenty-fourth 40 minutes to ascend San Juan hill, and in that time General Wikoff had been shot in the back, and while being carried to the rear had been shot again and killed. General Worth, his successor, was shot in the back and dragged off, and Lieutenant Colonel Liscomb, who next took command, was shot through the shoulder and carried back. On the hill Colonel Ewers took command, and the Twenty-fourth gained the trenches with a loss of 8 officers and 85 men. In the trenches Major Markley of the Twenty-fourth took command, and in the trying days that followed the battle of San Juan hill he upheld his command under vicissitudes that few officers have been called on to face.

For ten days the Twenty-fourth was on San Juan hill, relieving other commands at different points at night and returning to camp in the trenches by day. There were few shelter tents to accommodate officers and men, and the sun scorched, the rain fell and soaked both men and ground, and sleep was to be had only in the mud. It was weary, heart breaking work, this, and after a rest on the soggy hill the men resumed their duties stiffened and weak. On the tenth day an order was received for the men to move off the hill and camp and make themselves comfortable. The order was heard with satisfaction, and the regiment moved over to a hillside and began clearing the ground for a camp and prepared to have one night's good rest. Fatigued and worn out by exposure and constant duty, the men set at work with all the vim they could muster and made good progress. The camp was nearly ready at 4 p. m., when a new order was received for the regiment to proceed to Siboney at once. By 6 p. m. the men were ready to start on an all night march. The night was pitch dark, the brilliant southern stars, hidden by the trees, lending scarcely a ray to illuminate the road as the soldiers plodded along the trails over the hillsides and floundered in puddles of water and mud. It became necessary frequently for the men to grasp one another's hands to avoid being lost in the gloom or entangled in briar and undergrowth. At 3 a. m. the white tents of the hospital of Siboney could be discerned from a hilltop, and, worn out by the toils of the day and night, the men lay down on the ground and slept with cold dew settling around them.

Early that morning Major Markley went down the hill alone, poked around and found out what his command was

expected to do. That climb back to the top of the hill, where, rested his tired but uncomplaining regiment, must have been made with a sinking heart, for he had learned that his men, having fought the Spaniards so bravely, were now to be used as nurses and laborers in the yellow fever hospitals two miles up the railroad from Siboney. But if Major Markley had thoughts of discouragement he hid them well. He cheerfully announced the regiment's new duties, commented upon them as being evidence of the worth of the Twenty-fourth, laughed at the officers who might have felt weakkneed and reassured the soldier whose looks indicated that he hesitated at the test of the pesthouse. He discovered soon that he had made some progress in reassuring his command and, seizing the opportunity, called for volunteers for the yellow fever tents. Captain Augur quickly aided his commander, and 15 men volunteered from his company. This started the ball rolling, and the other captains following the example so bravely set by Captain Augur furnished the complement of 65 nurses for the yellow fever post. The detail started on their mission without a murmur, without a protest that they had been mustered in as soldiers, not as yellow fever nurses. It was a serious squad that marched out in the forenoon to take their station at the post down the railroad nevertheless. But the task before the regiment had only begun. Volunteers for burial detail, volunteers for cooks, volunteers for policing, volunteers for all manner of work attached to attending some 1,200 sick not in the yellow fever camp, were called for till more than 100 men besides the nurses were lined up for assignment.

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The Laplanders drink a great deal of smoked snow water, and one of the national drinks of the Tonquinese is ar-rack flavored with chickens' blood. The list would scarcely be complete without mention of absinthe, which may be called the national spirituous drink of France. It is a horrible compound of alcohol, anise, coriander, fennel, wormwood, indigo and sulphate of copper. It is strong, nasty and a moral and physical poison.

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The principal export from Catania is snow, in which a most lucrative trade is carried on in Malta and parts of southern Italy. It is collected during the winter in hollows in the mountains and covered with ashes to prevent its thawing. It is brought down in panniers on mules to the coast at night. The revenue derived from this source is immense and renders the Prince of Paterno one of the richest men in Sicily. Snow is the universal luxury from the highest to the lowest rank and is sold at the rate of 4 cents for 80 ounces. The poorest cobbler there would rather deprive himself of his dinner than of his glass of "acqua gelata."

It is extensively used in hospitals and a scarcity of it would be considered almost as great a misfortune as a famine and would occasion popular tumult. To guard against such accidents the government at Naples has made the providing of it a monopoly, the contractors being required to give security to the amount of 60,000 ducats, which sum is forfeited if it can be proved that for one hour the supply has not been equal to the demand.

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It is not only likely, but almost absolutely certain, that an overwhelming majority of the respectable Cuban population has come swiftly round to the conviction that the permanent peace and prosperity of the island can only be assured by annexation to the United States. A popular vote on that proposition would without doubt show an immense majority in its favor, the former pro-Spanish party recognizing in it its only protection against the insurgents, who are quite as cruel and savage as their oppressors were while they had power so to be. "Annexation," says a recent Havana letter in the London Times, "which nine-tenths of the inhabitants desire because they dread independence above all things, seems to be the only solution that will bring peace to the war wasted land."—New York Tribune.

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Angelic Acid.

Apropos of acids, there is an angelic acid, obtained from that most graceful of our umbelliferous plants, cultivated in England in the sixteenth century as a pot herb and still used as a candied sweetmeat. From this "herb angelick," or "root of the Holy Ghost," whose fragrance was reputed good against poison and pestilence, was also distilled a perfume, charmingly named angel water, affected by the beauties of the seventeenth century. "I met," says Sedley, "the prettiest creature in New Springgarden. Angel water was the worst scent about her."—Cornhill Magazine.

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Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THIS WEEK

we will sell about 500 pairs ladies' and gents' shoes, all styles, at about 50c per pair less than regular price.

The ladies' are vica kid, lace and button, all styles, at

\$1.50 & \$2.00

The gents' are satin calf, lace and congress, all styles, at

\$1.50 & \$2.00

W. H. GASS,
220 Diamond,

MAY YET BE NEEDED

The Eighth May See Further Service.

MAJOR VOLLRATH HAS A VIEW

He Thinks Every Man of the Command Will Be In Line and Not One Will Be Found Wanting—A Wild Story From Columbus.

Major Vollrath, of the Eighth Ohio, was in Columbus yesterday, and seems to have fallen into the hands of the newspaper boys. As a result the following story, of interest to every member of the command, has been sent out:

"Major Vollrath, of the Eighth O. V. I., says the officers of his regiment have had an unofficial intimation that the regiment would be needed again, and that a discharge at the end of the 60 days' furlough is not a certainty. Major Vollrath says in his belief the men will return to their duty without reluctance, if they are assured their services are needed.

"Our experience in Cuba was a rough one," said he. "When almost every other man was down with fever, we did not have a grain of quinine or antipyrine. Nevertheless the men were willing to stay and fight if they could get supplies.

"If the terms of peace have not been formulated when our furloughs end I expect to see the men held in service. The furloughs may be extended for a few weeks, instead of recalling the men to camps."

HOME MONEY ORDERS.

Something New in the Way to Pay Bills.

The public will greatly appreciate the convenience afforded through an order issued yesterday by First Assistant Postmaster General Heath, which authorizes postmasters to issue money orders payable at their own offices. This practice has not been heretofore followed, and the new departure will be an accommodation to the great number of people who, not having an account at a bank, desire to follow this economical and absolutely safe method in payment of bills.

These money orders may now be used, for illustration, in payment of gas bills, merchants and grocers' bills. In smaller places, the person indebted to a farmer may have an order drawn in favor of the latter, payable to him at any time, and sent to him by a neighbor who obtains and delivers the mail for the neighborhood, the entire cost, say for \$10, being but 10 cents.

LOW RIVER

Will Permit Rapid Progress on Merrill Dam.

Major W. H. Bixby, engineer in charge of the improvements of the Ohio river, is receiving bids for the removal of the coffer dam at dam 6. This dam is located at Merrill, and half of the Chanoine dam which is being built there is nearly finished.

It is expected that the work on the portion now being built will be finished in a couple of weeks. If the river remains low and the work can be prosecuted quickly, the removal of the coffer dam can be accomplished with less difficulty. As soon as the coffer dam is removed the old channel will be improved.

—Mr. and Mrs. Potter and children, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Potter, of Avondale street, for several weeks, left this morning for their home in Omaha, Neb.

HEROES AT SIBONEY TOO

Twenty-fourth Infantry's Work In the Fever Camp.

MAJOR MARKLEY'S HEROIC SPIRIT.

White Officers and Negro Privates Faced the Yellow Fever With the Same Unflinching Courage They Showed on San Juan Hill—Wonderful Record For Nursing Hard to Parallel.

Transport No. 1, the steamship Nueces, which left Santiago bay on Aug. 26, reached Montauk Point a few nights ago. She had on board the Twenty-fourth infantry, one of the negro regiments, and a detachment of the First Illinois. After the fight at San Juan hill the Twenty-fourth dropped out of sight, and for more than a month and a half it was practically lost to the world. During this time it went through an experience not easy to parallel.

In the attack on San Juan hill the black Twenty-fourth was ordered forward, to be supported by the Ninth and the Thirteenth infantry. There were more than 600 men in the regiment, and they were marched a mile and a quarter by the flank so as to take a position at the front. In performing this movement they passed the other regiments, turned and formed at the front of the hill. Back of them and to their left were high hills, from which during their march to position the nearly noiseless Mausers rained a stream of bullets. It was not till the regiment formed in the narrow valley at the foot of San Juan hill that the source of these bullets was known.

A few minutes after this preparatory formation the firing from these hills increased and the position became untenable and the blacks moved forward to the attack. This brought them within range of other positions held by the Spaniards, and from the right, from the left, from behind, from the tree tops, seemingly from all around them, came the leaden hail. Men began to fall in numbers, many shot in the right leg and the left shoulder at the same time. Few who were shot received less than two wounds, and the march up the hill was marked by the sight of tumbling, stumbling men, pitching forward in the death struggle. The Spaniards, counting on their experience with the black insurgents, had concentrated their fire on the Twenty-fourth as the weakest part of the advancing line and the regiment likely to be thrown soonest into confusion. The Twenty-fourth kept on meeting the fire from the hilltops unflinchingly, ignoring the galling cross fire, not minding the bullets that pattered on the wire fence ahead, buried themselves with spiteful speed in the mud beneath or sang in high cadence over their heads.

It took the Twenty-fourth 40 minutes to ascend San Juan hill, and in that time General Wikoff had been shot in the back, and while being carried to the rear had been shot again and killed. General Worth, his successor, was shot in the back and dragged off, and Lieutenant Colonel Liscomb, who next took command, was shot through the shoulder and carried back. On the hill Colonel Ewers took command, and the Twenty-fourth gained the trenches with a loss of 8 officers and 85 men. In the trenches Major Markley of the Twenty-fourth took command, and in the trying days that followed the battle of San Juan hill he upheld his command under vicissitudes that few officers have been called on to face.

For ten days the Twenty-fourth was on San Juan hill, relieving other commands at different points at night and returning to camp in the trenches by day. There were few shelter tents to accommodate officers and men, and the sun scorched, the rain fell and soaked both men and ground, and sleep was to be had only in the mud. It was weary, heart breaking work, this, and after a rest on the soggy hill the men resumed their duties stiffened and weak. On the tenth day an order was received for the men to move off the hill and camp and make themselves comfortable. The order was heard with satisfaction, and the regiment moved over to a hillside and began clearing the ground for a camp and prepared to have one night's good rest. Fatigued and worn out by exposure and constant duty, the men set at work with all the vim they could muster and made good progress. The camp was nearly ready at 4 p. m., when a new order was received for the regiment to proceed to Siboney at once. By 6 p. m. the men were ready to start on an all night march. The night was pitch dark, the brilliant southern stars, hidden by the trees, lending scarcely a ray to illuminate the road as the soldiers plodded along the trails over the hillsides and floundered in puddles of water and mud. It became necessary frequently for the men to grasp one another's hands to avoid being lost in the gloom or entangled in briar and undergrowth. At 8 a. m. the white tents of the hospital at Siboney could be discerned from a hilltop, and, worn out by the toils of the day and night, the men lay down on the ground and slept with cold dew settling around them.

Early that morning Major Markley went down the hill alone, poked around and found out what his command was

expected to do. That climb back to the top of the hill, where, rested his tired but uncomplaining regiment, must have been made with a sinking heart, for he had learned that his men, having fought the Spaniards so bravely, were now to be used as nurses and laborers in the yellow fever hospitals two miles up the railroad from Siboney. But if Major Markley had thoughts of discouragement he hid them well. He cheerfully announced the regiment's new duties, commented upon them as being evidence of the worth of the Twenty-fourth, laughed at the officers who might have felt weakkneed and reassured the soldier whose looks indicated that he hesitated at the test of the pesthouse. He discovered soon that he had made some progress in reassuring his command and, seizing the opportunity, called for volunteers for the yellow fever tents. Captain Augur quickly aided his commander, and 15 men volunteered from his company. This started the ball rolling, and the other captains following the example so bravely set by Captain Augur furnished the complement of 65 nurses for the yellow fever post. The detail started on their mission without a murmur, without a protest that they had been mustered in as soldiers, not as yellow fever nurses. It was a serious squad that marched out in the forenoon to take their station at the post down the railroad nevertheless. But the task before the regiment had only begun. Volunteers for burial detail, volunteers for cooks, volunteers for policing, volunteers for all manner of work attached to attending some 1,200 sick not in the yellow fever camp, were called for till more than 100 men besides the nurses were lined up for assignment.

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WELLSVILLE.

PROGRAM IS COMPLETE

Soldiers Will Be Given a Rousing Reception.

THEY WILL EAT TO GOOD MUSIC

The Arrangements Provide For a Pleasant Evening—Horse and Buggy Stolen, and Police Are After Suspects—All the News of Wellsville.

The committee having in charge the banquet for Company E, met last night at the Grand Army hall and completed arrangements. The following program will be carried out:

Music.....Starrett's orchestra
Address of welcome.....Mayor Dennis
America.....Audience
Prayer.....Rev. H. N. Miller
Supper.....The Soldiers
Overture.....War Songs, Orchestra
Solo.....Mrs. Duck
Music.....Orchestra
Solo.....Miss Minerva Ingram
Solo.....Frank Kelley
Solo.....Miss Florence Everson
Solo.....Walter Burnett

Stole a Horse.

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New seeded Raisins, per lb.....10c
New large Cal. Raisins, per lb.....5c
New Buckwheat, 8 lb for.....25c
New Corn Meal, 15 lb for.....25c
New Hominy, 15 lb for.....25c
Rolled Oats, 8 lb for.....25c
Oat Meal, 8 lb for.....25c
Fresh Ginger Snaps, per lb.....5c
Fresh Butter Crackers, per lb.....5c
Fresh Oyster Crackers, per lb.....5c
Fresh Wine Cakes, per lb.....7c
Fresh Lunch Cakes, per pound.....10c
Full size Wash Boards, each.....10c
3 Tie Brooms, each.....10c
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It is doubtful if any office in the navy, aside from an absolute command, involves so vast a responsibility as that of navigator of a man-of-war. The duties of this important station in former years fell to officers of the rank of master, but with the abolition of that grade its affairs devolved upon the lieutenants holding the highest numbers on the list. Upon the navigator of a warship depends not only the task of shaping the vessel's course for any point across the seas to which her destinies may direct her, but also the responsibility of piloting her in and out of harbor and of selecting a safe anchorage for her in every port visited during the period of her cruise. Hence, it follows that, combined with a thorough nautical training, the competent navigator must be possessed of a vast fund of geographical, meteorological and hydrographical knowledge. While at sea, he must know the vessel's position to a degree, which necessitates his taking frequent observations of the celestial bodies and making solutions of intricate problems in geometry and trigonometry, such as constantly arise through deviations, brought about by innumerable causes, from her given course.

Unquestionably the most important element in navigation, because of its infallibility under ordinary conditions, in determining the latitude, longitude and error in the ship's compass, is what is known in maritime phraseology as "nautical astronomy." With the aid of a sextant or quadrant for measuring the altitude of the heavenly bodies above the horizon or their distance from each other, a timepiece to mark the instant of an observation, a chronometer to show the time at the first meridian, a nautical almanac and an azimuth compass, the navigator can readily determine his position with the utmost exactitude.

The average voyage is more or less characterized by erroneous estimates in distances sailed, in varying currents, careless steering, deviation in the compass and numerous other obstacles, and upon the navigator rests the responsibility of adjusting such errors. In long passages across the open sea the navigator is governed by a rather complex combination of motives, which may be summed up as follows: To cover the required distance in the shortest space of time with the smallest expenditure of fuel and the least wear and tear of the vessel that is possible.

With these objects in view the navigator must prior to sailing superintend personally the stowing of the hold, the arrangement of ballast, water, provisions, stores, etc., and the inspection and adjustment of the motive appliances of the ship, all of which features, severally and collectively, greatly affect her speed and seaworthiness.

If his vessel possesses the facilities for making sail, he must while at sea exercise the keenest judgment and foresight as to utilizing the same, for sail used to good advantage is a great saver of coal, while otherwise, if used indiscriminately, it may entail much loss of time. The expert navigator draws the line with exceeding fineness between a high fair wind and a gale, making the most of the former as long as his vessel is not jeopardized, heaving her to at just the proper period and getting under way again at the first sign of moderation in the weather. The commander of a warship reposes the utmost confidence in a skilled and careful navigator and rarely interferes with his plans. Another of the numerous details coming under the navigator's supervision is the keeping of the ship's log. This is commenced by him at the time the vessel is placed in commission, and its pages record the events of each succeeding day. There is absolutely nothing which transpires officially on board of a man-of-war that is not written in the log, and each day the navigator must carry it to the commanding officer for his inspection. At the expiration of every six months the ship's log must be closed and forwarded to the navy department at Washington, where it is placed among the records.

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WELLSVILLE.

PROGRAM IS COMPLETE

Soldiers Will Be Given a Rousing Reception.

THEY WILL EAT TO GOOD MUSIC

The Arrangements Provide For a Pleasant Evening—Horse and Buggy Stolen, and Police Are After Suspects—All the News of Wellsville.

The committee having in charge the banquet for Company E, met last night at the Grand Army hall and completed arrangements. The following program will be carried out:

Music.....Starrett's orchestra
Address of welcome.....Mayor Dennis
America.....Audience
Prayer.....Rev. H. N. Miller
Supper.....The Soldiers
Overture.....War Songs, Orchestra
Solo.....Mrs. Duck
Music.....Orchestra
Solo.....Miss Minerva Ingram
Solo.....Frank Kelley
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The News Review

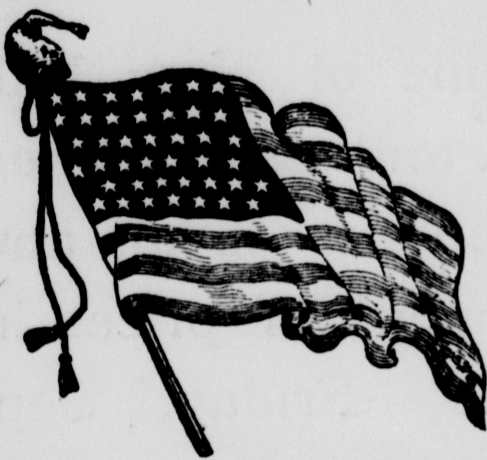
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor
 [Entered as second class matter at the East
 Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months.....1 25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21.



UNION PAPERS.
 All Union papers of East Liverpool are
 known to the various craft and unions of
 the city by the printing of the above
 Union Labels at the head of their columns



UNCLE SAM, realizing the war is over,
 is now awakening to the fact that gen-
 erals, as well as privates, should be mus-
 tered out of service, a very sensible
 idea.

WHEN our big battleships and cruis-
 ers reach Manila, even those European
 nations with a mania for seizing advan-
 tageous ports in that part of the world
 will change their policy, for by this
 action President McKinley shows he is
 preparing for any trouble they may de-
 sire to make.

WHILE Major Vollrath may know
 that every member of the Eighth would
 continue in the government service pro-
 vided they are needed, yet their friends
 cannot understand why they, after pass-
 ing through the sufferings and hardships
 of the Santiago campaign, should be
 asked to remain soldiers. The people
 think our boys have done their duty.

CIVIL SERVICE CHANGE.

The announcement that President
 McKinley will soon issue an order by
 which some 45,000 persons now under
 the protection of civil service rules will
 be displaced by Republicans, will doubt-
 less cause gratification. It will be
 readily remembered that Grover Cleve-
 land, when in office, used his every
 effort to retain Democrats in position
 even though he knew he must in time
 depart, and the work to be done now
 will simply throw down the machine he
 would have raised. The opponents of
 President McKinley cannot raise their
 voices in loud objection, for have they
 not for many years been repeating the
 time worn assertion that the victors
 should have the spoils?

ENDORSED THE PRESIDENT.

It is cheering to know that the East
 Ohio conference unanimously endorsed
 President McKinley before its adjourn-
 ment, the ministers not only supporting
 the resolution, but showing their anxiety
 days before it came before the session.

In this instance the endorsement comes
 from the heart. Many men who now
 occupy pulpits as Methodist ministers
 were among the boys who went forth
 to fight in the civil war and they have
 not forgotten that President McKinley
 was one of their number. They have
 carefully watched his wise, patriotic
 policy during the past few months, and
 know he has not only done his best, but
 that his actions have been those of an
 American. President McKinley will
 doubtless cherish that endorsement as
 the sentiment of men he knows, while
 his friends will hail it as recognition of
 his good sense and patriotism.

NO FACTIONS.

The attempt of the Democrats to fight
 this campaign on the strength of the
 fact that there are factions in the Re-
 publican party in Ohio, should be made
 a complete and inglorious failure. There
 have been factions, it is true. Leaders
 have abused each other and the war has
 been carried on until the attention of
 the entire country was attracted, but
 the people have had little part in the
 contest. They have from the start
 watched the battle with little sympathy
 for men who attack their own party,
 yet declare they are members of that
 party. The rank and file of the party

are Republicans. They have nothing
 to do with private grievances. They
 know the principles for which the party
 stands, and are ready, as in the past, to
 stand by those principles because they
 know them to form that word which
 means so much, Republicanism.

A BANQUET

Will Be Tendered Sons of Veterans Who
 Went to the Front.

The Sons of Veterans held an inter-
 esting meeting last evening and initiated
 one candidate and decided to order sev-
 eral new uniforms.

A committee was appointed to make
 arrangements for a banquet next Tues-
 day evening to be given the members of
 Company E who are also members of
 the order. An elaborate program will
 be arranged, and the banquet will be
 one of the finest ever served in the city.
 Ira G. Mushrush, a member of the com-
 pany who is a member of the Toronto
 Sons of Veterans, will be invited to
 attend.

MADE SOME MONEY.

Final Report of the Labor Day Committee
 Prepared.

The Labor day committee met last
 evening, and heard the final reports
 from the various sub-committees and
 also completed their report to be pre-
 sented to Trades council.

It will show that 5,628 people were in
 attendance at the park the day of the
 celebration, while the total receipts
 from all sources amounted to \$859.10,
 leaving a balance in the treasury of
 about \$450 after all expenses were paid.

The committee extended a vote of
 thanks to all persons who assisted in
 making the celebration a success, and
 adjourned.

ABILITY RECOGNIZED.

News Review Advertisement Received
 Commendation.

Gibson's Clothing Gazette, one of the
 leading trade papers of the country, re-
 cently contained a reproduction of an
 advertisement that was first set up and
 appeared in the NEWS REVIEW. It is
 given as one of the handsomest adver-
 tisements printed in the country that
 week.

The compliment is highly appreciated
 by Mr. William Erlanger, whose busi-
 ness it advertised, and by Foreman
 William Carpenter of the NEWS REVIEW
 composing room. The NEWS REVIEW
 employs none but the best talent.

MRS. TAYLOR RESIGNED.

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25c and 50c.
 All Druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO.

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 greatly assist the ladies in their
 work. It is intimated that if the com-
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 position of the money they would favor
 it going to the hospital.

CURE FOR ASTHMA.

Discovery of a Leading Physician—A
 Public Test Will Be Made Tomor-
 row at Hamilton's Drug Store.

All day tomorrow free sample pack-
 ages of the celebrated "Schiffmann's
 Asthma cure" will be given away at W.
 O. Hamilton's drug store, corner Fifth
 and Market streets.

The doctor wants each sufferer from
 Asthma, Hay Fever or Bronchitis in
 this city to call and get one. When
 asked regarding his reasons for giving
 his remedy away in this manner, he
 said: "People are naturally skeptical
 about an asthma remedy, and when you
 consider the number of so called 'cures'
 on the market you can hardly blame
 them. Now I claim that my Cure cures.
 It will instantly relieve the most violent
 attack. It has permanently cured
 thousands who had been considered in-
 curable. If I did not believe it why
 should I be giving it away? The suf-
 ferer who gets a sample package can tell
 in two minutes whether it is as I rep-
 resent it, and it doesn't cost him a cent.
 That is fair isn't it?"

It certainly does not look as if any-
 thing could be fairer. Those living out
 of town can get a free sample by writ-
 ing their name and address (only) on a
 post card addressed Dr. R. Schiffmann,
 315 Rosabel street, St. Paul, Minn., up
 to Sept. 30; not later.

On the River.

Only two feet of water are in the
 Ohio at Davis island dam. This is the
 lowest stage of water in a long while.
 It is without precedent this year. Prac-
 tically nothing is being done on the
 streams. In many places down the
 Ohio and up the Monongahela and Alle-
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 from fever, and during his illness has
 been very low.

In our tailoring department we are
 taking more orders. Satisfaction and
 prices bring this result.

JOSEPH BROS'.

SHOES bought at
 Bendheim's give
 satisfaction . . .

The Economical Shoe Buyer

is the one that
 sees to it--



FIRST--That the Shoes are Good Quality.

SECOND--That they are Reasonably Priced.

That the shoes we sell are good quality
 knowing ones will not doubt--that they
 are reasonably priced even our com-
 petitors are forced to admit.

FALL SHOES.

WE are now showing a complete stock of
 early Fall Shoes, and at the same time are
 selling the balance of our summer stock at
 prices which makes every pair an unparalleled
 bargain. It's to your interest to see us when
 you want shoes.

BENDHEIM'S.



**STRONG
 AGAIN!**

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

Sexine Pills

vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients
 are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death.
 Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the
 money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, **PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.**

For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

They have stood the test of years,
 and have cured thousands of
 cases of Nervous Diseases, such
 as Debility, Dizziness, Sleepless-
 ness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c.
 They clear the brain, strengthen
 the circulation, make digestion
 perfect, and impart a healthy
 appearance.

Where Money Is Very Mixed.

Although all accounts are kept in
 dollars and cents (American standard)
 in British Guiana, there is no existing
 coinage to correspond. Gold is rarely
 tendered, all larger sums being handled
 in bank notes, kept so long in circula-
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The silver coinage consists of the
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 into circulation. These are known as
 the "bitt" (4d.), "half bitt," the "two
 bitts," the "gilder" (being 32 cents, or
 1s. 4d.), and even a peculiar three half-
 penny piece is still extant, although
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All these coins are of great and in-
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 "The most prominent educators of the
 land admit this fact. Every effort is
 undoubtedly made to better prevailing
 systems. But the fight is single handed.
 As teachers and educators constantly
 say: 'We are alone. Parents give us no
 assistance. They do not even give us the
 benefit of ordinary interest.' And
 this is true—lamentably true. Parents
 are all too lax about the methods pur-
 sued in educating their children. In
 hundreds of cases they do not even know
 what the methods are. They know
 nothing about them. There is no co-op-
 eration of the parent with the teacher.
 However much we may be able to im-
 prove modern methods of education, the
 best results to our children cannot be
 reached until parent and teacher shall
 come into closer relations than they are
 at present."

Awakening France.

The czar's peace dream will go to
 sleep for awhile till the Dreyfus vision
 passes by.—Baltimore News.

Melba's First Appearance.

Mme. Melba recently gave an inter-
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 Australia," she said, "when, notwith-
 standing the persistent discouragement
 of my father, who was averse to the
 idea of a singer's career for me, I en-
 gaged a hall and sent round a notice to
 all my friends. Unfortunately somebody
 mentioned the little scheme to my fa-
 ther, and he, furious at my clandestine
 enterprise, begged every one of his ac-
 quaintances to uphold his parental au-
 thority by ignoring the performance.
 But I wasn't disheartened, and at the
 hour announced for the commencement
 of my concert stepped on to the plat-
 form—to find myself face to face with
 an audience of two. And nobody else
 came."

A Hard Pie.

That German was a delight, her cook-
 ery was often vile, but she was amus-
 ing. Her first efforts at pastry making
 were lamentable. "Margarete, what
 was the matter with the apple tart?
 The crust was like a stone." "Oh,
 madame, I worked so hard. I said to
 myself, 'Now ze harerder I voork ze bet-
 ter it will be,' so I rolled and I rolled,
 and I used all my strengzt, and now it
 is von stone."

One morning Margarete bounces into
 my room and bursts out in an injured
 voice, "Madame, does our coachman be-
 long to my towel?" At last I discover
 that she refers to the round towel in the
 scullery, on which the offender had
 wiped his hands in passing.—Cornhill
 Magazine.

In fasting feats the sect of Jains, in
 India, is far ahead of all rivals. Fasts
 of from 30 to 40 days are not uncom-
 mon.

FRANK HUGO

Has removed his shoe shop from West
 Market street to corner Fourth and Mar-
 ket streets, No. 181.

PRICE LIST.

Men's shoes half soled and heeled, sewed.....	\$1 00
Men's shoes half soled and heeled, nailed.....	70
Ladies' shoes half soled.....	50
Boys' shoes half soled.....	40
Misses shoes half soled.....	40
Children's shoes half soled.....	30

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ALL the News in the
 News Review.

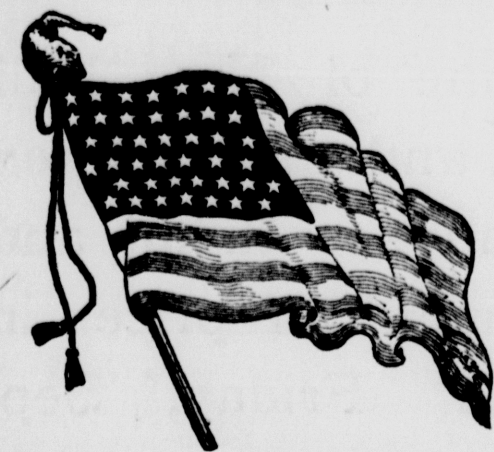
The News Review

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor
 [Entered as second class matter at the East
 Liverpool, O., postoffice]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months.....1 25
 By the Week.....10
 EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21.



UNION PAPERS.
 All Union papers of East Liverpool are
 known to the various craft and unions of
 the city by the printing of the above
 Union Labels at the head of their columns



UNCLE SAM, realizing the war is over,
 is now awakening to the fact that gen-
 erals, as well as privates, should be mus-
 tered out of service, a very sensible
 idea.

WHEN our big battleships and cruis-
 ers reach Manila, even those European
 nations with a mania for seizing advan-
 tageous ports in that part of the world
 will change their policy, for by this
 action President McKinley shows he is
 preparing for any trouble they may de-
 sire to make.

WHILE Major Vollrath may know
 that every member of the Eighth would
 continue in the government service pro-
 vided they are needed, yet their friends
 cannot understand why they, after pass-
 ing through the sufferings and hardships
 of the Santiago campaign, should be
 asked to remain soldiers. The people
 think our boys have done their duty.

CIVIL SERVICE CHANGE.

The announcement that President
 McKinley will soon issue an order by
 which some 45,000 persons now under
 the protection of civil service rules will
 be displaced by Republicans, will doubt-
 less cause gratification. It will be
 readily remembered that Grover Cleve-
 land, when in office, used his every
 effort to retain Democrats in position
 even though he knew he must in time
 depart, and the work to be done now
 will simply throw down the machine he
 would have raised. The opponents of
 President McKinley cannot raise their
 voices in loud objection, for have they
 not for many years been repeating the
 time worn assertion that the victors
 should have the spoils?

ENDORSED THE PRESIDENT.

It is cheering to know that the East
 Ohio conference unanimously endorsed
 President McKinley before its adjourn-
 ment, the ministers not only supporting
 the resolution, but showing their anxiety
 days before it came before the session.

In this instance the endorsement comes
 from the heart. Many men who now
 occupy pulpits as Methodist ministers
 were among the boys who went forth
 to fight in the civil war and they have
 not forgotten that President McKinley
 was one of their number. They have
 carefully watched his wise, patriotic
 policy during the past few months, and
 know he has not only done his best, but
 that his actions have been those of an
 American. President McKinley will
 doubtless cherish that endorsement as
 the sentiment of men he knows, while
 his friends will hail it as recognition of
 his good sense and patriotism.

NO FACTIONS.

The attempt of the Democrats to fight
 this campaign on the strength of the
 fact that there are factions in the Re-
 publican party in Ohio, should be made
 a complete and inglorious failure. There
 have been factions, it is true. Leaders
 have abused each other and the war has
 been carried on until the attention of
 the entire country was attracted, but
 the people have had little part in the
 contest. They have from the start
 watched the battle with little sympathy
 for men who attack their own party,
 yet declare they are members of that
 party. The rank and file of the party

are Republicans. They have nothing
 to do with private grievances. They
 know the principles for which the party
 stands, and are ready, as in the past, to
 stand by those principles because they
 know them to form that word which
 means so much, Republicanism.

A BANQUET

Will Be Tendered Sons of Veterans Who
 Went to the Front.

The Sons of Veterans held an inter-
 esting meeting last evening and initiated
 one candidate and decided to order sev-
 eral new uniforms.

A committee was appointed to make
 arrangements for a banquet next Tues-
 day evening to be given the members of
 Company E who are also members of
 the order. An elaborate program will
 be arranged, and the banquet will be
 one of the finest ever served in the city.
 Ira G. Mushrush, a member of the com-
 pany who is a member of the Toronto
 Sons of Veterans, will be invited to
 attend.

MADE SOME MONEY.

Final Report of the Labor Day Committee
 Prepared.

The Labor day committee met last
 evening, and heard the final reports
 from the various sub-committees and
 also completed their report to be pre-
 sented to Trades council.

It will show that 5,628 people were in
 attendance at the park the day of the
 celebration, while the total receipts
 from all sources amounted to \$859.10,
 leaving a balance in the treasury of
 about \$450 after all expenses were paid.

The committee extended a vote of
 thanks to all persons who assisted in
 making the celebration a success, and
 adjourned.

ABILITY RECOGNIZED.

News Review Advertisement Received
 Commendation.

Gibson's Clothing Gazette, one of the
 leading trade papers of the country, re-
 cently contained a reproduction of an
 advertisement that was first set up and
 appeared in the NEWS REVIEW. It is
 given as one of the handsomest adver-
 tisements printed in the country that
 week.

The compliment is highly appreciated
 by Mr. William Erlanger, whose busi-
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JOSEPH WEBBER FINED

He Paid \$100 and Costs This Morning

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SHE DIED THIS MORNING

Flora M. Carman Was Bitten
by a Dog

ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF AUGUST

Nothing Was Thought of It Then, but
Last Night She Became Violent, and In
Spite of the Exertions of Two Doctors
Passed Away.

Flora M. Carman lies dead at the
home of her father, A. O. Carman, 124
Union street, having been bitten by a
dog about the middle of August.

The child, aged 12, was playing in the
yard when the dog, a family pet, and
snapped at her, biting her leg near the
ankle. It was only a scratch and
but little attention was given the matter.
Two weeks ago the child became ill, and
fearing the bite was responsible the
dog was drowned. She continued to
grow worse until Monday, when her
condition was considered critical. Yes-
terday she was seized with convulsions,
and it became apparent to her friends
that she could not live. Doctor Ikirt
and Doctor Norris held a consultation
and did all in their power, but it was a
clear case of hydrophobia, and early
this morning the child died.

The funeral will take place tomorrow
afternoon at 2 o'clock. Doctor Lee will
officiate, and interment will be made at
Riverview.

TOMORROW

Will the Trial of William Cornelius Take
Place.

Deputy Tom Oughton was busy yes-
terday afternoon and today serving
subpoenas upon witnesses who are ex-
pected to testify in the case of William
Cornelius, the Wellsville printer who is
charged with shooting with intent to
kill.

A number of Liverpool people have
been summoned, while a still greater
number of Wellsville witnesses will be
present.

BIG BUSINESS AGAIN.

Much Crockery Being Shipped From the
City.

The fall trade has commenced in
earnest, and while the officials of the
Cleveland and Pittsburgh do not give out
the amount of each day's shipments, it
is known that they have been steadily
increasing until now the force at the
freight depot have their hands full.

Shipments have not yet attained the
proportions of last year, but they are
much larger than during the spring or
summer.

NEWS REVIEW

Brings Forth Favorable Mention From
Mr. Ink, of Canton.

Mr. H. H. Ink, of Canton, paid this
office a pleasant visit today. Mr. Ink is
interested in the popular sore throat
remedy, Tonsiline, and is making con-
tracts for their advertising the coming
season. In renewing contract with the
REVIEW Mr. Ink states Tonsiline has
had a very large sale in East Liver-
pool the past year, and he credits the
NEWS REVIEW with being the most im-
portant factor in producing such satis-
factory returns.

CHILD LABOR.

The Law Is Being Enforced In
Factories.

The state building inspector has issued
an order to all factories of the state,
calling their attention to the law passed
last winter regarding child labor.

The law provided that all minors
under the age of 14 will be required to
attend school. Employers are warned
against keeping them in their employ
as being contrary to the law. The fall
opening of schools all over the state
gave rise to the order.

Immense Business.

Fred B. Sankey, assistant general
traveling passenger agent of the Penn-
sylvania lines west of Pittsburgh, spent
last evening in the city.

He was seen by a reporter and said
that the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road
enjoyed an immense business this sum-
mer, and that the receipts for the month
of August showed a very large increase
over those of last year.

Sent Children Home.

A number of children playing about
the Second street station last night were
promptly ejected by a special officer of
the company. The platform is a bad
place for children and their parents
should see that they are kept away from
the railroad.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright
bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at
News Review.

NONTREATING CLUB.

Institution Organized in Chicago to
Remedy the Treating Nuisance.

A nontreating club has recently been
formed in Chicago, the members of
which pledge themselves not to treat
anybody. "In a short time," says the
Chicago Tribune, "chapters will exist
in every large city from Maine to Cali-
fornia. Five thousand buttons and cards
were issued the first few days, 10,000
more buttons have been ordered, and the
demand at present is greater than the
supply. The organizers and promoters
of the club are some of the general and
traveling passenger agents located at
Chicago, the chief among them being
Elliott T. Monett, general western pas-
senger agent of the New York, Ontario
and Western railroad and president of
the American Association of Traveling
Passenger Agents."

"The treating business," says Mr.
Monett, "has got to stop. The men of
our profession know every Tom, Dick
and Harry from the Atlantic to the Pa-
cific. We go into a place to get a drink.
Before we can leave we have had half
a dozen or more drinks that we either
have had to take as a treat or pay for
others. It has got to be such a nuisance
that a remedy had to be found, and
from the immense popularity of our
scheme I believe we have struck the
right thing."

When Hungry In China.

There was a painful lack of variety
in our food. Men dying of thirst spend
their last hour in thinking of iced
champagne, sherry cobbler, cocktails
and drafts of beer, whiskies and sodas,
dead horses' heads or whatever their
particular beverage may be. We gas-
tronomically fooled ourselves to the top
of our bent. "I think," one would say,
"when we get to the Hotel de Paris to-
night we'll have a nice little French
dinner of six courses, with coffee and
green chartreuse to wind up with." "Well,"
another would remark, "I
should be content with some soup, a
little fish, a slice of beef and some tart."
"Chops and tomato sauce for me," mur-
mured a third, oblivious of the fact
that befell Mr. Pickwick, who had a
similar desire.

Then we would reach a slimy, be-
grimed village, creep into a smelling
hut and make our dinner of pork and
rice, or rice and pork when we desired
to vary the menu. But one night, at a
spot called Taiping-pu, when we called
for the perennial pork we were inform-
ed we could not be supplied. "No
pork," we exclaimed, "no pork in
China! Why, Chinamen are three parts
pork." Then we were told we were in
a Mussulman village, where swine were
an abomination, but we could have salt
beef. We jumped joyfully at the salt
beef, so called, though we knew per-
fectly well it was nothing else but stale,
unprofitable, sinewy wild goat.—Travel

A Day to the Cause.

Mrs. De Gadd—I heard the awfulest
things about Mr. De Good today. They
say he steals the church funds.

Mr. De G.—Nonsense.

"Oh, I've no doubt it's true. Mrs.
Veragood, that horrid young widow,
you know, seems to be infatuated with
him, and I shouldn't wonder a bit if
they'd pawn the communion service for
a bridal outfit. By the way, Mrs. Fine-
soul has not been out of the house for a
week, and people think her husband
has been beating her, but that isn't a
circumstance to the way they talk about
Mrs. Highmind. I saw her on the street
today, and she said she felt sick, but
most likely she'd been on an opium de-
bauch. She has her husband's collars
and cuffs washed at a Chinese laundry,
and she's been seen to go there for them
herself. Oh, she's a terror! Mrs. High-
up's husband has been away for two
weeks, and I've got my opinion about
it too. People say Mrs. Tiptop's hired
girl left two weeks ago, the very day
Mr.—"

"See here! Where did you hear all
this?"

"I've been out collecting money for
the heathen."—New York Weekly

The Decay of the Dandy.

Brummel went to prison for debt,
but came out again to resume his fop-
peries. His friends made him a small
allowance of £120 per annum—equal at
Caen to £300—but he could not be ex-
pected to live on such a pittance. When
he had not 4 francs in the world, he
would order boot polish at 5 francs a
bottle from Paris and call the trades-
man who supplied it "a scoundrel" for
venturing to ask for his money. In the
end his intellect gave way. He lost his
memory and much of his little mind.

He grew slovenly and careless, yet to
the last clung to his eau de cologne and
some other luxuries. Finally, his mind
all gone, he was removed to a charity
hospital, being now reduced to the ut-
most impoverishment and content to
change his linen once a month, instead
of three times a day, as of old. Here he
died, under the care of sisters of char-
ity, on March 30, 1840. Thus ended the
striking career of perhaps the most
worthless fop whom history records, his
death being a fitting termination to his
useless life.—Lippincott's.

An Old English Firm.

For more than 300 years a drapery
business has been carried on in the same
building at Sheffield, under the title of
the Sign of the Crowne, and since 1750
the business has been conducted by one
family.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the
celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron
Brand). To induce you to try this brand of
starch, so that you may find out for yourself
that all claims for its superiority and econ-
omy are true, the makers have had prepared,
at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given
you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below.
These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of
advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No
manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its
customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in
the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each
Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

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TWENTY-TWO MILLION
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ASK YOUR DEALER
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no substitute.

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They can be obtained only from your
grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer
is for a short time only.

Good Chance to Visit the East.

Persons going to Pittsburgh over Penn-
sylvania lines on cheap tickets to be sold
via that route Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive, ac-
count Knights Templar conclave will
have the privilege of buying low rate
excursion tickets from Pittsburgh to
points in Ohio and Pennsylvania, and
to Baltimore and Washington, over the
Pennsylvania route, by depositing ex-
cursion tickets with joint agent after
reaching Pittsburgh. Full and particular
information furnished in reply to in-
quiries addressed to nearest Pennsylv-
ania line ticket agent, or to J. K.
Dillon, district passenger agent, Pitts-
burg, Pa.

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account
the exposition will be sold at single fare
for round trip via Pennsylvania lines,
Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13
and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie,
Massillon, New Philadelphia and inter-
mediate ticket stations on the Port
Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison,
New Cumberland, Washington Wheel-
ing and intermediate ticket stations on
the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be
sold for regular trains of those dates,
and will be good returning three days
including date of sale. For rates, tickets
and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill
Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Low Rates For Conclave.

Elaborate arrangements are completed
for the Knights Templar conclave at
Pittsburg in October. You may enjoy
it all by going on low rate tickets to be
sold over Pennsylvania lines Oct. 8 to 13,
inclusive. After taking in the sights
and festivities, interesting side trips
may be made from Pittsburg at small
cost by depositing return coupon of
Pittsburg ticket with joint agent at that
place. For particulars apply to nearest
Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or ad-
dress J. K. Dillon, district passenger
agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

A Fine Attraction.

Manager Norris has booked a fine at-
traction for the opera house next week,
the Huntley-Jackson Stock company.
This company plays week engagements
in all the large cities, and will put on
Lincoln J. Carter's plays, "Fast Mail,"
"Tornado," J. Z. Little's "World," etc.
Theater goers cannot help but be pleased
with the company. Popular prices. *

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Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh ac-
count Knights Templar Triennial con-
clave will be sold Oct. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12
and 13, via Pennsylvania lines. For
special information inquire of nearest
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address J. K. Dillon, district passenger
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you put on a check, and you must
put a stamp on every check you
draw. The News Review has the
best canceler. Leave your order to
an agent.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

	335	337	339	341	359
	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Westward.					
Pittsburgh	10:45	11:30	12:30	11:00	7:30
Rochester	6:40	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:25
Beaver	6:45	2:20	5:30	11:55	8:30
Vanport	6:50	2:25	5:35	12:00	8:35
Industry	7:00	2:35	5:45	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry	7:03	2:38	5:48	12:13	8:48
Smiths Ferry	7:11	2:46	5:56	12:20	8:55
East Liverpool	7:20	2:55	6:04	12:28	9:05
Wellsville	7:33	3:08	6:17	12:40	9:15
Wellsville	7:42	3:05	6:26	12:45	
Wellsville Shop	7:46	3:09	6:30	12:50	
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:15	6:36	12:55	
Hammondsville	8:01	3:24	6:45	1:03	
Frontdale	8:05	3:28	6:49	1:06	
Salineville	8:09	3:32	6:53	1:10	
Bayard	8:13	3:36	6:57	1:14	
Alliance	8:17	3:40	7:01	1:18	
Ravenna	8:21	3:44	7:05	1:22	
Hudson	8:25	3:48	7:09	1:26	
Cleveland	8:29	3:52	7:13	1:30	
Wellsville	7:47	3:10	6:55	12:55	11:02
Wellsville Shop	7:52	3:15	6:58	1:00	11:05
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:20	7:04	1:05	11:10
Port Homer	8:03	3:26	7:09	1:09	11:15
Elliottsville	8:10	3:33	7:16	1:17	11:21
Port Clinton	8:17	3:40	7:23	1:24	11:28
Toronto	8:21	3:44	7:27	1:28	11:32
Canton	8:28	3:51	7:34	1:35	11:39
Steubenville	8:44	4:07	7:50	1:51	11:45
Mingo	8:51	4:14	7:57	1:58	11:52
Brilliant	8:58	4:21	8:04	2:05	11:59
Rush Run	9:07	4:30	8:13	2:14	12:01
Port Clinton	9:14	4:37	8:20	2:21	12:08
Yorkville	9:19	4:42	8:25	2:26	12:13
Marlins Ferry	9:32	4:55	8:38	2:39	12:26
Bridgeport	9:40	5:03	8:46	2:47	12:35
Bellaire	9:50	5:05	8:56	2:57	12:45
Eastward.					
Bellaire	14:45	19:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport	14:53	19:08	14:53	11:08	12:53
Marlins Ferry	15:01	19:16	15:01	11:16	13:01
Yorkville	15:10	19:25	15:10	11:25	13:10
Port Clinton	15:15	19:30	15:15	11:30	13:15
Rush Run	15:20	19:35	15:20	11:35	13:20
Brilliant	15:28	19:43	15:28	11:43	13:28
Mingo	15:35	19:50	15:35	11:50	13:35
Steubenville	15:44	19:58	15:44	11:58	13:44
Canton	16:00	20:14	16:00	12:14	13:50
Toronto	16:07	20:21	16:07	12:21	14:00
Elliottsville	16:11	20:25	16:11	12:25	14:04
Port Clinton	16:13	20:27	16:13	12:27	14:07
Port Homer	16:20	20:34	16:20	12:34	14:14
Yellow Creek	16:26	20:40	16:26	12:40	14:20
Wellsville Shop	16:31	20:45	16:31	12:45	14:25
Wellsville	16:35	20:50	16:35	12:49	14:29
Wellsville	7:42	3:10	6:55	12:55	11:02
Wellsville Shop	7:46	3:14	6:59	1:00	11:06
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:20	7:05	1:06	11:12
Hammondsville	8:01	3:29	7:14	1:15	11:21
Frontdale	8:05	3:33	7:18	1:19	11:25
Salineville	8:09	3:37	7:22	1:23	11:29
Bayard	8:13	3:41	7:26	1:27	11:33
Alliance	8:17	3:45	7:30	1:31	11:37
Ravenna	8:21	3:49	7:34	1:35	11:41
Hudson	8:25	3:53	7:38	1:39	11:45
Cleveland	8:29	3:57	7:42	1:43	11:49
Wellsville	6:45	10:57	6:51	11:10	13:50
East Liverpool	6:57	11:07	7:03	11:20	14:01
Smiths Ferry	7:07	11:18	7:13	11:30	14:12
Cooks Ferry	7:20	11:24	7:26	11:36	14:25
Industry	7:25	11:30	7:31	11:42	14:30
Vanport	7:34	11:40	7:40	11:53	14:35
Beaver	7:40	11:45	7:46	11:58	14:40
Rochester	7:50	11:55	7:56	12:08	14:45
Pittsburgh	8:50	12:40	8:56	13:10	15:40

Eastward.		340 AM	334 AM	338 PM	340 PM	34 PM
Bellaire	lv.	14:45	19:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport		14:53	19:08	14:53	11:08	12:53
Marlins Ferry		15:01	19:16	15:01	11:16	13:01
Yorkville		15:10	19:25	15:10	11:25	13:10
Portland	"	15:15	19:28	15:15	11:28	13:15
Rush Run		15:20	19:33	15:20	11:34	13:20
Brilliant		15:28	19:41	15:28	11:42	13:28
Mingo		15:35	19:48	15:35	11:49	13:35
Mingo Jc		15:44	19:56	15:44	11:58	13:44
Steubenville	far.	15:54	20:05	15:50	12:08	13:54
Costona		16:00	20:12	16:00	12:15	14:00
Toronto		16:07	20:17	6:11	2:19	4:07
Elliottsville		16:11	20:19			
Empire		16:13	20:27	6:21	2:27	4:13
Port Homer		16:20	20:31			
Yellow Creek		16:26	20:37			
Wellsville Shop		16:31	20:42			
Wellsville	ar.	16:35	20:50	6:25	2:45	4:19
Wellsville		7:42				
Wellsville Shop		7:46			3:05	
Yellow Creek		7:52				
Hammondsville		8:01				
Frontdale		8:05				
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Smiths Ferry		7:07	11:18			
Cooks Ferry		7:20	11:24			
Industry		7:25	11:30	7:22	3:38	4:02
Vanport		7:34	11:41			
Industry		7:50	11:50			
Recheater		7:55	11:55	7:38	3:53	4:17
Pittsburgh	ar.	8:50	12:24	6:30	5:10	6:34
		AM, PM		PM	PM	

SHE DIED THIS MORNING

Flora M. Carman Was Bitten by a Dog

ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF AUGUST

Nothing Was Thought of It Then, but Last Night She Became Violent, and In Spite of the Exertions of Two Doctors Passed Away.

Flora M. Carman lies dead at the home of her father, A. C. Carman, 124 Union street, having been bitten by a dog about the middle of August.

The child, aged 12, was playing in the yard when the dog, a family pet, snapped at her, biting her leg near the ankle. It was only a scratch and but little attention was given the matter. Two weeks ago the child became ill, and fearing the bite was responsible the dog was drowned. She continued to grow worse until Monday, when her condition was considered critical. Yesterday she was seized with convulsions, and it became apparent to her friends that she could not live. Doctor Ikert and Doctor Norris held a consultation and did all in their power, but it was a clear case of hydrophobia, and early this morning the child died.

The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Doctor Lee will officiate, and interment will be made at Riverview.

TOMORROW

Will the Trial of William Cornelius Take Place.

Deputy Tom Creighton was busy yesterday afternoon and today serving subpoenas upon witnesses who are expected to testify in the case of William Cornelius, the Wellsville printer who is charged with shooting with intent to kill.

A number of Liverpool people have been summoned, while a still greater number of Wellsville witnesses will be present.

BIG BUSINESS AGAIN.

Much Crockery Being Shipped From the City.

The fall trade has commenced in earnest, and while the officials of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh do not give out the amount of each day's shipments, it is known that they have been steadily increasing until now the force at the freight depot have their hands full.

Shipments have not yet attained the proportions of last year, but they are much larger than during the spring or summer.

NEWS REVIEW

Brings Forth Favorable Mention From Mr. Ink of Canton.

Mr. H. H. Ink, of Canton, paid this office a pleasant visit today. Mr. Ink is interested in the popular sore throat remedy, Tonsiline, and is making contracts for their advertising the coming season. In renewing contract with the REVIEW Mr. Ink states Tonsiline has had a very large sale in East Liverpool the past year, and he credits the NEWS REVIEW with being the most important factor in producing such satisfactory returns.

CHILD LABOR.

The Law Is Being Enforced In Factories.

The state building inspector has issued an order to all factories of the state, calling their attention to the law passed last winter regarding child labor.

The law provided that all minors under the age of 14 will be required to attend school. Employers are warned against keeping them in their employ as being contrary to the law. The fall opening of schools all over the state gave rise to the order.

Immense Business.

Fred B. Sankey, assistant general traveling passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburgh, spent last evening in the city.

He was seen by a reporter and said that the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road enjoyed an immense business this summer, and that the receipts for the month of August showed a very large increase over those of last year.

Sent Children Home.

A number of children playing about the Second street station last night were promptly ejected by a special officer of the company. The platform is a bad place for children and their parents should see that they are kept away from the railroad.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at News Review.

NONTREATING CLUB.

Institution Organized in Chicago to Remedy the Treating Nuisance.

A nontreating club has recently been formed in Chicago, the members of which pledge themselves not to treat anybody. "In a short time," says the Chicago Tribune, "chapters will exist in every large city from Maine to California. Five thousand buttons and cards were issued the first few days, 10,000 more buttons have been ordered, and the demand at present is greater than the supply. The organizers and promoters of the club are some of the general and traveling passenger agents located at Chicago, the chief among them being Elliott T. Monett, general western passenger agent of the New York, Ontario and Western railroad and president of the American Association of Traveling Passenger Agents."

"The treating business," says Mr. Monett, "has got to stop. The men of our profession know every Tom, Dick and Harry from the Atlantic to the Pacific. We go into a place to get a drink. Before we can leave we have had half a dozen or more drinks that we either have had to take as a treat or pay for others. It has got to be such a nuisance that a remedy had to be found, and from the immense popularity of our scheme I believe we have struck the right thing."

When Hungry In China.

There was a painful lack of variety in our food. Men dying of thirst spend their last hour in thinking of iced champagne, sherry cobbler, cocktails and drafts of beer, whiskies and sodas, dead horses' heads or whatever their particular beverage may be. We gastronomically fooled ourselves to the top of our bent. "I think," one would say, "when we get to the Hotel de Paris tonight we'll have a nice little French dinner of six courses, with coffee and green charcuterie to wind up with." "Well," another would remark, "I should be content with some soup, a little fish, a slice of beef and some tart." "Chops and tomato sauce for me," murmured a third, oblivious of the fact that befell Mr. Pickwick, who had a similar desire.

Then we would reach a slimy, begrimed village, creep into a smelling hut and make our dinner of pork and rice, or rice and pork when we desired to vary the menu. But one night, at a spot called Taiping-pu, when we called for the perennial pork we were informed we could not be supplied. "No pork," we exclaimed, "no pork in China! Why, Chinamen are three parts pork." Then we were told we were in a Mussulman village, where swine were an abomination, but we could have salt beef, so called, though we knew perfectly well it was nothing else but stale, unprofitable, sinewy wild goat.—Travel

A Day to the Cause.

Mrs. De Gadd—I heard the awfullest things about Mr. De Good today. They say he steals the church funds.

Mr. De G.—Nonsense. "Oh, I've no doubt it's true. Mrs. Veragood, that horrid young widow, you know, seems to be infatuated with him, and I shouldn't wonder a bit if they'd pawn the communion service for a bridal outfit. By the way, Mrs. Finesoul has not been out of the house for a week, and people think her husband has been beating her, but that isn't a circumstance to the way they talk about Mrs. Highmind. I saw her on the street today, and she said she felt sick, but most likely she'd been on an opium debauch. She has her husband's collars and cuffs washed at a Chinese laundry, and she's been seen to go there for them herself. Oh, she's a terror! Mrs. High-up's husband has been away for two weeks, and I've got my opinion about it too. People say Mrs. Tiptop's hired girl left two weeks ago, the very day Mr. —"

"See here! Where did you hear all this?"

"I've been out collecting money for the heathen."—New York Weekly

The Decay of the Dandy.

Brummel went to prison for debt, but came out again to resume his fopperies. His friends made him a small allowance of £120 per annum—equal to Caen to £300—but he could not be expected to live on such a pittance. When he had not 4 francs in the world, he would order boot polish at 5 francs a bottle from Paris and call the tradesman who supplied it "a scoundrel" for venturing to ask for his money. In the end his intellect gave way. He lost his memory and much of his little mind.

He grew slovenly and careless, yet to the last clung to his eau de cologne and some other luxuries. Finally, his mind all gone, he was removed to a charity hospital, being now reduced to the utmost impoverishment and content to change his linen once a month, instead of three times a day, as of old. Here he died, under the care of sisters of charity, on March 30, 1840. Thus ended the striking career of perhaps the most worthless fellow whom history records, his death being a fitting termination to his useless life.—Lippincott's.

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Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account the exposition will be sold at single fare for round trip via Pennsylvania lines, Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13 and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie, Massillon, New Philadelphia and intermediate ticket stations on the Fort Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison, New Cumberland, Washington Wheeling and intermediate ticket stations on the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be sold for regular trains of those dates, and will be good returning three days including date of sale. For rates, tickets and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Low Rates For Conclave.

Elaborate arrangements are completed for the Knights Templar conclave at Pittsburgh in October. You may enjoy it all by going on low rate tickets to be sold over Pennsylvania lines Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive. After taking in the sights and festivities, interesting side trips may be made from Pittsburgh at small cost by depositing return coupon of Pittsburgh ticket with joint agent at that place. For particulars apply to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or address J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Manager Norris has booked a fine attraction for the opera house next week, the Huntley-Jackson Stock company. This company plays week engagements in all the large cities, and will put on Lincoln J. Carter's plays, "Fast Mail," "Tornado," J. Z. Little's "World," etc. Theater goers cannot help but be pleased with the company. Popular prices. *

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Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

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Westward.		3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh	lv.	15:45	11:30	11:40	11:50	17:30
Rochester	..	6:40	2:15	2:25	2:35	8:25
Beaver	..	6:45	2:20	2:30	2:40	8:30
Vanport	..	6:50	2:25	2:35	2:45	8:35
Industry	..	7:00	2:35	2:45	2:55	8:44
Cooks Ferry	..	7:05	2:40	2:50	3:00	8:49
Smiths Ferry	..	7:11	2:46	2:56	3:06	8:55
East Liverpool	..	7:20	2:55	3:05	3:15	9:05
Wellsville	ar.	7:33	3:00	3:10	3:20	9:15
Wellsville	lv.	7:42	3:05	3:15	3:25	9:25
Wellsville Shop	..	7:46	3:09	3:19	3:29	9:29
Yellow Creek	..	7:52	3:15	3:25	3:35	9:35
Hammondsville	..	8:01	3:24	3:34	3:44	9:44
Fondale	..	8:05	3:28	3:38	3:48	9:48
Salineville	..	8:25	3:48	3:58	4:08	9:68
Bayard	..	9:09	4:30	4:40	4:50	10:05
Alliance	..	9:40	4:33	4:43	4:53	10:30
Rayanna	..	10:05	4:38	4:48	4:58	10:35
Hudson	..	10:40	5:05	5:15	5:25	11:10
Cleveland	ar.	12:10	6:25	6:35	6:45	12:40
Wellsville	lv.	7:47	3:10	3:20	3:30	9:25
Wellsville Shop	..	7:52	3:15	3:25	3:35	9:30
Yellow Creek	..	7:57	3:20	3:30	3:40	9:35
Port Homer	..	8:03	3:26	3:36	3:46	9:41
Empire	..	8:10	3:33	3:43	3:53	9:48
Elliottsville	..	8:17	3:40	3:50	4:00	9:55
Toronto	..	8:21	3:44	3:54	4:04	9:59
Costonia	..	8:28	3:51	4:01	4:11	10:06
Staubenville	..	8:44	4:07	4:17	4:27	10:22
Mingo Je	..	8:51	4:14	4:24	4:34	10:29
Brilliant	..	8:58	4:21	4:31	4:41	10:36
Rush Run	..	9:07	4:30	4:40	4:50	10:45
Yorkville	..	9:14	4:37	4:47	4:57	10:52
Martins Ferry	..	9:32	4:55	5:05	5:15	11:10
Bridgeport	..	9:40	5:03	5:13	5:23	11:18
Bellaire	ar.	9:50	5:05	5:15	5:25	11:25

Eastward.		3:40	3:42	3:44	3:46	4:00
		AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Bellaire	lv.	14:45	19:00	14:45	19:00	20:45
Bridgeport	..	4:53	9:09	4:54	9:10	20:53
Martins Ferry	..	5:01	9:15	4:59	9:16	21:01
Yorkville	..	5:10	9:24	5:08	9:25	21:10
Portland	..	5:15	9:29	5:13	9:30	21:15
Rush Run	..	5:20	9:34	5:18	9:35	21:20
Brilliant	..	5:28	9:42	5:26	9:43	21:28
Mingo Je	..	5:35	9:49	5:33	9:50	21:35
Staubenville	..	5:44	9:58	5:42	9:59	21:44
Costonia	..	6:00	10:12	6:00	10:12	22:00
Toronto	..	6:07	10:19	6:07	10:19	22:07
Elliottsville	..	6:13	10:25	6:13	10:25	22:13
Empire	..	6:13	10:25	6:13	10:25	22:13
Port Homer	..	6:20	10:32	6:20	10:32	22:20
Yellow Creek	..	6:26	10:38	6:26	10:38	22:26
Wellsville Shop	..	6:31	10:42	6:31	10:42	22:31
Wellsville	ar.	6:35	10:50	6:35	10:50	22:35
Wellsville	lv.	7:42	3:10	7:42	3:10	3:50
Wellsville Shop	..	7:46	3:14	7:46	3:14	3:54
Yellow Creek	..	7:52	3:20	7:52	3:20	3:59
Hammondsville	..	8:01	3:29	8:01	3:29	4:08
Fondale	..	8:05	3:33	8:05	3:33	4:12
Salineville	..	8:25	3:53	8:25	3:53	4:32
Bayard	..	9:09	4:35	9:09	4:35	5:14
Alliance	..	9:40	4:38	9:40	4:38	5:17
Rayanna	..	10:05	4:43	10:05	4:43	5:22
Hudson	..	11:02	5:05	11:02	5:05	5:44
Cleveland	ar.	12:10	6:25	12:10	6:25	6:45
Wellsville	lv.	6:45	10:57	6:51	3:10	3:50
East Liverpool	..	6:57	11:07	7:00	3:20	4:01
Yellow Creek	..	7:07	11:17	7:08	3:30	4:12
Smiths Ferry	..	7:11	11:21	7:12	3:34	4:16
Cooks Ferry	..	7:20	11:30	7:21	3:43	4:25
Industry	..	7:25	11:35	7:26	3:48	4:30
Vanport	..	7:31	11:41	7:32	3:54	4:36
Beaver	..	7:40	11:50	7:41	4:03	4:45
Rochester	..	7:50	12:00	7:51	4:12	4:54
Pittsburgh	ar.	8:50	12:40	8:30	5:10	5:40

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 340 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-38, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Is Your Head Clear? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. For Stomach Cured. 25 cts. per one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cent stamp for sample. S. H. FELL & CO., Cleveland, O.

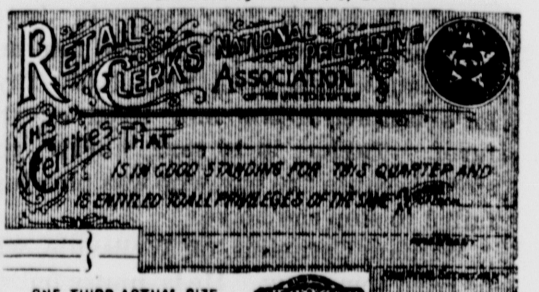
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.

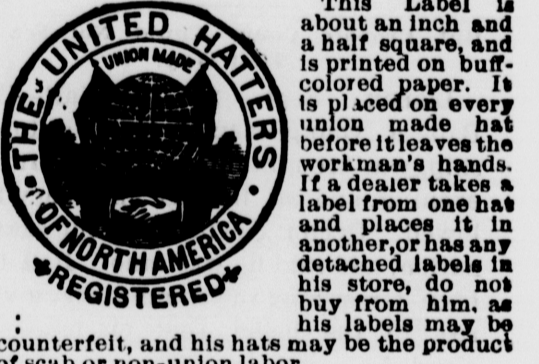


ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during month named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

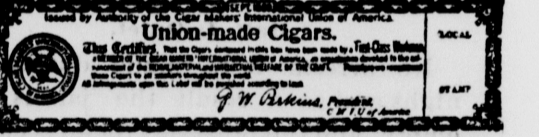
BICYCLE LABEL.



"Do unto others as you would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

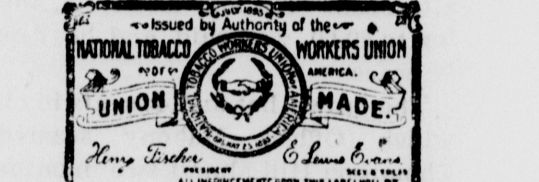
The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



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All that has to be done, as described by invention, is to dig an enormous circular ditch, say, in Africa or South America (its center must be on the equator) and to fill it with sea water. Fresh water will do if you can get enough of it, but as the radius of the ditch is to be a few hundred miles that is hardly likely. Having got your ditch full of sea water, nothing remains but to make it race round and round in the trench, whereupon the earth's axis will begin to point toward different quarters of the heavens from those it indicates at present. The amount of deviation will depend on the radius of the ditch, the amount of water it holds, the speed at which the latter moves and the time during which the motion is kept up.

We may suggest to M. Fouche that when a sufficient sphere of French influence has been secured in Africa he might have a trench dug and then by its use get all the ice melted round each of the present poles. French explorers could then discover them, whereupon the action of the trench would be stopped and the present climatic conditions restored. France could then remain as long as she wished the only nation to have reached the celebrated points on the earth's surface. As the digging of the ditch will be very expensive we make no charge for this suggestion.—Invention.

A TOUCHY OLD COMMODORE.

Insisted on Running His Own Man-of-war Even on Sundays.

A story is told of an old commodore at the Boston yard whose method of measuring religious affairs was with the same inexorable rule used for temporal things. One Sunday morning he was aroused from his nap by something out of the usual routine being announced from the pulpit, and he sternly addressed the chaplain with: "What's that? What's that?" The chaplain demurely repeated the notice that "by order of the bishop of the diocese divine service will be performed in this chapel on Thursday evening next," etc.

"By whose order?"

"By order of the bishop of the diocese, sir."

"Well," thundered the commodore, "I'll let you know that I am bishop of this diocese, and when I want service in this chapel I'll let you know. Pipe down," and he cleared the chapel.

On one occasion he heard a different voice in the pulpit from usual, and, looking up, he asked: "Who is that up there? Is that you, Billy McMasters?"

"Yes, sir."

(Billy was a religious foreman in the yard who sometimes helped the chaplain along.)

"Come down out of that," thundered the commodore. "When I want a relief for the chaplain, I'll appoint one. Don't you ever let me catch you up there again," and he cleared the chapel again.—"On a Man-of-War."

The Poor Mother-in-law.

Mother-in-law stories are a drug on the market, but this one seems to be a little less druggy than usual.

A man and his wife went to Europe, and the man's mother-in-law went along. Up to this point there is no novelty in the story.

On the voyage the mother-in-law fell ill and died. Of course, she had to be buried at sea, and so the usual canvas sack was made, but instead of an iron weight to sink the body they used a bag of coal.

In commenting on the arrangements afterward the bereaved son-in-law, who stuttered badly, said:

"I— I always knew where m-m-m-mother-in-law was g-going, but b-b-blame me if I s-s-supposed she'd have t-to carry her own f-f-fuel!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Children as Grammarians.

Two little tots of 4 and 5 years respectively, living out of town, were anxiously awaiting the arrival of a favorite uncle from whom they were expecting a visit. The train came in, but no guest appeared, to the bitter disappointment of the little ones. They ran to their mother for consolation, the younger one saying:

"Mamma, don't you think Uncle Ned oughter come?"

"You mustn't say oughter; say shooder," put in the 5-year-old, with all the dignity that such a correction would imply.—New York Tribune.

An English Joke.

Mother—Why don't you play with that American boy?

Boy—He tells stories.

Mother—He does?

Boy—Yes. He came from New York, and he says he never saw an Indian or a buffalo.—London Sun.

Fifty years ago Austria had seven cities with more than 20,000 inhabitants. Today there are 32.

CAMP WIKOFF TALES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS OF LIFE AT MONTAUK POINT.

The President's Cordial Greeting to Colonel Roosevelt—An Amusing Incident of Mr. McKinley's Visit—Rattlesnake Pete's First Bath in the Ocean.

At Montauk the president was bowing right and left to the crowd when all of a sudden his eyes lighted on a man on a horse about 20 yards away. The man wore one of those brown canvas uniforms with canary trimmings, heavy eyeglasses and a happy sort of a grin. "Why, there's Colonel Roosevelt," exclaimed the president to Secretary Alger after staring at the man for a moment. "Colonel," called out the president, "I'm glad to see you."

Then the commander of the rough riders executed a remarkable maneuver. He forgot to make a formal dismount, but sort of fell off his animal in the way he does at the end of a race across the hills with a squad of his cow punchers. At the same time the president did a remarkable thing for a president to do. He stood up in his carriage, pushed open the door and, jumping out, started toward Colonel Roosevelt, who was coming toward him as fast as he could. The president held out his hand. Colonel Roosevelt struggled to pull off his right glove. He yanked at it desperately and finally inserted the ends of the fingers in his teeth and gave a mighty tug. Off came the glove, and a beatific smile came over the colonel's face as he grasped the president's hand. The crowd which had watched the performance tittered audibly. Nothing more cordial than the greeting between the president and Colonel Roosevelt could be imagined. The president just grinned all over.

"Colonel Roosevelt," he said, "I'm glad indeed to see you looking so well." "Thank you, Mr. President, there isn't a healthier man in the camp than I am. I am delighted to see you down here, sir, and hope you will enjoy the trip. I do want you to see my boys while you're here." "Oh, I will, colonel, I will," said the president as he got back into his carriage, and then the whole line started for General Wheeler's headquarters, led by the cavalry.

He was a big, broad shouldered Irishman, a fine figure of a soldier and one of the crack men of his regiment. With the purpose of getting a good view of President McKinley when he arrived at the Montauk Point station he had climbed to the roof of an unfinished building near by and lay flat on the sloping shingles, peering over the ridge. The presidential train pulled in, Mr. McKinley and his party got off, and in the midst of the greetings of the officers who had gathered to meet him there rose high over the buzz of voices a rich Irish brogue: "Oh, Billy McKinley! Mither Prisdint! Don't yez fergit th' regulars. We fit th' best we knew fer yez." All the officers turned in the direction of the voice, but the Irishman had pulled his head down below the ridge and was invisible from the side toward the station. A roar of laughter rose from the crowd. President McKinley, who had half turned, smiled and remarked, "A voice from the clouds."

For the first time in his life Rattlesnake Pete, one of the crack cowboy members of Roosevelt's rough riders, took an ocean bath today. About 50 members of the regiment escorted him to the wild sea waves to witness the performance. There was something of a surf rolling in, but Pete, who is not upon record as being afraid of anything on sea or land, opined that no waves like that could rattle him. "I'll go out farther than any of you," he said as he stripped off his clothing. "Some of you fellows start in and I'll come after."

Four of the troopers dashed in and plunged, and Pete tripped mincingly after them until he got about up to his knees, then stopped and looked uneasily at the white foam pouring in from a surge that had just broken. From beyond the other bathers exhorted him to come on, and shouts from the shore encouraged him. He plodded on a rod farther, jumped a baby wave, ducked his head under and assured his friends that he was all right. They kept urging him to go out farther, but the cowboy said he would stay where he was until he got used to the water. Presently, afar out, the other bathers beheld a big comber, frothing at the top, come racing in. Those on shore saw it, too, and with evil design, to divert Pete's attention from it, shouted to him in chorus: "Hey, Pete!" "Oh, Pete!" "Hi, Rattlesnake, turn around here." "What's the matter?" answered the bather, turning his face toward the shore.

"How do you like it, Pete?"

"Oh, it's all right. Kinder cold though."

"Why don't you swim out a little?"

"Goin' to in a minute."

By this time the others outside had dived under the breaker, and it was close under the unsuspecting cowboy. "Look behind you, Pete," yelled the chorus. Pete looked, beheld a green mountain with a white top hovering over him, gave a wild shriek and pushed for the shore. Too late!

There came a burst of thunder sound; The boy, oh, where was he?

There came also a burst of thunder

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FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelities. All work absolutely guaranteed.

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mirth from the shore, for amid the foaming swirl where the wave had broken could be seen glimpses of Rattlesnake Pete, now a rampant foot, now a wildly waving arm, now the shining curve of a rear view. A smaller wave broke and rolled the struggling man to his knees, whence he arose to his feet and stood, with eyes tightly closed and face distorted.

"Say, say, say," he gasped, "where'n 'ell's the shore? Which way is it? What was it hit me?"

"Not coming in, are you, Pete?" shouted the men on shore.

"Show me the way, somebody. Some-

thin's pullin' at my feet. My eyes are full of water. Wow! There's another."

The boom of another big breaker just behind him shook the beach, and on the wash of it he rolled and whirled well up toward the dry sand. He didn't stop going after regaining his feet until he had put 50 yards between himself and the water line. Then he proceeded to get into his clothes.

"What's the matter, Pete?" asked the crowd. "Had enough? Ain't scairt, are you?"

"No," said Pete sullenly. "Got a cramp."—New York Sun.

Jack Tar at a Christening.

A sailor went up to the font to have his baby baptized. Sailors as a class claim little stock in babies, and, naturally enough, this one presented the infant feet foremost.

"The other way," said the minister, and, accordingly, Jack turned the infant upside down.

"Excuse me," said the clergyman, "I mean the other way." So back came the embryo foretopman to the first position, to the discouragement of everybody.

"Wind it, Jack," said the nautical assistant, with an "Aye, aye, sir," Jack promptly turned the baby end for end, and it was duly christened head first.—"On a Man-of-war."

Souvenir of Past Victories.

Commodore Philip has sent a unique souvenir to the governor of Texas as a testimony of the loyalty and efficiency of the battleship which was christened after that state. He had taken one of the armor plates which was pierced by a 6 inch projectile from the guns of the Vizcaya and has framed it in handsome style, to be hung as a memento in the statehouse at Austin.—Chicago Tribune.

Peace.

Peace is the calm of holy thought,
The song of Christ by angels brought,
The grand amen by Spirit said,
The crown of Christ upon thy head.
—Christian Science Journal.

Matrimonial Exports.

In the early days of Virginia, when the adventurers were mostly unmarried men, it was deemed necessary to export such women as could be prevailed upon to leave England as wives for the planters. A letter accompanying one of the matrimonial ships, dated London, Aug. 12, 1621, says:

"We send you in the ship a widow and 11 maids as wives for the people of Virginia. There hath been especial care taken in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good recommendations. There are 50 more that are ready to go. For the reimbursing of charges it is ordered that every man that marries them give 100 pounds of best leaf tobacco for each of them."

Their First Lessons.

More glorious news from Santiago. The public schools are about to open there. These will constitute the paladium of its liberties.—Boston Herald.

His Blood.

Colonel Roosevelt is by descent French, Scotch, Dutch and Irish.—Current Newspaper Information.

Zees Tayodore, ze "Ridder rade."

Who led ze charge at Caney,
Possess a coorash verra good.
Mon Dieu! He's von of many!
Ze papiares talk ze man upon
And praise hees hero-com.
Zey like zees new Napoleon,
Nor ees eet strange he please sem.
Pourquoi! He ees a Frenchman!

I ken nae man see fu' o' fire
An weel recon doosrin
As he that fought mid rock an mire,
Wi' nae retreat, nae gverrin,
When Spanish shell an Spanish gun
Besmeared the groun ane redlie.
But his was nae the race to shun
Tho' sword an shot be deadlie,
For, trullie, he's ae Scotchman!

It vas not gues dis Roosevelt
Vas eech a prave commander.
I dells you I mineelf haf felt
As pold as Alexander.
It vas der ploit, mine friends, der ploit.
Dot mages der veerless soldier,
An dere vas none von ha't so goot—
Remember vot I toltt you—
As his, vor he's ae Dutchman!

Av coorse our Teddy's bookt and brave.
How ille could he be ether?
No foiner had, O! well belaye,
E'er woman had for mother.
Av coorse he drubbed thin Spaniards haard
Down there at Santiago.
He's not the spalpeen to be scared
At any div'llish Dago,
Because, begob, he's O'rrish!

Vraiment: Zees Tayodore ees grand.
Parceque he ees a Frenchman,
But dinna reck ae Scot is bond
To serve as any's henchman.
Dere vas no nation on der earth
So bold as vas der Deutscher,
An ivery mon av anny worth
Is O'rrish in the future,
As Teddy is this present!

—W. D. Fox in New York Sun.

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Matter of Scientific Interest, if Not of Practical Value.

M. Fouche, the vice president of the French Astronomical society, has invented a way of altering the present inclination of the earth's axis to the ecliptic. What he wants to do it for is not very clear. Perhaps, however, he doesn't want to do it and merely puts forward his method as one possessing a purely academic interest. At all events, it is worthy of the attention of company promoters.

All that has to be done, as described by invention, is to dig an enormous circular ditch, say, in Africa or South America (its center must be on the equator) and to fill it with sea water. Fresh water will do if you can get enough of it, but as the radius of the ditch is to be a few hundred miles that is hardly likely. Having got your ditch full of sea water, nothing remains but to make it race round and round in the trench, whereupon the earth's axis will begin to point toward different quarters of the heavens from those it indicates at present. The amount of deviation will depend on the radius of the ditch, the amount of water it holds, the speed at which the latter moves and the time during which the motion is kept up.

We may suggest to M. Fouche that when a sufficient sphere of French influence has been secured in Africa he might have a trench dug and then by its use get all the ice melted round each of the present poles. French explorers could then discover them, whereupon the action of the trench would be stopped and the present climatic conditions restored. France could then remain as long as she wished the only nation to have reached the celebrated points on the earth's surface. As the digging of the ditch will be very expensive we make no charge for this suggestion.—Invention.

A TOUCHY OLD COMMODORE.

Insisted on Running His Own Man-of-war Even on Sundays.

A story is told of an old commodore at the Boston yard whose method of measuring religious affairs was with the same inexorable rule used for temporal things. One Sunday morning he was aroused from his nap by something out of the usual routine being announced from the pulpit, and he sternly addressed the chaplain with: "What's that? What's that?" The chaplain demurely repeated the notice that "by order of the bishop of the diocese divine service will be performed in this chapel on Thursday evening next," etc.

"By whose order?"

"By order of the bishop of the diocese, sir."

"Well," thundered the commodore, "I'll let you know that I am bishop of this diocese, and when I want service in this chapel I'll let you know. Pipe down," and he cleared the chapel.

On one occasion he heard a different voice in the pulpit from usual, and, looking up, he asked: "Who is that up there? Is that you, Billy McMaster?"

"Yes, sir."

(Billy was a religious foreman in the yard who sometimes helped the chaplain along.)

"Come down out of that," thundered the commodore. "When I want a relief for the chaplain, I'll appoint one. Don't you ever let me catch you up there again," and he cleared the chapel again.—"On a Man-of-War."

The Poor Mother-in-law.

Mother-in-law stories are a drug on the market, but this one seems to be a little less druggy than usual.

A man and his wife went to Europe, and the man's mother-in-law went along. Up to this point there is no novelty in the story.

On the voyage the mother-in-law fell ill and died. Of course, she had to be buried at sea, and so the usual canvas sack was made, but instead of an iron weight to sink the body they used a bag of coal.

In commenting on the arrangements afterward the bereaved son-in-law, who stuttered badly, said:

"I—I always knew where m-m-m-mother-in-law was g-going, but b-b-blame me if I s-s-supposed she'd have t-to carry her own f-f-fuel!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Children as Grammarians.

Two little tots of 4 and 5 years respectively, living out of town, were anxiously awaiting the arrival of a favorite uncle from whom they were expecting a visit. The train came in, but no guest appeared, to the bitter disappointment of the little ones. They ran to their mother for consolation, the younger one saying:

"Mamma, don't you think Uncle Ned oughter come?"

"You mustn't say oughter; say shooder," put in the 5-year-old, with all the dignity that such a correction would imply.—New York Tribune.

An English Joke.

Mother—Why don't you play with that American boy?

Boy—He tells stories.

Mother—He does?

Boy—Yes. He came from New York, and he says he never saw an Indian or a buffalo.—London Sun.

Fifty years ago Austria had seven cities with more than 20,000 inhabitants. Today there are 32.

CAMP WIKOFF TALES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS OF LIFE AT MONTAUK POINT.

The President's Cordial Greeting to Colonel Roosevelt—An Amusing Incident of Mr. McKinley's Visit—Rattlesnake Pete's First Bath in the Ocean.

At Montauk the president was bowing right and left to the crowd when all of a sudden his eyes lighted on a man on a horse about 20 yards away. The man wore one of those brown canvas uniforms with canary trimmings, heavy eyeglasses and a happy sort of a grin. "Why, there's Colonel Roosevelt," exclaimed the president to Secretary Alger after staring at the man for a moment. "Colonel," called out the president, "I'm glad to see you."

Then the commander of the rough riders executed a remarkable maneuver. He forgot to make a formal dismount, but sort of fell off his animal in the way he does at the end of a race across the hills with a squad of his cow punchers. At the same time the president did a remarkable thing for a president to do. He stood up in his carriage, pushed open the door and, jumping out, started toward Colonel Roosevelt, who was coming toward him as fast as he could. The president held out his hand. Colonel Roosevelt struggled to pull off his right glove. He yanked at it desperately and finally inserted the ends of the fingers in his teeth and gave a mighty tug. Off came the glove, and a beatific smile came over the colonel's face as he grasped the president's hand. The crowd which had watched the performance tittered audibly. Nothing more cordial than the greeting between the president and Colonel Roosevelt could be imagined. The president just grinned all over.

"Colonel Roosevelt," he said, "I'm glad indeed to see you looking so well." "Thank you, Mr. President, there isn't a healthier man in the camp than I am. I am delighted to see you down here, sir, and hope you will enjoy the trip. I do want you to see my boys while you're here." "Oh, I will, colonel, I will," said the president as he got back into his carriage, and then the whole line started for General Wheeler's headquarters, led by the cavalry.

He was a big, broad shouldered Irishman, a fine figure of a soldier and one of the crack men of his regiment. With the purpose of getting a good view of President McKinley when he arrived at the Montauk Point station he had climbed to the roof of an unfinished building near by and lay flat on the sloping shingles, peering over the ridge. The presidential train pulled in, Mr. McKinley and his party got off, and in the midst of the greetings of the officers who had gathered to meet him there rose high over the buzz of voices a rich Irish brogue: "Oh, Billy McKinley! Mister President! Don't yez fergit th' regulars. We fit th' best we knew fer yez." All the officers turned in the direction of the voice, but the Irishman had pulled his head down below the ridge and was invisible from the side toward the station. A roar of laughter rose from the crowd. President McKinley, who had half turned, smiled and remarked, "A voice from the clouds."

For the first time in his life Rattlesnake Pete, one of the crack cowboy members of Roosevelt's rough riders, took an ocean bath today. About 50 members of the regiment escorted him to the wild sea waves to witness the performance. There was something of a surf rolling in, but Pete, who is not upon record as being afraid of anything on sea or land, opined that no waves like that could rattle him. "I'll go out farther than any of you," he said as he stripped off his clothing. "Some of you fellows start in and I'll come after."

Four of the troopers dashed in and plunged, and Pete tripped mincingly after them until he got about up to his knees, then stopped and looked uneasily at the white foam pouring in from a surge that had just broken. From beyond the other bathers exhorted him to come on, and shouts from the shore encouraged him. He plodded on a rod farther, jumped a baby wave, ducked his head under and assured his friends that he was all right. They kept urging him to go out farther, but the cowboy said he would stay where he was until he got used to the water. Presently, afar out, the other bathers beheld a big comber, frothing at the top, come racing in. Those on shore saw it, too, and with evil design, to divert Pete's attention from it, shouted to him in chorus:

"Hey, Pete!" "Oh, Pete!" "Hi, Rattlesnake, turn around here."

"What's the matter?" answered the bather, turning his face toward the shore.

"How do you like it, Pete?"

"Oh, it's all right. Kinder cold though."

"Why don't you swim out a little?"

"Goin to in a minute."

By this time the others outside had dived under the breaker, and it was close under the unsuspecting cowboy. "Look behind you, Pete," yelled the chorus. Pete looked, beheld a green mountain with a white top hovering over him, gave a wild shriek and pushed for the shore. Too late!

There came a burst of thunder sound: The boy, oh, where was he?

There came also a burst of thunder

mirth from the shore, for amid the foaming swirl where the wave had broken could be seen glimpses of Rattlesnake Pete, now a rampant foot, now a wildly waving arm, now the shining curve of a rear view. A smaller wave broke and rolled the struggling man to his knees, whence he arose to his feet and stood, with eyes tightly closed and face distorted.

"Say, say, say," he gasped, "where'n 'ell's the shore? Which way is it? What was it hit me?"

"Not coming in, are you, Pete?" shouted the men on shore.

"Show me the way, somebody. Some-

thin's pullin at my feet. My eyes are full of water. Wow! There's another."

The boom of another big breaker just behind him shook the beach, and on the wash of it he rolled and whirled well up toward the dry sand. He didn't stop going after regaining his feet until he had put 50 yards between himself and the water line. Then he proceeded to get into his clothes.

"What's the matter, Pete?" asked the crowd. "Had enough? Ain't scairt, are you?"

"No," said Pete sullenly. "Got a cramp."—New York Sun.

Jack Tar at a Christening.

A sailor went up to the font to have his baby baptized. Sailors as a class claim little stock in babies, and, naturally enough, this one presented the infant feet foremost.

"The other way," said the minister, and, accordingly, Jack turned the infant upside down.

"Excuse me," said the clergyman, "I mean the other way." So back came the embryo foretopman to the first position, to the discouragement of everybody.

"Wind it, Jack," said the nautical assistant, and with an "Aye, aye, sir," Jack promptly turned the baby end for end, and it was duly christened head first.—"On a Man-of-war."

Souvenir of Past Victories.

Commodore Philip has sent a unique souvenir to the governor of Texas as a testimony of the loyalty and efficiency of the battleship which was christened after that state. He had taken one of the armor plates which was pierced by a 6 inch projectile from the guns of the Vizcaya and has framed it in handsome style, to be hung as a memento in the statehouse at Austin.—Chicago Tribune.

Peace.

Peace is the calm of holy thought,
The song of Christ by angels brought,
The grand amen by Spirit said,
The crown of Christ upon thy head.
—Christian Science Journal.

Have You Inspected It?

Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelities. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

Matrimonial Exports.

In the early days of Virginia, when the adventurers were mostly unmarried men, it was deemed necessary to export such women as could be prevailed upon to leave England as wives for the planters. A letter accompanying one of the matrimonial ships, dated London, Aug. 12, 1621, says:

"We send you in the ship a widow and 11 maids as wives for the people of Virginia. There hath been especial care taken in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good recommendations. There are 50 more that are ready to go. For the reimbursing of charges it is ordered that every man that marries them give 100 pounds of best leaf tobacco for each of them."

Their First Lessons.

More glorious news from Santiago. The public schools are about to open there. These will constitute the palladium of its liberties.—Boston Herald.

His Blood.

Colonel Roosevelt is by descent French, Scotch, Dutch and Irish.—Current Newspaper Information.

Zees Tayodore, ze "richte rade."

Who led ze charge at Caney,
Possess a coorazh verra good.
Mon Dieu! He's von of many!
Ze papaires talk ze man upon
And praise hees hero-eeem.
Zey like zees new Napoleon,
Nor ces et strange he please sem.
Pourquoi! He ces a Frenchman!

I ken nae mon sae fu' o' fire

An weel renoun deservin'
As he that fought mid reek an mire,
Wi' nae retreat, nae evervira,
When Spanish shell an Spanish gun
Besmeared the groun sae redlie.
But his was nae the race to shun
Tho' sword an shot be deadlie,
For, trullie, he's ae Scotchman!

It vas not guet dis Roosevelt

Vas sooch a prave gommander.
I dells you I mineseelf haf felt
As pold as Alexander.
It vas der plood, mine frents, der plood.
Dot mages der vorress soldier,
An der vas none von haf so goet—
Remember vot I tolkt you—
As his, vor he's von Dutehman!

Av course our Tokky's bould and brave.

How lise could he be other?
No foimer lad, Oi well belave,
E'er woman had for mother.
Av course he drubbed thim Spaniards haard
Down there at Santiago.
He's not the spalpeen to be scaerd
At any div'lish Dago,
Because, begob, he's Otrish!

Vraiment: Zees Tayodore ces grand.

Parceque he ces a Frenchman,
But dinna reck ae Scot is bond
To serve as any's hochman.
Dere vas no nation on der earth
So bould as vas der Deutscher.
An ivery mon av anny worth
Is Otrish in the future,
As Teddy is this present!
—W. D. Fox in New York Sun.

THE ADVERTISERS.
The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.
HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.
The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Summer ended yesterday and today is the beginning of autumn.
Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, is now able to be out after a severe illness.
The first of the Ember days of the year was observed at St. Aloysius church this morning.
Several beautiful specimens of peach fruit were sent to this office today by Mrs. C. E. Surles.
Postmaster Miskall this morning received a lot of supplies from the department at Washington.
The work of repairing the pavement in Lincoln avenue is progressing rapidly, and will be completed next week.
The fence on the north side of the monument is today being repaired. It was broken several months ago by a runaway team.
Truant Officer Beardmore has as yet had but little work as the children are attending school regularly and giving him no trouble.
The social given last evening by the ladies of the African Methodist Episcopal church was largely attended and a neat sum netted.
A young woman riding a bicycle along Second street this morning fell while crossing the railroad and badly injured her left hand.
The brick floor in the fire station was repaired yesterday afternoon. A part of the floor has been a source of annoyance since it was first laid.
The dense fog which covered the river this morning caused the ferryboat to be late in starting its trips. By 10 o'clock the river was clear of the mist.
In the last game of the Western league to be played this season in Minneapolis, George Carey was at bat four times, made one hit and had 12 putouts, two assists and one error.
All the machinery that will be used in the new addition to the Vodrey pottery has been placed in position. The entire plant will be in full operation within a very short time.
Mayor Bough and Officers Mahony and White spent the day in Lisbon. They were there as witnesses in a case now before common pleas court. They will return home this evening.
The tire came off the wheel of a wagon in Fifth street yesterday afternoon. The wagon was loaded with sand and it was necessary to secure another wagon and change the load.
The program for the free sacred concert to be held in the Methodist Protestant church Friday evening has been completed. An orchestra of eight pieces has been engaged for the occasion.
The first quarterly conference of the new conference year will be held in the lecture room of the Methodist Protestant church this evening. There is some very important business to come before the board.
Rev. J. O. Taggart this afternoon attended a meeting of the trustees of Westminster college of New Wilmington at Pittsburgh. The meeting lasted almost four hours and much business was transacted.
Those who attended the funeral of Private Carnahan at Salineville yesterday returned to the city last evening on the late train. With the members of Company E who attended the funeral was Major Weybrecht, of Alliance.
A wheelman dashing around the corner from Broadway to Fourth street last night, almost collided with a horse and buggy. Had not the driver suddenly pulled up his horse a serious accident would have occurred.
Detective Shiffler, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, who passed through the city last evening said that the action of Mail Agent Walker on the river division was the most foolish he ever heard of. Walker had but one trip between Wellsville and Bellaire every day, and received at least \$80 a month.

CAINE ON ALLIANCE.

NOTED AUTHOR'S OPINIONS ON THE ANGLO-AMERICAN UNION.

Says England Would Profit Most by a Formal Alliance—Great Lesson Taught Europe by America—Views on Czar's Peace Appeal.

Fresh from Manxland, with his curly red beard and wavy hair, Hall Caine arrived at New York on the Campania the other day. A great lover of universal peace, he has the Englishman's skepticism of the czar's proposal for a general disarmament, "which seems grotesque in coming from such a source," he said. Mr. Caine, moreover, seems to doubt the practicability of an Anglo-American alliance. "It would be a great guarantee for the world's peace—if it were possible," he added.
When I met Mr. Caine at the Everett House, his first question was, "What do they think over here of an Anglo-American alliance?" "You know Americans, Mr. Caine," I replied. "How do you think they view the question?" "Yes, that's true," he replied. "My home, Greeba castle, on the Isle of Man, is a rendezvous for Americans. In fact, during the summer there are more of your fellow countrymen to be seen there than Englishmen."
"Well, nearly all of the intelligent Americans whom I have met seem to think that such an alliance would involve the United States in serious foreign complications that she should avoid. Much as they like England they seem to view the proposition with disfavor. How the matter is generally viewed here I have yet to learn. Now, when I left England the country was enthusiastic over the subject. For the first time in my life I have seen the stars and stripes floating beside the British flag all over England."
"Englishmen, many of them at least, are strong for a formal alliance between the two countries. The feeling in some quarters in England on this subject is profound. It is based on a conviction that unity of race is a good ground for unity of interests. The ties between England and America are many and close—first the tie of blood, next of language, then of literature, then of faith. All these point, it is thought, to a unity of fate and destiny. On the other hand, a good many Englishmen see that the surest and best Anglo-American alliance is that which is going on silently every day in the constant intermarriage between the two countries and by the interchange of mutual interests. They also realize that a formal bond might bring into active play a good deal of natural feeling which is now held in check."
"Englishmen see that England may have more to gain than America by a formal alliance; that the difficulties for America and the responsibilities incurred by America would be greater than her advantage. An Anglo-American alliance, if it were possible, would be a tremendous factor in promoting the world's peace."
"What do you think of the results of our war with Spain?" I asked. "It is wonderful," replied Mr. Caine. "With one of the smallest standing armies and not the most remarkable of navies you have won this great victory. Clearly, therefore, it is not the difference between the appearance of a nation's armaments made in the budget returns, but the difference in the men."
"How do you regard the czar's proposal for disarmament?" "There was much talk about it in England at the moment of my leaving. Of course the proposition is not a new one, and perhaps there is something illogical and even grotesque in such a proposal coming from the sovereign who has the largest standing army in the world."
"Of course there are those in England who say that necessity, not principle, lies at the root of the czar's proposal; that Russia is on the verge of bankruptcy. Perhaps there is more truth in that than one can quite realize who has not traveled in Russia. I was there during the great cholera plague a few years ago. I can never forget the impression made upon me by the dire and woeful poverty of the people. It is awful. The poverty of the Italian poor is terrible, yet Italy is spending millions on millions in armaments. America in this war has taught Europe a great lesson—that a nation is not made great by greatness of armaments, but by the quality of its men."
Mr. Caine said that the object of his present visit was to help Miss Viola Allen to rehearse the play founded on "The Christian." "Of the play I can at present say no more," he added, "than that it is not in the ordinary sense an adaptation of the novel, but an entirely independent composition. With the motive and characters as the basis an entirely separate structure has been built. I am satisfied with what I have seen of it, but it is for the public and critics to judge, not me. It will be produced first in Washington on Sept. 25; then it will be brought to New York on Oct. 3. It was not my original intention to deliver any lectures here, and I may not stay here longer than three weeks if I do not."—Cor. New York Herald.

How They Wed in Spain.
Marriage in Spain takes place by day or at night, according to the fortune of the young people or their station in life.

If well to do, the ceremony comes on in the early part of the morning.

BRYAN WANTS TO TALK.

Intimated That He Was Full of Opinions on Current Topics—Talk of His Resigning.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 21.—Col. William Jennings Bryan of the Third Nebraska volunteers will shortly resign his commission in the United States army and resume the discussion of public question. This statement is not made upon the authority of Colonel Bryan, however. When asked to express himself on questions of public interest yesterday, he said: "You can say that I refuse to discuss any matters connected with politics, the army or myself, except that I see no reason to change the views in regard to expanding the territory of the United States I expressed in my Omaha speech, made before entering upon this army life."
This is all Colonel Bryan would say, except to add: "You might also say that I am not so enamored of camp life that I would at the close of war apply for a commission in the regular army."
"If you knew," he said, "what it cost me to keep still when there is so much to say about things of importance to the people and of lifelong interest and moment to me you would appreciate the strength of my will."
When asked if he would talk freely on the subject when he has once broken loose he said:
"You know how it is when a dam breaks. There is no telling when the flood stops."
When his candidacy for the presidential nomination was suggested, he said: "A man may say things and express opinions upon public affairs which will not meet public approval. These results are not always favorable to himself. An idea is everything to me, far more than any office."
Colonel Bryan refused to name the date when he would resign his commission.

CUBANS IN SAD PLIGHT.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn Trying to Gain Entrance For Comal With About 1,000,000 Rations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Acting Secretary Meiklejohn is making renewed efforts to secure the entrance of the Comal with the 1,000,000 rations on board into some Cuban port. The Comal is now at Key West, where she was ordered when the Spanish authorities refused to allow her to land her cargo without the payment by the United States of duty to the amount of \$60,000 in gold. Unofficial advice having been received that the port of Bahia Honda has opened for relief without the payment of duties, Secretary Meiklejohn is now making an inquiry as to whether the Comal relief supplies can be landed.
Senor Quesada of the Cuban junta saw Secretary Meiklejohn yesterday and represented the Cubans as being in a sad plight.

To Improve Military Transports.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Major General Ludlow was in Washington yesterday consulting with Acting Secretary Meiklejohn. General Miles, General Corbin and the quartermaster's department relative to the work of the board of which he is president. His board will consider methods of improving transports, especially with reference to health and comfort of troops, etc.

Red Cross Hospital Train.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—The second hospital train sent to Camp Meade by the Red Cross of Philadelphia arrived back in this city last night with 49 sick soldiers. They were all moved to the Pennsylvania hospital. Although many of the men are seriously ill, the physicians at the hospital believe they will all recover.

FIVE MEN INJURED.

A Traveling Crane Collapsed Near Pittsburgh—At Least Two May Die.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 21.—A large traveling crane collapsed at the new government dam at Neville island yesterday afternoon and injured five workmen, three of whom may die. The injured are:

- Martin Beck, Wellsburg, W. Va., two ribs broken, nose broken and injured internally and scalded.
- M. Evans, Montour Junction, foreman of concrete gang; rib on right side fractured, scalp wound and hurt internally. His condition is critical.
- Noah Stanley, Evansville, Ind., sustained a severe spinal injury and scalp wound; not expected to recover.
- John Young, Evansville, Ind., ankle broken and badly bruised about the body.
- William White, wrist sprained; also an ugly scalp wound.

HASKELL INTERRED.

The President and Others Present at Arlington Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The remains of Brigadier General Joseph T. Haskell, one of the heroes of Santiago, who died at Columbus, last Saturday, arrived here yesterday over the Pennsylvania railroad. They were accompanied by Captain Charles D. Clay of the Seventeenth infantry, grandson of Henry Clay, and a detachment of non-commissioned officers from the Columbus barracks, who acted as body-bearers.
The body of the soldier hero was laid at rest in the Arlington cemetery yesterday afternoon, with appropriate military and Masonic ceremonies in the presence of a distinguished gathering, including President McKinley, General Miles and others.

VISITED BY MCKINLEY.

The President Made a Tour of Inspection of the Hospital at Ft. Meyer.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—President McKinley yesterday afternoon made a personal inspection of the hospital at Fort Meyer, Va. The president passed an hour and a half in the various wards and apartments of the institution, going from cot to cot and extending a personal greeting to each one of nearly 400 patients.
The president carefully inspected the kitchen and examined the food supplied to the hospital patients. At the conclusion of his examination he expressed himself as well satisfied with the arrangements made for caring for the sick, but desired it to be understood that the patients were to wait for nothing that would improve their condition or render them more comfortable.

Protested Against Reception on Sunday.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—The New England Sabbath Protective League, of which Senator George F. Hoar is president, yesterday sent to Mayor Josiah Quincy a resolution protesting against the action of the mayor and board of aldermen giving an official reception to the mayor and aldermen of Milwaukee last Sunday.

Weather Forecast.

Generally fair; light variable winds, becoming northeasterly and increasing.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 0 runs, 5 hits and 4 errors; Pittsburg 15 runs, 20 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Kennedy and Grim; Cronin and Bowerman. Umpires, Connolly and Hunt. Attendance, 3,500.
At New York—New York, 7 runs, 14 hits and 3 errors; St. Louis, 7 runs, 14 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Doherty and Warner; Taylor and Suggen. Umpires, Warner and Swartwood. Attendance, 500.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; Cleveland, 5 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Nops and Robinson; Peters and Criger. Umpires, O'Day and Brown. Attendance, 1,907.
At Washington—Washington, 2 runs, 6 hits and 3 errors; Chicago, 3 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Killen and McGuire; Callahan and Donohue. Umpires, Snyder and Andrews. Attendance, 600.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Cincinnati, 7 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, E. Murphy, Duggeby, M. Murphy and McFarland; Hawley and Wood. Umpires, Emslie and Smith. Attendance, 1,703.
At Boston—Boston, 24 runs, 26 hits and 0 errors; Louisville, 4 runs, 8 hits and 10 errors. Batteries, Lewis, Hickman and Bergen; Dowling, Altrock, Kittredge and Powers. Umpires, Gaffney and McDonald. Attendance, 2,000.

League Standing.

	W	L	Pe.		W	L	Pe.
Boston.....	66	44	.602	Phila.....	64	62	.508
Baltimore..	82	46	.641	Pittsburg..	67	66	.504
Cincinnati.	81	53	.604	Louisville.	67	74	.436
Cleveland..	74	55	.574	Brooklyn..	48	75	.390
Chicago....	73	60	.549	Wash.....	43	88	.328
New York..	70	58	.558	St. Louis..	34	96	.262

Games Scheduled For Today.

Chicago at Baltimore, Pittsburg at Boston, St. Louis at Brooklyn, Louisville at New York, Cleveland at Philadelphia and Cincinnati at Washington.

Yesterday's Interstate League Games.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 13 hits and 3 errors; Youngstown, 5 runs, 12 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Hewitt and Barkley; Miller, Root and Schrecongost.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 20.
WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 61¢@62¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38¢@39¢; No. 3 yellow, shelled, 35¢@36¢; high mixed, shelled, 34¢@35¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, new, 27½¢@28½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 26½¢@27½¢; extra new No. 3 white, 25½¢@26½¢; light mixed, 23¢@24¢.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$8.75@9.25; No. 2, \$7.75@8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$7.50@8.25; wagon hay, \$9.50@10.00 for timothy.
POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 75¢@80¢ per pair; small, 60¢@65¢; spring chickens, 85¢@90¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@45¢ per pair; turkeys, 80¢@90¢ per pound; geese, 50¢@55¢ per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 14¢@15¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 7¢@8¢.
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@23½¢; extra creamery, 22¢@22½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 19½¢@20½¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; low grades and cooking, 10¢@12¢.
CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8½¢@9½¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8½¢@9½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; limburger, new, 9¢@9½¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 10½¢@11¢.
EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15¢@15½¢; candied, 10¢@10½¢.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 20.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday 80 cars, with a good demand; the market ruled active and prices 10¢ higher on all good grades, while common ones were steady. Supply today was light; market was steady. We quote prices: Extra, \$5.35@5.50; prime, \$5.20@5.30; good, \$5.00@5.10; tidy, \$4.75@4.90; fair, \$4.20@4.60; common, \$3.75@4.00; good fat oxen, \$3.00@4.50; common to good fat bulls and cows, \$2.25@4.10; heifers, \$3.50@4.65; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; common fresh cows and springers, \$2.00@4.00.
HOGS—Receipts on Monday 40 loads; market active at a decline of 5¢ from close of last week. Receipts today 10 loads; market about steady. We quote: Prime mediums, \$4.15@4.20; best Yorkers, \$4.10@4.15; common to fair Yorkers, \$4.00@4.05; heavy, \$4.00@4.10; pigs, as to quality, \$3.70@4.00; roughs, \$2.50@3.75.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday 20 loads; market 10¢@15¢ lower. Supply today fair; market barely steady. We quote: Choice, \$4.60@4.65; good, \$4.40@4.50; fair, \$4.00@4.20; common, \$3.25@3.75; choice spring lambs, \$5.00@5.75; common to good, \$3.75@5.50; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

New York, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—Spot market strong; No. 2 red, 73¢@75¢ f. o. b. float spot and to arrive.
CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 35¢ f. o. b. float.
OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 25¢ asked.
CATTLE—No trade of importance; feeling steady. Cables lower. Live cattle, 11¢@12¢ per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 8¢ per pound.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for prime sheep firm; others steady; lambs, steady. Sheep, \$4.00@4.65; lambs, \$5.00@5.75; culls, \$4.25@4.50.
HOGS—Market firm at \$4.25@4.50; state pigs, \$4.60.

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER

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J. M. KELLY, O. O. VODREY.
B. C. SIMMS, Jno. C. THOMPSON
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

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193 Washington Street.

	PRICE.
Business property on Sixth Street...	\$2,800
Residence property on Fifth Street...	2,800
An 8 room dwelling at.....	1,500
An 8 room dwelling on Third St....	1,500

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THE NEWS REVIEW

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HUSTON BLOCK, LISBON, OHIO

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and Preservation of the Natural Teeth.
Sixth St.

THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material, and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Summer ended yesterday and today is the beginning of autumn.

Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, is now able to be out after a severe illness.

The first of the Ember days of the year was observed at St. Aloysius church this morning.

Several beautiful specimens of peach fruit were sent to this office today by Mrs. C. E. Surles.

Postmaster Miskall this morning received a lot of supplies from the department at Washington.

The work of repairing the pavement in Lincoln avenue is progressing rapidly, and will be completed next week.

The fence on the north side of the monument is today being repaired. It was broken several months ago by a runaway team.

Truant Officer Beardmore has as yet had but little work as the children are attending school regularly and giving him no trouble.

The social given last evening by the ladies of the African Methodist Episcopal church was largely attended and a neat sum netted.

A young woman riding a bicycle along Second street this morning fell while crossing the railroad and badly injured her left hand.

The brick floor in the fire station was repaired yesterday afternoon. A part of the floor has been a source of annoyance since it was first laid.

The dense fog which covered the river this morning caused the ferryboat to be late in starting its trips. By 10 o'clock the river was clear of the mist.

In the last game of the Western league to be played this season in Minneapolis, George Carey was at bat four times, made one hit and had 12 putouts, two assists and one error.

All the machinery that will be used in the new addition to the Vodrey pottery has been placed in position. The entire plant will be in full operation within a very short time.

Mayor Bough and Officers Mahony and White spent the day in Lisbon. They were there as witnesses in a case now before common pleas court. They will return home this evening.

The tire came off the wheel of a wagon in Fifth street yesterday afternoon. The wagon was loaded with sand and it was necessary to secure another wagon and change the load.

The program for the free sacred concert to be held in the Methodist Protestant church Friday evening has been completed. An orchestra of eight pieces has been engaged for the occasion.

The first quarterly conference of the new conference year will be held in the lecture room of the Methodist Protestant church this evening. There is some very important business to come before the board.

Rev. J. C. Taggart this afternoon attended a meeting of the trustees of Westminster college of New Wilmington at Pittsburg. The meeting lasted almost four hours and much business was transacted.

Those who attended the funeral of Private Carnahan at Salineville yesterday returned to the city last evening on the late train. With the members of Company E who attended the funeral was Major Weybrecht, of Alliance.

A wheelman dashing around the corner from Broadway to Fourth street last night, almost collided with a horse and buggy. Had not the driver suddenly pulled up his horse a serious accident would have occurred.

Detective Shiffler, of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, who passed through the city last evening said that the action of Mail Agent Walker on the river division was the most foolish he ever heard of. Walker had but one trip between Wellsville and Bellaire every day, and received at least \$80 a month.

CAINE ON ALLIANCE.

NOTED AUTHOR'S OPINIONS ON THE ANGLO-AMERICAN UNION.

Says England Would Profit Most by a Formal Alliance—Great Lesson Taught Europe by America—Views on Czar's Peace Appeal.

Fresh from Manxland, with his curly red beard and wavy hair, Hall Caine arrived at New York on the Campanian the other day. A great lover of universal peace, he has the Englishman's skepticism of the czar's proposal for a general disarmament, "which seems grotesque in coming from such a source," he said. Mr. Caine, moreover, seems to doubt the practicability of an Anglo-American alliance. "It would be a great guarantee for the world's peace—if it were possible," he added.

When I met Mr. Caine at the Everett House, his first question was, "What do they think over here of an Anglo-American alliance?" "You know Americans, Mr. Caine," I replied. "How do you think they view the question?" "Yes, that's true," he replied. "My home, Greeba castle, on the Isle of Man, is a rendezvous for Americans. In fact, during the summer there are more of your fellow countrymen to be seen there than Englishmen."

"Well, nearly all of the intelligent Americans whom I have met seem to think that such an alliance would involve the United States in serious foreign complications that she should avoid. Much as they like England they seem to view the proposition with disfavor. How the matter is generally viewed here I have yet to learn. Now, when I left England the country was enthusiastic over the subject. For the first time in my life I have seen the stars and stripes floating beside the British flag all over England."

"Englishmen, many of them at least, are strong for a formal alliance between the two countries. The feeling in some quarters in England on this subject is profound. It is based on a conviction that unity of race is a good ground for unity of interests. The ties between England and America are many and close—first the tie of blood, next of language, then of literature, then of faith. All these point, it is thought, to a unity of fate and destiny. On the other hand, a good many Englishmen see that the surest and best Anglo-American alliance is that which is going on silently every day in the constant intermarriage between the two countries and by the interchange of mutual interests. They also realize that a formal bond might bring into active play a good deal of natural feeling which is now held in check."

"Englishmen see that England may have more to gain than America by a formal alliance; that the difficulties for America and the responsibilities incurred by America would be greater than her advantage. An Anglo-American alliance, if it were possible, would be a tremendous factor in promoting the world's peace."

"What do you think of the results of our war with Spain?" I asked. "It is wonderful," replied Mr. Caine. "With one of the smallest standing armies and not the most remarkable of navies you have won this great victory. Clearly, therefore, it is not the difference between the appearance of a nation's armaments made in the budget returns, but the difference in the men."

"How do you regard the czar's proposal for disarmament?" "There was much talk about it in England at the moment of my leaving. Of course the proposition is not a new one, and perhaps there is something illogical and even grotesque in such a proposal coming from the sovereign who has the largest standing army in the world."

"Of course there are those in England who say that necessity, not principle, lies at the root of the czar's proposal; that Russia is on the verge of bankruptcy. Perhaps there is more truth in that than one can quite realize who has not traveled in Russia. I was there during the great cholera plague a few years ago. I can never forget the impression made upon me by the dire and woeful poverty of the people. It is abject. It is awful. The poverty of the Italian poor is terrible, yet Italy is spending millions on millions in armaments. America in this war has taught Europe a great lesson—that a nation is not made great by greatness of armaments, but by the quality of its men."

Mr. Caine said that the object of his present visit was to help Miss Viola Allen to rehearse the play founded on "The Christian." "Of the play I can at present say no more," he added, "than that it is not in the ordinary sense an adaptation of the novel, but an entirely independent composition. With the motive and characters as the basis an entirely separate structure has been built. I am satisfied with what I have seen of it, but it is for the public and critics to judge, not me. It will be produced first in Washington on Sept. 25; then it will be brought to New York on Oct. 3. It was not my original intention to deliver any lectures here, and I may not stay here longer than three weeks if I do not."—Cor. New York Herald.

How They Wed in Spain.

Marriage in Spain takes place by day or at night, according to the fortune of the young people or their station in life.

If well to do, the ceremony comes off in the early part of the morning.

BRYAN WANTS TO TALK.

Intimated That He Was Full of Opinions on Current Topics—Talk of His Resigning.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 21.—Col. William Jennings Bryan of the Third Nebraska volunteers will shortly resign his commission in the United States army and resume the discussion of public question. This statement is not made upon the authority of Colonel Bryan, however. When asked to express himself on questions of public interest yesterday, he said: "You can say that I refuse to discuss any matters connected with politics, the army or myself, except that I see no reason to change the views in regard to expanding the territory of the United States I expressed in my Omaha speech, made before entering upon this army life."

This is all Colonel Bryan would say, except to add: "You might also say that I am not so enamored of camp life that I would at the close of war apply for a commission in the regular army." "If you knew," he said, "what it cost me to keep still when there is so much to say about things of importance to the people and of lifelong interest and moment to me you would appreciate the strength of my will."

When asked if he would talk freely on the subject when he has once broken loose he said:

"You know how it is when a dam breaks. There is no telling when the flood stops."

When his candidacy for the presidential nomination was suggested, he said: "A man may say things and express opinions upon public affairs which will not meet public approval. These results are not always favorable to himself. An idea is everything to me, far more than any office."

Colonel Bryan refused to name the date when he would resign his commission.

CUBANS IN SAD PLIGHT.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn Trying to Gain Entrance For Comal With About 1,000,000 Rations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Acting Secretary Meiklejohn is making renewed efforts to secure the entrance of the Comal with the 1,000,000 rations on board into some Cuban port. The Comal is now at Key West, where she was ordered when the Spanish authorities refused to allow her to land her cargo without the payment by the United States of duty to the amount of \$60,000 in gold. Unofficial advice having been received that the port of Bahia Honda has opened for relief without the payment of duties, Secretary Meiklejohn is now making an inquiry as to whether the Comal relief supplies can be landed.

Senor Quesada of the Cuban junta saw Secretary Meiklejohn yesterday and represented the Cubans as being in a sad plight.

To Improve Military Transports.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Major General Ludlow was in Washington yesterday consulting with Acting Secretary Meiklejohn. General Miles, General Corbin and the quartermaster's department relative to the work of the board of which he is president. His board will consider methods of improving transports, especially with reference to health and comfort of troops, etc.

Red Cross Hospital Train.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—The second hospital train sent to Camp Meade by the Red Cross of Philadelphia arrived back in this city last night with 49 sick soldiers. They were all moved to the Pennsylvania hospital. Although many of the men are seriously ill, the physicians at the hospital believe they will all recover.

FIVE MEN INJURED.

A Traveling Crane Collapsed Near Pittsburg—At Least Two May Die.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 21.—A large traveling crane collapsed at the new government dam at Neville island yesterday afternoon and injured five workmen, three of whom may die. The injured are:

Martin Beck, Wellsburg, W. Va., two ribs broken, nose broken and injured internally and scalded.

M. Evans, Montour Junction, foreman of concrete gang; rib on right side fractured, scalp wound and hurt internally. His condition is critical.

Noah Stanley, Evansville, Ind., sustained a severe spinal injury and scalp wound; not expected to recover.

John Young, Evansville, Ind., ankle broken and badly bruised about the body.

William White, wrist sprained; also an ugly scalp wound.

HASKELL INTERRED.

The President and Others Present at Arlington Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The remains of Brigadier General Joseph T. Haskell, one of the heroes of Santiago, who died at Columbus, last Saturday, arrived here yesterday over the Pennsylvania railroad. They were accompanied by Captain Charles D. Clay of the Seventeenth infantry, grandson of Henry Clay, and a detachment of non-commissioned officers from the Columbus barracks, who acted as body-bearers.

The body of the soldier hero was laid at rest in the Arlington cemetery yesterday afternoon, with appropriate military and Masonic ceremonies in the presence of a distinguished gathering, including President McKinley, General Miles and others.

VISITED BY M'KINLEY.

The President Made a Tour of Inspection of the Hospital at Ft. Meyer.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—President McKinley yesterday afternoon made a personal inspection of the hospital at Fort Meyer, Va. The president passed an hour and a half in the various wards and apartments of the institution, going from cot to cot and extending a personal greeting to each one of nearly 400 patients.

The president carefully inspected the kitchen and examined the food supplied to the hospital patients. At the conclusion of his examination he expressed himself as well satisfied with the arrangements made for caring for the sick, but desired it to be understood that the patients were to wait for nothing that would improve their condition or render them more comfortable.

Protested Against Reception on Sunday.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—The New England Sabbath Protective League, of which Senator George F. Hoar is president, yesterday sent to Mayor Josiah Quincy a resolution protesting against the action of the mayor and board of aldermen giving an official reception to the mayor and aldermen of Milwaukee last Sunday.

Weather Forecast.

Generally fair; light variable winds, becoming northeasterly and increasing.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 0 runs, 5 hits and 4 errors; Pittsburg 15 runs, 20 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Kennedy and Grim; Cronin and Bowerman. Umpires, Connolly and Hunt. Attendance, 3,500.

At New York—New York, 7 runs, 14 hits and 3 errors; St. Louis, 7 runs, 14 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Doheny and Warner; Taylor and Sugden. Umpires, Warner and Swartwood. Attendance, 501.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; Cleveland, 5 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Nops and Robinson; Peters and Criger. Umpires, O'Day and Brown. Attendance, 1,997.

At Washington—Washington, 2 runs, 6 hits and 3 errors; Chicago, 3 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Killen and McGuire; Callahan and Donohue. Umpires, Snyder and Andrews. Attendance, 601.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Cincinnati, 7 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, E. Murphy, Dugleby, M. Murphy and McFarland; Hawley and Wood. Umpires, Emslie and Smith. Attendance, 1,703.

At Boston—Boston, 24 runs, 26 hits and 0 errors; Louisville, 4 runs, 8 hits and 10 errors. Batteries, Lewis, Hickman and Bergen; Dowling, Altrock, Kittredge and Powers. Umpires, Gaffney and McDonald. Attendance, 2,000.

League Standing.

	W	L	Pc.		W	L	Pc.
Boston.....	86	44	.682	Phila.....	64	62	.508
Baltimore.....	82	46	.641	Pittsburg.....	67	66	.504
Cincinnati.....	81	53	.604	Louisville.....	57	74	.436
Cleveland.....	74	55	.574	Brooklyn.....	48	75	.390
Chicago.....	73	60	.549	Wash.....	43	88	.328
New York.....	70	60	.538	St. Louis.....	34	96	.262

Games Scheduled For Today.

Chicago at Baltimore, Pittsburg at Boston, St. Louis at Brooklyn, Louisville at New York, Cleveland at Philadelphia and Cincinnati at Washington.

Yesterday's Interstate League Games.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 13 hits and 3 errors; Youngstown, 5 runs, 12 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Hewitt and Barkley; Miller, Root and Schreengost.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 61¢@62¢.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38¢@39¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 35¢@36¢; high mixed, shelled, 34¢@35¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 27½¢@28½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 26½¢@27½¢; extra new No. 3, white, 25½¢@26½¢; light mixed, 23¢@24¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$8.75@9.25; No. 2, \$7.75@8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$7.50@8.25; wagon hay, \$9.50@10.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 75¢@80¢ per pair; small, 60¢@65¢; spring chickens, 85¢@90¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@45¢ per pair; turkeys, 80¢@90¢ per pound; geese, 50¢@75¢ per pair.

Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 14¢@15¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 7¢@8¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@23½¢; extra creamery, 22¢@22½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 19½¢@20½¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; low grades and cooking, 10¢@12¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8½¢@9¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8½¢@9¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; limburger, new, 9¢@9½¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 10½¢@11¢.

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Surplus, - - - 50,000

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Surgeon Dentist.

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EVENING News REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 88.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1898.

TWO CENTS

MANY DEATHS FEARED

Dangerous Typhoid Cases at Camp Wikoff.

515 CASES IN THE HOSPITAL.

Of These Many Are Believed to Be Beyond Hope of Recovery—Two More Deaths Were Reported—Ship Shinnecock Expected to Take More Away.

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, L. I., Sept. 21.—The movement of troops from Camp Wikoff continued yesterday, and at the present rate there will not be many here by this time next week. Batteries A and F of the Second Light artillery left yesterday for Annapolis, Ala. The Third cavalry expects to get away today for Fort Ethan Allen. The Eighth Maine volunteer signal corps likely will be relieved from duty today. The Twenty-fourth infantry, colored, was to have gone wholly to Fort Douglas, Utah, but the plans have been changed. Only half of the men can be accommodated at Fort Douglas and the other half will be stationed in Wyoming. There were less than 500 in the hospital yesterday. All the division or regimental hospitals have been closed and the furnishings turned over to Captain Winters.

General Shafter left the camp yesterday morning for Michigan, where he is to attend the reunion of the regiment in which he served during the Civil war. During his absence General Wheeler will command the camp. The hospital contained 515 men yesterday. Many of these are beyond hope, and for the next two weeks it is feared there will be many deaths, mostly from typhoid. The Shinnecock is expected here today to transfer 200 of the sick. The division hospital tents are being taken down and fumigated and then turned in. The hospitals are now all out of existence, except the main one. The well soldiers are all getting along finely and gaining flesh.

There were two deaths in the hospital yesterday.

John Ryan, sergeant, Company F, Sixth infantry.

Henry Jacobson, Company E, First District of Columbia infantry.

HEALTH IMPROVING.

Little Sickness at Camp Meade Outside of New York Regiments—General Graham's Opinion.

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Sept. 21.—Major General Graham thinks the war department will not be in a hurry to break up the Second army corps. His troops are accustomed to the colder weather of the north and they would probably withstand the rigors of the climate at Camp Meade better than the enervating atmosphere of the south. The only southern regiments in the corps are the Second West Virginia, Second Maryland and Second Tennessee, all the others being from the north. General Graham says that the southern camps have not been as healthful as those in the north and favors the retention of the troops at Camp Meade until it becomes necessary to send them to the West Indies and Philippines.

The health conditions of the camp are improving and outside of the New York regiments there are very little sickness. Chief Surgeon Girard attributes much of the sickness of the New Yorkers to the unhealthy condition of Camp Black. Fifteen fever cases were taken away yesterday afternoon by the Good Samaritan hospital of Lebanon and 24 others were shipped to Pennsylvania hospital at Eighth and Spruce streets.

The Red Cross wards in the Second division hospital have been enlarged and the fever patients who are too weak to be sent to city hospitals are being attended by trained female nurses.

Clarence E. Brayton, sergeant major of the Third New York regiment, died yesterday of spinal meningitis at Harrisburg. Dr. H. S. Hotelling of Syracuse, who attended Brayton, says his death was caused by neglect.

Private Edgar A. Ellett, Company C, Fourth Missouri, died yesterday of typhoid fever and his remains will be shipped to St. Joseph.

The Second West Virginia started yesterday morning on a march to Gettysburg to attend the dedication Thursday week of a regimental monument.

The trial of Major Charles R. Parke of Seranton, charged with refusing to receive descriptive lists of patients admitted to the Second division hospital while he was surgeon in charge, was indefinitely postponed yesterday.

ALGER'S INSPECTION.

Made a Speech at Camp Hamilton—Said Citizens, Instead of Complaining, Should Help Soldiers.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 21.—Secretary Alger and party inspected Camp Hamilton and reviewed the troops yesterday morning. Surgeon General Sternberg praised the division hospital. The brigade of immunes was inspected yesterday afternoon. He said the condition of the troops was excellent. Corporal L. M. Boyce, Company L, First West Virginia, died in division hospital of typhoid fever yesterday.

Immediately after the review at Camp Hamilton, Secretary Alger made a short address to the soldiers, admonishing them to be strong in their duty to their country. He said the government had always done and will continue to do all in its power for the enlisted men. He declared the citizens, instead of finding fault with the government, should lend their country their assistance by helping the soldiers all they could.

This sentiment was warmly cheered and the secretary added that he was glad to say that he had heard excellent reports from the citizens of Lexington along this line, and he wanted to thank them for the great good they had done in furnishing so many delicacies free of charge to the sick and for refusing to practice extortion on the well.

General Breckinridge spoke next, and paid Secretary Alger a high compliment as being the most tenderhearted secretary of war this country had ever had. He declared that the secretary was doing all in his power and was causing others to do all in their power to take the best care of the sick and well.

SEVEN MORE DEATHS.

General Lawton Reported 88 New Cases of Fever—Nearly 1,200 Ill About Santiago.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Nearly 1,200 of the American troops at Santiago are on the sick list and General Lawton yesterday reported 88 new cases of fever. His report to the war department last night was as follows:

"SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Sept. 20. Adjutant General, Washington:

"Sick, 1,187; fever, 679; new cases, 88; returned to duty, 289. Deaths—William Johnson, Eighth Illinois infantry, teamster, thermic fever, Sept. 19; Felix Boswell, D, Ninth United States volunteers, bilious fever, Sept. 18; Albert Richardson, nurse, L, Ninth United States volunteers, pernicious malarial fever, Sept. 17; John J. Nickodem, K, First Illinois, typhoid fever, Sept. 17; John J. Blate, private F, Fifth United States infantry, typhoid fever, Sept. 19; Robert L. Courson, private, B, Third United States volunteers, yellow fever, Sept. 19; Walter Gray, private, Third United States volunteers, pernicious remittent fever, hemophysis. "LAWTON, Major General."

ALMOST 2,000 ILL

Brooke Trying to Improve Condition of Men in Porto Rico—Spanish Soldiers Left Some Towns.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 19.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Aguadilla, San Sebastian and Lares were abandoned by the Spanish today and the troops of General Garretson's brigade and the Eleventh infantry moved in and hoisted the American flag.

On Wednesday the Spaniards will evacuate the island of Vieques, where a company of American troops dispatched from General Grant's brigade has been landed.

The Spanish evacuation commissioners, at the meeting of the Spanish and American commissioners yesterday officially informed the Americans that they had been notified of the sailing from Spain of two transports intended to embark troops here and also that 400 Spanish soldiers will sail from here today on a transport which is expected from Cuba. The departing troops consist of 200 sick men and 200 members of the engineers regiment.

The meeting of the commissioners was entirely without friction.

It was decided today, in the interest of the order of the island, to allow Americans to enter the Spanish lines and vice versa in pursuit of marauders.

The condition of the troops on the island is not improving. Almost 2,000 men have reported sick. Gen. Brooks is doing all in his power to improve the condition of the soldiers and afford them every comfort possible. He has ordered every military tent on the island to be fitted with flooring.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

Supreme Council of Sovereign Inspectors General of Thirty-Third Degree, Northern Jurisdiction, Met.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 21.—The supreme council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors General of the Thirty-third degree, Scottish Rite, for the northern Masonic jurisdiction, opened its eighty-sixth annual session here yesterday. The supreme council was opened in full ceremonial form by Ill. Henry L. Palmer, most puissant sovereign grand commander. Divine blessing was invoked by Rev. Josiah L. Seward, grand prior. The call of the roll of officers, active and emeriti members occupied much time, after which there was reading of reports and examining of credentials.

The supreme council last night conferred the Thirty-third degree on a number of illustrious princes.

Body of Missing Attorney Found.

MARIETTA, O., Sept. 21.—The body of George Waters, a Pittsburg attorney, who has been missing since Saturday night, was recovered from the Ohio river yesterday. He was a member of the firm of Lee, Chapman & Co. and an oil operator. No violence was discovered, and he evidently lost his life in attempting to cross the dike at the head of the island below here.

M. E. APPOINTMENTS.

Assignment of Ministers in East Ohio Conference.

PRESIDING ELDERS ALSO NAMED.

Rev. J. W. Robbins For Akron District. Rev. G. B. Smith For Canton District. Rev. H. S. Jackson For Steubenville District—Craft For Youngstown District.

BARNESVILLE, O., Sept. 21.—The East Ohio Methodist Episcopal conference about 1 o'clock this morning heard announcement of appointments as follows:

AKRON district—Presiding elder, J. W. Robbins; Akron, First church, Frank C. Haddock; Grace church, J. C. Smith; Main Street, J. W. King; North Hill, W. E. Felt; Bedford, J. K. Grimes; Braceville, John Gedhill; Bristolville, W. F. Wyckoff; Canfield, J. D. Cope; Charleston, R. P. Keeler; Cuyahoga Falls, D. W. Knight; Deerfield, O. H. Pennell; Edinburg, H. H. Miller; Garrettsville, I. J. Harris; Kent, W. D. Starkey; Mantua, J. B. Orin; Mineral Ridge, S. C. Haddock; Magadore, C. M. Kirk; Newton Falls, R. W. Gardner; Northfield, H. H. Scott; Peninsula, L. O. Eldridge; Pleasant Valley, supply; Ravenna, T. F. Phillips; Rootstown, W. G. Harper; Southington, supply; Tallmadge, N. C. Scott; Twinsburg, J. F. Huddleston; Warren, First church, E. A. Simons; Tod Avenue, L. W. Lepage; West Farmington, A. H. Dye; Windham, A. A. Brown.

Barnesville district—Presiding elder, D. C. Osborne; Antioch, D. B. Cope; Armstrongs, supply; Barnesville, A. J. Hiatt; Barnesville circuit, W. J. Powell; Batesville, C. P. Wyckoff; Bealeville, W. G. Lemon; Bellaire, First church, O. W. Holmes; South church, Austin Wilson; Bellaire circuit, J. F. Rankin; Bethesda, J. E. Russell; Bingham, W. E. Boettcher; Clarington, E. A. Bowers; Demos, H. L. Ward; Fairview, E. J. Smith; Hannibal, R. S. Strahl; Hendrysburg, D. L. Clarke; Morris-ton, supply; Powhatan, H. A. Cobbleddick; Quaker City, H. W. Westwood; Somerton, John Beetham; St. Clairsville, J. S. Secrest; Washington, Harlan Appleton; Wintersell, F. J. Swaney; Woodstock, Alfred Walls.

Cambridge district—Presiding elder, J. R. Keyes; Berne, supply; Bethel, B. F. Forsythe; Beverly, E. O. Morris; Bristol, Ross Sullivan; Byesville, S. C. Collier; Caldwell, J. H. Starr; Cambridge, R. B. Pope; Chandersville, J. D. Kahoy; Cumberland, T. I. McRae; Dexter City, P. A. Bright; Lowell, H. W. Stewart; Macksburg, D. L. Welch; Masterton, supply; McConnellsville, Morris Floyd; Neeleyville, supply; New Matamoras, C. T. Petty; Newport, W. P. Baxter; Norwich, F. S. Ross; Reno, supply; Rural Dale, J. M. Shafter; Sarahsville, Robert Davidson; Senecaville, J. B. England; Sonora, H. B. Edwards; Stafford, R. W. Martin; Summerfield, J. A. Wright; Wade, supply.

Canton district—Presiding elder, G. B. Smith; Alliance, First church, T. W. Lane; Union church, J. R. Mills; Berlin Center, C. H. Edwards; Canton, Duober Avenue, C. W. Harshman; First church, C. E. Manchester; Lawrence Avenue, W. E. Hollett; Sampson, Louis Paine; Carrollton, A. W. Gruber; Columbiana, G. L. Davis; Damascus, M. C. Grimes; Dell Roy, J. B. Manley; East Palestine, T. H. Armstrong; East Rochester, G. T. Norris; Elkton, E. A. Williams; Franklin Square, J. G. Exline; Greentown, J. A. Rutledge; Hanover-ton, A. M. Miel; Leetonia, O. B. Jones; Lisbon, F. W. Fisher; Malvern, W. D. Stevens; Marion, J. L. Neeley; Massillon, J. I. Wilson; Mechanicsville, J. H. Merchant; Minerva, A. B. Williams; Negley, supply; New Waterford, F. E. Helgeway; Pierce, J. I. Herron; Salem, C. B. Henthorne; Waynesburg, T. W. Anderson; Winona, supply.

Cleveland district—Presiding elder, J. F. Fisher; Bissels, B. E. Edgell; Burton, C. L. Peck; Chagrin Falls, C. W. Smith; Chardon, C. M. Hollett; Cleveland, Asbury, H. J. Huncher; Broadway, L. H. Stewart; Epworth, W. B. Pickard; Euclid Avenue, W. H. Rider; Fairmont, W. L. Askue; Ferncliff, supply; First church, L. A. Banks; Grace church, F. L. Chalker; Kinsman Street, J. J. McAlpine; Miles Park, J. M. Carr; Parkwood Avenue, E. C. Grover; Scoville Avenue, C. N. Church; St. Clair Street, J. S. Rutledge; Wade Park Avenue, E. J. Moore; Willson Avenue, H. W. Dewey; Woodland Avenue, J. M. Keck; Woodland Hills Avenue, H. B. Allen; Concord, W. J. Zeal; Geneva, First church, W. H. Dickerson; Second church, B. C. Peck; Hampden, J. E. Hollister; Huntsburg, W. S. Rowe; Madison, W. T. S. Culp; Mayfield, E. S. Baker; Mechanicsville, George Elliott; Mentor, J. J. Billingsley; Middlefield, D. C. Knowles; Nottingham, T. J. Kurtz; Painesville, W. B. Winters; Perry, J. H. Hollingshead; Saybrook, A. H. Domer; Thompson, J. F. Ellis; Warrensville, G. W. O'neill; Welshburg, N. E. Hulbert; Willoughby, J. R. Jacobs.

Steubenville district—Presiding elder, H. S. Jackson; Bloomingdale, E. T. Mohn; Bridgeport, W. L. Dixon; Brilliant, G. T. Humble; East Liverpool, First church, Clark Crawford; Second church, W. H. Haverfield; East Springfield, S. P. Lloyd; Empire, H. T. Peterson; Hammondsville, E. S. Smith; Harlem Springs, W. H. Piggett; Ironside, S. A. Pergoy; Lancaster, supply; Martins Ferry, J. T. Morton; Mingo, J. W. Satterthwaite; Richmond, E. R. Jones; Salineville, James Walls; Smithfield, S. B. Salmon; Steubenville, Finley and Thompson, R. P. Norris; First church, J. S. Reager; Hamlin, A. R. Chapman; Toronto, S. W. McClure; Warrenton, A. W. Harris; Wellsville, E. D. Holtz; West Bridgeport, D. T. Holtz; Wintersville, T. H. Taylor.

Youngstown district—Presiding elder, J. F. Oliver; Adamsville, M. F. Rainsberger; Bethel, J. A. Martin; Bowerstown, N. D. Stewart; Cadiz, Harvey Webb; Centenary, R. B. Van Posen; Coshocton, J. W. Toland; Deersville, J. S. Eaton; Dennison, J. W. Moore; Flushing, E. E. Sparks; Freeport, J. A. Young; Gilmore, J. G. Gamble; Gnadenhuetten, Luther Timberlake; Jewett, J. H. Conkle; Kimbolton, J. R. Hoover; Leesville, C. F. McGaha; Midvale, J. L. Dawson; Mineral Point, W. G. Walters; New Athens, Stephen Cummings; New Philadelphia, J. J. Wallace; Piedmont, Battelle McCarty; Painesville, J. R. McFadden; Scio, Thomas Wood; Uhrichsville, W. J. Wilson; West Lafayette, John Wier.

Youngstown district—Presiding elder, A. M. Craft; Andover, W. M. Jeffers; Ashtabula, First church, Sylvester Burt; Lake Street, William Perego; Chapel, O. G. St. John; Cherry Valley, W. E. Dean; Colebrook, J. W. Wilson; Conneaut, E. R. Jester; Cortland, S. P. Wood; Dorset, W. H. Talmage; Girard, A. R. Custer; Greensburg, W. S. Jenkins; Gustavus, J. W. Van Kirk; Hudson, S. M. Chaikner; Hubbard, H. M. Rader; Jefferson, E. E. Whitaker; Kelloggsville, J. S. Hollingshead; Kingsville, J. A. Uman; Kingman, E. E. Wilson; Lowellville, M. J. Slutz; North Bloomington, supply; Niles, M. J. Slutz; Orangeville, J. W. Elmer; Orwell, W. J. Yingling; Poland, I. C. Fisher; Richmond Center, A. D. McHenry; Rock Creek, W. N. Webster; Vienna, J. J. Thorne; West Mecca, M. E. Evans; Windsor, E. E.

Wilson; Youngstown, Belmont avenue, A. A. Billingsley; Epworth, W. A. Rutledge; Trinity, E. P. Edmonds; Wilson Avenue, F. A. Domer.

FUNERAL IN RICHMOND.

The Body of Miss Winnie Davis to Be Taken There—To Lie In Church Under Guard of Honor.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Sept. 21.—It has been decided that the body of Miss Winnie Davis, after a brief service here, will be started to Richmond, on the train leaving here about 10:10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The journey should be completed about 9:05 a. m., Friday.

RICHMOND, Sept. 21.—When the remains of Miss Winnie Davis arrive here Friday morning they will be escorted to St. Paul's church, where her father worshipped and was confirmed. They will be placed in the lecture room and remain there under a guard of honor until 3:30 p. m., when the funeral will take place, the interment being in Hollywood, in the Davis section. Members of R. E. Lee camp, Confederate veterans, of which Miss Winnie Davis was a member, will arrange details of the funeral.

MERRIAM RETURNED.

Everything Quiet at Honolulu When the Steamer Australia Left—Brought Sick Soldiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—The steamer Australia arrived in port yesterday from Hawaii. General Merriam, commander of the department of California, who has been in Honolulu, was one of the passengers. Everything was quiet in Honolulu when the steamer left. The people were jubilant over the annexation.

The officers of the Australia say that the Arizona, with troops for Manila, sailed on the 11th inst., and the Scandia, with troops and treasure, was to leave on Tuesday, the 13th.

The Australia brought up five sick soldiers. Among them were Lieutenants Wallace and Teny of the First New York volunteers and three privates from the Minnesota, North Dakota and Montana regiments. Lieutenant Hunt of the Fourteenth regular infantry was also a passenger. He was taken ill in Honolulu with typhoid fever and after he was convalescent was granted a sick leave.

SPANISH COMMISSION.

Personnel of Those Charged With Negotiating Peace Communicated to This Government.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The personnel of the Spanish peace commission has been communicated officially by the Madrid government to the French embassy, and through Ambassador Cambon to the state department yesterday. The list is the same as that given in press dispatches, with some additional information as to the several members. Senor Montero Rios, chairman of the commission, is presiding officer of the Spanish senate.

Senor Abarzuza is a member of the senate and was Spanish ambassador at Paris during Spain's brief regime as a republic. General Cerrero has had long experience in colonial affairs and is regarded as an expert in that line. Senor Villa Urrutia is the present Spanish minister at Brussel. Senor Garnica is councillor of the court of cassation, or supreme court.

FLAG RAISED IN HAVANA.

Stars and Stripes Hoisted at the Headquarters of American Evacuation Commission.

HAVANA, Sept. 21.—The first American flag in Havana was hoisted on the flagstaff of the Trocha hotel, the headquarters of the American evacuation commission, yesterday morning. A guard of marines was posted at the entrance to the grounds. Colonel Clous and Captain Payne stood on the roof of the hotel at either side of the flagstaff.

At about 20 o'clock sharp a quartermaster of the steamer Resolute hoisted the flag, which unfurled and fluttered proudly in the breeze. All the members of the commission raised their hats and cheered the Stars and Stripes.

Won't Make Political Speeches.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The president gave Representatives Overstreet and Faris to understand yesterday that on his way to Omaha he would make stops at Indianapolis and Terre Haute, but not to make speeches. On his way back he may make two or three similar stops in Ohio, but on none of these occasions will there be political speech-making by the executive.

Wrongdoing by Soldiers.

HONOLULU, Sept. 12, via San Francisco, Sept. 21.—The American soldiers in Honolulu are causing the good people of this once peaceful community much worry. Acts of vandalism are becoming frequent and General King has issued orders for a court of inquiry to investigate alleged lawless acts committed by soldiers and to assess the amount of damage caused.

Smith to speak at Columbus.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Postmaster General Emory Smith, in addition to other political addresses, has agreed to make one at Columbus Oct. 15.

EXPLOSION THEN FIRE

Fearful Disaster In a Toledo Elevator.

TEN WERE REPORTED TO BE DEAD

Eight More Persons Received Injuries Supposed to Be Fatal—Superintendent Blown Out of a Window—Loss May Be Over \$500,000, Partially Insured.

TOLEDO, Sept. 21.—A terrible fire, thought to be due to spontaneous combustion, occurred at the grain elevator of Paddock, Hodge & Co. last night.

As far as known last night eight men were killed and probably eight fatally injured.

Some of those who were taken out after the fire started were far enough from death's door to tell many of the details.

William J. Parks, the superintendent, after being blown through the window of the lower story, was conscious for a moment, and said that about 8:30 a terrible explosion occurred on the south side of the elevator, and that he knew there were about 20 men at work on the seven floors of the enormous building. None of those who are now alive will survive the burns and bruises with which they are covered. Besides those regularly employed at the elevator the three children of Superintendent Parks were visiting him at the time. One of these may recover from his burns, but Grace, a 17-year-old girl, is burned almost beyond recognition, and Harold, the third child, has not been found, being either blown to atoms or cremated.

William Parks was found about 20 feet from the building, frightfully burned and his clothing almost entirely torn off. He had been hurled from his place in the main room through a window and his agonizing cries were most pitiful. Another employe, John Carr, was hurled from the fifth floor of the building, and was found bleeding and burned, with many bones broken. He did not long survive. Fireman David Kemp and Charles Keifer, the engineer, were found at their places in the engine rooms. They were wounded by falling timbers and their faces were charred to a crisp by the flames.

The little daughter of William Parks, was sitting at the desk in the office at the time of the explosion and she was hurled out of the door. She walked down the elevation on which the building stands and dropped down, to be carried away unconscious, suffering from wounds from which she cannot recover. John Smith was fatally burned. He was literally dismembered and was taken to the hospital to die.

The missing men are doubtless all dead. No trace can be found of any of them, and, as they were employed at the top of the elevator, their chances for escape were but slight.

The names of the dead given were: Samuel Alexander. Bert Wainwright. Fred Garrett. Harold Parks. John Smith. Grace Parks. Frank Van Housen. John Carr.

The names of the injured given were: David Kemp. Barney Welch. Charles Keifer. Fred Pargilis. Eliott. Charles Brookseeker. Everett Smith. Hamilton Parks. William J. Parks. W. C. Jordan. Peter Haast. Al Baldie.

Four others, names not known. The property and the grain is an entire loss, and may probably reach between \$500,000 and \$600,000. The insurance is \$135,000 on the building and the grain is covered with \$258,000 insurance.

TOLEDO, Sept. 21.—Superintendent William Parks and one of the unknown injured men died early this morning of their injuries, making the total number of fatalities ten.

A revision of the fire loss showed five buildings and contents are valued at \$550,000. The damage to adjoining property is \$8,000.

Fatal Gas Explosion.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 21.—A gas explosion occurred in the Slope coal mine at Lisbon, 30 miles from here, Monday night. John Connelly was killed. The remainder of the night shift had narrow escapes.

To Take Nurses to Porto Rico.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The transport Berlin is expected to sail today for Porto Rico, returning via Santiago. She will carry about 30 female nurses and about as many male nurses for service in Porto Rico. A quantity of medical stores will also be shipped on the transport. The Relief is expected to sail tomorrow.

John Sherman Ill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Hon. John E. Sherman has been ill at his residence in this city from an attack of bronchitis.

THIS WEEK

we will sell about 500 pairs ladies' and gents' shoes, all styles, at about 50c per pair less than regular price.

The ladies' are vica kid, lace and button, all styles, at

\$1.50 & \$2.00

The gents' are satin calf, lace and congress, all styles, at

\$1.50 & \$2.00

W. H. GASS,
220 Diamond,

MAY YET BE NEEDED

The Eighth May See Further Service.

MAJOR VOLLRATH HAS A VIEW

He Thinks Every Man of the Command Will Be In Line and Not One Will Be Found Wanting—A Wild Story From Columbus.

Major Vollrath, of the Eighth Ohio, was in Columbus yesterday, and seems to have fallen into the hands of the newspaper boys. As a result the following story, of interest to every member of the command, has been sent out:

"Major Vollrath, of the Eighth O. V. I., says the officers of his regiment have had an unofficial intimation that the regiment would be needed again, and that a discharge at the end of the 60 days' furlough is not a certainty. Major Vollrath says in his belief the men will return to their duty without reluctance, if they are assured their services are needed.

"Our experience in Cuba was a rough one," said he. "When almost every other man was down with fever, we did not have a grain of quinine or antipyrine. Nevertheless the men were willing to stay and fight if they could get supplies.

"If the terms of peace have not been formulated when our furloughs end I expect to see the men held in service. The furloughs may be extended for a few weeks, instead of recalling the men to camps."

HOME MONEY ORDERS.

Something New In the Way to Pay Bills.

The public will greatly appreciate the convenience afforded through an order issued yesterday by First Assistant Postmaster General Heath, which authorizes postmasters to issue money orders payable at their own offices. This practice has not been heretofore followed, and the new departure will be an accommodation to the great number of people who, not having an account at a bank, desire to follow this economical and absolutely safe method in payment of bills.

These money orders may now be used, for illustration, in payment of gas bills, merchants and grocers' bills. In smaller places, the person indebted to a farmer may have an order drawn in favor of the latter, payable to him at any time, and sent to him by a neighbor who obtains and delivers the mail for the neighborhood, the entire cost, say for \$10, being but 10 cents.

LOW RIVER

Will Permit Rapid Progress on Merrill Dam.

Major W. H. Bixby, engineer in charge of the improvements of the Ohio river, is receiving bids for the removal of the coffer dam at dam 6. This dam is located at Merrill, and half of the Chanoine dam which is being built there is nearly finished.

It is expected that the work on the portion now being built will be finished in a couple of weeks. If the river remains low and the work can be prosecuted quickly, the removal of the coffer dam can be accomplished with less difficulty. As soon as the coffer dam is removed the old channel will be improved.

—Mr. and Mrs. Potter and children, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Potter, of Avondale street, for several weeks, left this morning for their home in Omaha, Neb.

HEROES AT SIBONEY TOO

Twenty-fourth Infantry's Work In the Fever Camp.

MAJOR MARKLEY'S HEROIC SPIRIT.

White Officers and Negro Privates Faced the Yellow Fever With the Same Unflinching Courage They Showed on San Juan Hill—Wonderful Record For Nursing Hard to Parallel.

Transport No. 1, the steamship Nueces, which left Santiago bay on Aug. 26, reached Montauk Point a few nights ago. She had on board the Twenty-fourth infantry, one of the negro regiments, and a detachment of the First Illinois. After the fight at San Juan hill the Twenty-fourth dropped out of sight, and for more than a month and a half it was practically lost to the world. During this time it went through an experience not easy to parallel.

In the attack on San Juan hill the black Twenty-fourth was ordered forward, to be supported by the Ninth and the Thirteenth infantry. There were more than 600 men in the regiment, and they were marched a mile and a quarter by the flank so as to take a position at the front. In performing this movement they passed the other regiments, turned and formed at the front of the hill. Back of them and to their left were high hills, from which during their march to position the nearly noiseless Mausers rained a stream of bullets. It was not till the regiment formed in the narrow valley at the foot of San Juan hill that the source of these bullets was known.

A few minutes after this preparatory formation the firing from these hills increased and the position became untenable and the blacks moved forward to the attack. This brought them within range of other positions held by the Spaniards, and from the right, from the left, from behind, from the tree tops, seemingly from all around them, came the leaden hail. Men began to fall in numbers, many shot in the right leg and the left shoulder at the same time. Few who were shot received less than two wounds, and the march up the hill was marked by the sight of tumbling, stumbling men, pitching forward in the death struggle. The Spaniards, counting on their experience with the black insurgents, had concentrated their fire on the Twenty-fourth as the weakest part of the advancing line and the regiment likely to be thrown soonest into confusion. The Twenty-fourth kept on meeting the fire from the hilltops unflinchingly, ignoring the galling cross fire, not minding the bullets that pattered on the wire fence ahead, buried themselves with spiteful speed in the mud beneath or sang in high cadence over their heads.

It took the Twenty-fourth 40 minutes to ascend San Juan hill, and in that time General Wikoff had been shot in the back, and while being carried to the rear had been shot again and killed. General Worth, his successor, was shot in the back and dragged off, and Lieutenant Colonel Liscomb, who next took command, was shot through the shoulder and carried back. On the hill Colonel Ewers took command, and the Twenty-fourth gained the trenches with a loss of 8 officers and 85 men. In the trenches Major Markley of the Twenty-fourth took command, and in the trying days that followed the battle of San Juan hill he upheld his command under vicissitudes that few officers have been called on to face.

For ten days the Twenty-fourth was on San Juan hill, relieving other commands at different points at night and returning to camp in the trenches by day. There were few shelter tents to accommodate officers and men, and the sun scorched, the rain fell and soaked both men and ground, and sleep was to be had only in the mud. It was weary, heart breaking work, this, and after a rest on the soggy hill the men resumed their duties stiffened and weak. On the tenth day an order was received for the men to move off the hill and camp and make themselves comfortable. The order was heard with satisfaction, and the regiment moved over to a hillside and began clearing the ground for a camp and prepared to have one night's good rest. Fatigued and worn out by exposure and constant duty, the men set at work with all the vim they could muster and made good progress. The camp was nearly ready at 4 p. m., when a new order was received for the regiment to proceed to Siboney at once. By 6 p. m. the men were ready to start on an all night march. The night was pitch dark, the brilliant southern stars, hidden by the trees, lending scarcely a ray to illuminate the road as the soldiers plodded along the trails over the hillsides and floundered in puddles of water and mud. It became necessary frequently for the men to grasp one another's hands to avoid being lost in the gloom or entangled in briar and undergrowth. At 3 a. m. the white tents of the hospital of Siboney could be discerned from a hilltop, and, worn out by the toils of the day and night, the men lay down on the ground and slept with cold dew settling around them.

Early that morning Major Markley went down the hill alone, poked around and found out what his command was

expected to do. That climb back to the top of the hill, where, rested his tired but uncomplaining regiment, must have been made with a sinking heart, for he had learned that his men, having fought the Spaniards so bravely, were now to be used as nurses and laborers in the yellow fever hospitals two miles up the railroad from Siboney. But if Major Markley had thoughts of discouragement he hid them well. He cheerfully announced the regiment's new duties, commented upon them as being evidence of the worth of the Twenty-fourth, laughed at the officers who might have felt weakkneed and reassured the soldier whose looks indicated that he hesitated at the test of the pesthouse. He discovered soon that he had made some progress in reassuring his command and, seizing the opportunity, called for volunteers for the yellow fever tents. Captain Augur quickly aided his commander, and 15 men volunteered from his company. This started the ball rolling, and the other captains following the example so bravely set by Captain Augur furnished the complement of 65 nurses for the yellow fever post. The detail started on their mission without a murmur, without a protest that they had been mustered in as soldiers, not as yellow fever nurses. It was a serious squad that marched out in the forenoon to take their station at the post down the railroad nevertheless. But the task before the regiment had only begun. Volunteers for burial detail, volunteers for cooks, volunteers for policing, volunteers for all manner of work attached to attending some 1,200 sick not in the yellow fever camp, were called for till more than 100 men besides the nurses were lined up for assignment.

Five days elapsed before news was received from the first 65 volunteer nurses sent to the yellow fever post. The news was that 44 of them were down and must be replaced. Again Major Markley went among his command and exhorted them to do all they could for the sick. Then 44 new volunteers started for the post. Again and again were calls made, and batches of 15, 12, six and so on volunteered. Each day was marked by the departure of new men to take the place of those who fell victims to the fever.

In the meantime Major Markley and his officers were hard at work putting the camp into sanitary condition. Owing to the absence of the utensils needed in a camp of sickness, the pollution of the camp was enormous. Of all disagreeable tasks the work of keeping a hospital camp clean is perhaps the most obnoxious. At Siboney this work was most revolting, but the half sick men of the Twenty-fourth went at it with dogged resolution. They dragged the dead sand crabs from under the cots with improvised rakes made with barrel nails, they performed the trying duties involved in nursing fever patients under the dreadful conditions that existed, and they restrained the fever crazed patients. Night would close down full of anxiety to the well in that faraway, hostile country, lonely and desolate to the sick. In one day 341 sick were reported in camp. Dr. La Garde of Louisiana, head of the yellow fever hospital, began to break down under the strain. Not an hour of the night, scarcely an hour of the day, was he absent from his post, battling with the great disadvantage of lack of some of the simplest drugs against an insidious foe that gave no rest. No sooner was one patient on the road to recovery, or dead, than a dozen new ones claimed his attention. Dr. Echeverria of Tampa, who had exceptional success in treating the fever, was also bending under the strain.

Outside the hospital Major Markley was calling for details for this and details for that, and at roll call a tottering, worn out line of soldiers answered to their names. The major would announce the detail and say in conclusion that if any of the men were unable on account of illness to perform duty they should fall out. Not a man would leave the line, and the details would march away. Within an hour or two generally some of the men would return, acknowledge they were too weak to continue their work and be ordered to their tents. So reduced was the regiment that sergeants became cooks for the time, corporals privates and Major Markley himself did corporal duty. Spade in hand he would show how the work was to be done, or with tent pin labor with his baker's dozen to erect a tent on new ground. This task of moving tents to new locations to avoid insupportable conditions was a daily and exhausting one. The hardest part of it was digging the trenches around the tent, work which the men were physically unable to do. As a consequence, in heavy rains water flowed through the tents and under the cots of men sick with fever, and matters could hardly be worse. But the major held on, going among the patients and joking them into better spirits or humorously scolding them for some breach of hygienic rules.

One evening 12 female and 22 male nurses came into the camp, having been sent thither by the army hospital agent in New Orleans. Their arrival was unexpected. For many days the hospital at Siboney seemed forgotten by the outside world, and all there seemed to have been left to their fate. Major Markley discovered that they were not all up to the tricks of nursing, especially nursing where cots touched one another and half dead men watched their neighbor die in the next cot. The new nurses were not pleased with the prospects,

but the major got at them, and, using all his diplomacy, succeeded in marching the new arrivals to the sick tents. There they gave him three cheers and promised to do their best. The situation having improved somewhat, Dr. La Garde, broken down, left for the United States to recuperate. So for 40 days the Twenty-fourth staid at Siboney, carrying only 453 names on the muster roll, against the 600 and odd that landed for the attack on Santiago. Perhaps these 40 days with all their scenes of distress may accentuate the fact that this was the first instance that a whole regiment worn out with fighting on a battlefield of unusual severity was converted into nurses in a place where no man's foot trod willingly.—New York Sun.

Extraordinary Drinks.

Of the many extraordinary drinks regularly consumed the blood of live horses may perhaps be considered the most so. Marco Polo and Carpini were the first to tell the world of the practice of the Tartars and Mongols opening the vein in their horses' necks, taking a drink and closing the wound again. As far as can be seen this has been the practice from time immemorial.

There is a wine habitually consumed in China which is made from the flesh of lambs reduced to paste with milk or bruised into pulp with rice and then fermented. It is exceptionally strong and nutritious and powerfully stimulating to the physical organism.

The Laplanders drink a great deal of smoked snow water, and one of the national drinks of the Tonquinese is arrack flavored with chickens' blood. The list would scarcely be complete without mention of absinthe, which may be called the national spirituous drink of France. It is a horrible compound of alcohol, anise, coriander, fennel, wormwood, indigo and sulphate of copper. It is strong, nasty and a moral and physical poison.

Snow Trade In Sicily.

The principal export from Catania is snow, in which a most lucrative trade is carried on in Malta and parts of southern Italy. It is collected during the winter in hollows in the mountains and covered with ashes to prevent its thawing. It is brought down in panniers on mules to the coast at night. The revenue derived from this source is immense and renders the Prince of Paterno one of the richest men in Sicily. Snow is the universal luxury from the highest to the lowest rank and is sold at the rate of 4 cents for 30 ounces. The poorest cobbler there would rather deprive himself of his dinner than of his glass of "acqua gelata."

It is extensively used in hospitals and a scarcity of it would be considered almost as great a misfortune as a famine and would occasion popular tumult. To guard against such accidents the government at Naples has made the providing of it a monopoly, the contractors being required to give security to the amount of 60,000 ducats, which sum is forfeited if it can be proved that for one hour the supply has not been equal to the demand.

Respectable Cubans For Annexation.

It is not only likely, but almost absolutely certain, that an overwhelming majority of the respectable Cuban population has come swiftly round to the conviction that the permanent peace and prosperity of the island can only be assured by annexation to the United States. A popular vote on that proposition would without doubt show an immense majority in its favor, the former pro-Spanish party recognizing in it its only protection against the insurgents, who are quite as cruel and savage as their oppressors were while they had power so to be. "Annexation," says a recent Havana letter in the London Times, "which nine-tenths of the inhabitants desire because they dread independence above all things, seems to be the only solution that will bring peace to the war wasted land."—New York Tribune.

Colonel Roosevelt Took a Rest.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt took a few days off soon after his arrival in New York and went to his home in Oyster Bay to rest, but to the visitors who sought him there it was evident that he was as busy at home as he was in camp. Since Colonel Roosevelt landed in Cuba his mail has been large enough to keep one man busy, and many of the letters were of such a character that he felt called upon to answer them himself. There were inquiries for men in his regiment, congratulatory notes and not a few letters written by old campaigners who wrote him about military affairs. Colonel Roosevelt said to one of his visitors that one mail in Santiago brought him 125 letters. Since his return his mail has increased.

Angelic Acid.

Apropos of acids, there is an angelic acid, obtained from that most graceful of our umbelliferous plants, cultivated in England in the sixteenth century as a pot herb and still used as a candied sweetmeat. From this "herbangelick," or "root of the Holy Ghost," whose fragrance was reputed good against poison and pestilence, was also distilled a perfume, charmingly named angel water, affected by the beauties of the seventeenth century. "I met," says Sedley, "the prettiest creature in New Springgarden. Angel water was the worst scent about her."—Cornhill Magazine.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

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HIGH GRADE
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No matter what the size
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facilities we can compete
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of work and price.

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new face of type patented
always finds room in our
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Improved Gordons for
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a pressman late in charge
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ing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

WELLSVILLE.

PROGRAM IS COMPLETE

Soldiers Will Be Given a Rousing Reception.

THEY WILL EAT TO GOOD MUSIC

The Arrangements Provide For a Pleasant Evening—Horse and Buggy Stolen, and Police Are After Suspects—All the News of Wellsville.

The committee having in charge the banquet for Company E, met last night at the Grand Army hall and completed arrangements. The following program will be carried out:

Music.....Starrett's orchestra
Address of welcome.....Mayor Dennis
America.....Audience
Prayer.....Rev. H. N. Miller
Supper.....The Soldiers
Overture.....War Songs, Orchestra
Solo.....Mrs. Duck
Music.....Orchestra
Solo.....Miss Minerva Ingram
Solo.....Frank Kelley
Solo.....Miss Florence Everson
Solo.....Walter Burnett

Stole a Horse.

A very valuable horse and buggy were stolen from John Kennedy last night about midnight. The stable is on Coal street, between Fifth and Sixth streets. The horse is a beautiful sorrel, worth at least \$200. Names of parties suspected are given and the police hope to soon return the stolen goods to the owner.

Badly Burned.

Yesterday morning about 9 o'clock an employe at the rolling mill named Barcus was burned by the explosion of a puddle ball.

The molten metal set fire to his clothing and he was badly burned about the face and arms. Assistance was immediately at hand, and he was able to get to his home before his burns were dressed.

The Reception.

The reception at the home of Richard Stewart, last evening was a very pleasant affair. Reverend and Mrs. S. Burt were present, but Reverend Reager was unable to be there on account of illness.

As was anticipated a large crowd availed themselves of the opportunity afforded to meet and greet the guests of the occasion.

The affair was entirely informal. Refreshments were served.

The News of Wellsville.

P. M. Ashford, of Salineville; John S. McNutt, Lisbon; L. L. Smith, Canton; E. E. Scranton, Alliance; H. L. Mills, Alliance; W. C. Denslow, Allegheny, are all in town.

G. W. Pease, of Columbus, is visiting his brother in town.

Mr. L. T. Saltsman took the morning train for Cleveland where he will remain a few days.

Mrs. J. E. Thayer, of Broadway, went down to Cumberland this morning.

Miss Kate Dunbar, of Irontdale, was in town shopping yesterday.

Mrs. Alex. Noble, Mrs. Nellie Burnett and Mrs. Emory Paisley, of Irontdale, were visiting friends in town yesterday.

Rev. J. N. Swan, of Island Creek, came up on the noon train yesterday. He will attend the funeral of the late John Mick, in the Scotch settlement.

Mrs. J. M. Hickman, of Seventh street, and two children left yesterday afternoon for a two weeks' visit with her mother in Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. William Carson, of Toronto, came up yesterday to visit the home folks. Mr. Carson returned last evening, but Mrs. Carson will remain for a longer visit.

The Jefferson County Women's Christian Temperance union are holding their convention in Toronto today and tomorrow.

A sign on Front street near the depot announces among other attractions in the edible line, "beef stake and onions."

A force of men under Street Commissioner Herbert are now at work repairing the run in the West End that damages property so much by the narrow channel.

George McClintock, who is now a member of a Kansas regiment, passed through town yesterday. Many friends greeted him at the depot. Mr. McClintock was formerly a conductor on the Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad and resided here.

Frank Chandler has moved from Nevada street to Nicholson avenue.

Mrs. Holmes McFadden and Miss Lizzie McFadden, of Mechanicstown,

were visiting friends in town yesterday.

Mrs. George McLain, of Irontdale, spent yesterday in town.

David Potter, wife and child, who have been visiting James Dawson, Maple avenue, left yesterday for their home in Omaha, Nebraska.

The Age of Niagara Falls.

At the recent meeting of the American Association For the Advancement of Science Professor C. F. Wright read a paper on "The Age of Niagara Falls as Indicated by the Width of the Gorge at Lewiston."

"The late Dr. Hall," said the speaker, "early noted the significant fact that the outlet of the chasm below Niagara falls is scarcely wider than elsewhere along its course. Clearly this is important evidence of the late date of its origin. A close examination made this summer strengthens the force of the argument, since the disintegrating forces tending to enlarge the outlet and give it a V shape are more rapid than have been supposed."

"At the lowest estimate 12,000 years only would be required for the enlargement of the upper part of the mouth of the gorge 1,000 feet on each side, which is largely in excess of the actual amount of enlargement. Some of the recent estimates, therefore, which would make the gorge from 30,000 to 40,000 years old are evidently extravagant and must incorporate some error in their premises. The gorge cannot be much more than 10,000 years old and is probably considerably less."

The British Empire.

At the present moment the British empire is 53 times the size of France, 53 times that of Germany, 3½ times that of the United States of America, thrice the size of Europe, with treble the population of all the Russias. It extends over 11,000,000 square miles, occupies one-fifth of the globe, contains one-fifth of the human race, or 350,000,000 people, embraces four continents, 10,000 islands, 500 promontories and 2,000 rivers.

WANTED.

CLAIRVOYANT—MADAM FOX—Greatest living. Reads you like a book from cradle to grave. Gives advice on love, courtship and marriage, divorce, lawsuits. If in trouble, see her. Satisfaction or no pay. Parlors, 163½ Market street.

WANTED—Ten lady agents at once to place out samples for Monarch Soap company, New York. Wages \$1 per day. Call at Cottage Hotel, 141 Second street. Ask for H. C. Briggs, general manager.

WANTED—One first-class house-to-house agent; good money can be made by an all around hustler. Address by letter only. Agent, general delivery, East Liverpool, O.

LOST.

LOST—Gold Princeton college pin. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the store of W. A. Hill, in the Diamond.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS—THE POTTERY situated on Ravine street, this city. Enquire of A. Peterson, corner East Market and Broadway.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished room. All privileges of bath, etc. Inquire 177 Sixth street.

Miss Lucile Virginia Reed, ELOCUTION

and Instrumental Music

In connection with Ohio Valley Business College. For terms call on Prof. J. F. Cooper.

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The Lowest

If quality of goods are considered. We handle no trashy goods for advertising purposes.

PRICE LIST.

Mason Jars, quarts, per doz.....35c
Half pint cov. Tumblers, per doz.....20c
Half pint plain Tumblers, per doz.....20c
Extra Caps and Rubbers, per doz.....20c
Crystal-Sealing Wax, 2 packages.....5c
New cleaned Currants, per lb.....10c
New seeded Raisins, per lb.....10c
New large Cal. Raisins, per lb.....5c
New Buckwheat, 8 lb for.....25c
New Corn Meal, 15 lb for.....25c
New Hominy, 15 lb for.....25c
Rolled Oats, 8 lb for.....25c
Oat Meal, 8 lb for.....25c
Fresh Ginger Snaps, per lb.....5c
Fresh Butter Crackers, per lb.....5c
Fresh Oyster Crackers, per lb.....5c
Fresh Wine Cakes, per lb.....7c
Fresh Lunch Cakes, per pound.....7c
Full size Wash Boards, each.....10c
3 Tie Brooms, each.....10c
17 in. Coal Hods, each.....15c
Best Candles, each.....1c
Carpet Tacks, per box.....1c

ATLANTIC TEA CO.

We Lead,
Let Those Who Can Follow.

NAVAL NAVIGATORS.

THEY HAVE MANY VERY SERIOUS DUTIES TO PERFORM.

Besides a Thorough Nautical Training the Officer Who Navigates a Man-of-war Must Be Possessed of a Vast Fund of Technical Scientific Knowledge.

It is doubtful if any office in the navy, aside from an absolute command, involves so vast a responsibility as that of navigator of a man-of-war. The duties of this important station in former years fell to officers of the rank of master, but with the abolition of that grade its affairs devolved upon the lieutenants holding the highest numbers on the list. Upon the navigator of a warship depends not only the task of shaping the vessel's course for any point across the seas to which her destinies may direct her, but also the responsibility of piloting her in and out of harbor and of selecting a safe anchorage for her in every port visited during the period of her cruise. Hence, it follows that, combined with a thorough nautical training, the competent navigator must be possessed of a vast fund of geographical, meteorological and hydrographical knowledge. While at sea, he must know the vessel's position to a degree, which necessitates his taking frequent observations of the celestial bodies and making solutions of intricate problems in geometry and trigonometry, such as constantly arise through deviations, brought about by innumerable causes, from her given course.

Unquestionably the most important element in navigation, because of its infallibility under ordinary conditions, in determining the latitude, longitude and error in the ship's compass, is what is known in maritime phraseology as "nautical astronomy." With the aid of a sextant or quadrant for measuring the altitude of the heavenly bodies above the horizon or their distance from each other, a timepiece to mark the instant of an observation, a chronometer to show the time at the first meridian, a nautical almanac and an azimuth compass, the navigator can readily determine his position with the utmost exactitude.

The average voyage is more or less characterized by erroneous estimates in distances sailed, in varying currents, careless steering, deviation in the compass and numerous other obstacles, and upon the navigator rests the responsibility of adjusting such errors. In long passages across the open sea the navigator is governed by a rather complex combination of motives, which may be summed up as follows: To cover the required distance in the shortest space of time with the smallest expenditure of fuel and the least wear and tear of the vessel that is possible.

With these objects in view the navigator must prior to sailing superintend personally the stowing of the hold, the arrangement of ballast, water, provisions, stores, etc., and the inspection and adjustment of the motive appliances of the ship, all of which features, severally and collectively, greatly affect her speed and seaworthiness.

If his vessel possesses the facilities for making sail, he must while at sea exercise the keenest judgment and foresight as to utilizing the same, for sail used to good advantage is a great saver of coal, while otherwise, if used indiscriminately, it may entail much loss of time. The expert navigator draws the line with exceeding fineness between a high fair wind and a gale, making the most of the former as long as his vessel is not jeopardized, heaving her to at just the proper period and getting under way again at the first sign of moderation in the weather. The commander of a warship reposes the utmost confidence in a skilled and careful navigator and rarely interferes with his plans. Another of the numerous details coming under the navigator's supervision is the keeping of the ship's log. This is commenced by him at the time the vessel is placed in commission, and its pages record the events of each succeeding day. There is absolutely nothing which transpires officially on board of a man-of-war that is not written in the log, and each day the navigator must carry it to the commanding officer for his inspection. At the expiration of every six months the ship's log must be closed and forwarded to the navy department at Washington, where it is placed among the records.

The navigator is provided with a large and varied assortment of instruments and appliances designed to facilitate his work. While in port he is often detailed to make surveys of portions of the coast line which may be defective upon the charts or to determine the exact location of rocks or shoals which hitherto have not been marked with sufficient accuracy.

The navigator has charge of all the various weather indicators of the vessel and must render quarterly reports of all meteorological observations. These are taken at regular intervals by the quartermaster of the watch and fully entered upon the ship's log. The navigator must regularly inspect the steering gear, compasses, anchors and chain cables of the ship and daily report their condition to the commanding officer. He must also keep a separate book in which are recorded all calculations relating to the navigation of the vessel and in which no erasures are permitted to be made. At the expiration of the cruise this book is forwarded to the bureau of navigation.

STAR

BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

New Fall Goods.

Our splendid line of New Fall Goods have arrived, and are now on display. Come and see them, and read the announcement of prices in this advertisement Friday, September 23.

Collarettes.

We opened this week the greatest line of collarettes you ever saw, and we are going to sell them at astonishing low prices. We have all styles and combinations, and all we ask you is to see our line before buying. We can positively save you from one to five dollars, according to quality.

Millinery.

We are selling lots of sailors and walking hats now, although it is rather warm yet. We have all the latest shapes, and our prices are the lowest in town. 200 new trimmed hats opened today, the latest style, at prices you never saw before.


New black and colored dress goods, new silks, new trimmings, new silk waists, new dress skirts, new wrappers, blankets, comforts and everything you need in line of dry goods and furnishings, at the lowest prices.

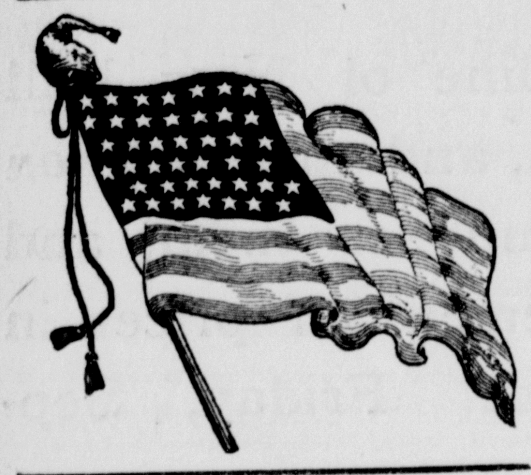
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BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

The News Review
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.
PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor
[Entered as second class matter at the East
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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5.00
Three Months.....1.25
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21.


UNION PAPERS.
All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



UNCLE SAM, realizing the war is over, is now awakening to the fact that generals, as well as privates, should be mustered out of service, a very sensible idea.

WHEN our big battleships and cruisers reach Manila, even those European nations with a mania for seizing advantageous ports in that part of the world will change their policy, for by this action President McKinley shows he is preparing for any trouble they may desire to make.

WHILE Major Vollrath may know that every member of the Eighth would continue in the government service provided they are needed, yet their friends cannot understand why they, after passing through the sufferings and hardships of the Santiago campaign, should be asked to remain soldiers. The people think our boys have done their duty.

CIVIL SERVICE CHANGE.
The announcement that President McKinley will soon issue an order by which some 45,000 persons now under the protection of civil service rules will be displaced by Republicans, will doubtless cause gratification. It will be readily remembered that Grover Cleveland, when in office, used his every effort to retain Democrats in position even though he knew he must in time depart, and the work to be done now will simply throw down the machine he would have raised. The opponents of President McKinley cannot raise their voices in loud objection, for have they not for many years been repeating the time worn assertion that the victors should have the spoils?

ENDORSED THE PRESIDENT.
It is cheering to know that the East Ohio conference unanimously endorsed President McKinley before its adjournment, the ministers not only supporting the resolution, but showing their anxiety days before it came before the session. In this instance the endorsement comes from the heart. Many men who now occupy pulpits as Methodist ministers were among the boys who went forth to fight in the civil war and they have not forgotten that President McKinley was one of their number. They have carefully watched his wise, patriotic policy during the past few months, and know he has not only done his best, but that his actions have been those of an American. President McKinley will doubtless cherish that endorsement as the sentiment of men he knows, while his friends will hail it as recognition of his good sense and patriotism.

NO FACTIONS.
The attempt of the Democrats to fight this campaign on the strength of the fact that there are factions in the Republican party in Ohio, should be made a complete and inglorious failure. There have been factions, it is true. Leaders have abused each other and the war has been carried on until the attention of the entire country was attracted, but the people have had little part in the contest. They have from the start watched the battle with little sympathy for men who attack their own party, yet declare they are members of that party. The rank and file of the party

are Republicans. They have nothing to do with private grievances. They know the principles for which the party stands, and are ready, as in the past, to stand by those principles because they know them to form that word which means so much, Republicanism.

A BANQUET
Will Be Tendered Sons of Veterans Who Went to the Front.
The Sons of Veterans held an interesting meeting last evening and initiated one candidate and decided to order several new uniforms. A committee was appointed to make arrangements for a banquet next Tuesday evening to be given the members of Company E who are also members of the order. An elaborate program will be arranged, and the banquet will be one of the finest ever served in the city. Ira G. Mushrush, a member of the company who is a member of the Toronto Sons of Veterans, will be invited to attend.

MADE SOME MONEY.
Final Report of the Labor Day Committee Prepared.
The Labor day committee met last evening, and heard the final reports from the various sub-committees and also completed their report to be presented to Trades council. It will show that 5,628 people were in attendance at the park the day of the celebration, while the total receipts from all sources amounted to \$859.10, leaving a balance in the treasury of about \$450 after all expenses were paid. The committee extended a vote of thanks to all persons who assisted in making the celebration a success, and adjourned.

ABILITY RECOGNIZED.
News Review Advertisement Received Commendation.

Gibson's Clothing Gazette, one of the leading trade papers of the country, recently contained a reproduction of an advertisement that was first set up and appeared in the NEWS REVIEW. It is given as one of the handsomest advertisements printed in the country that week.

The compliment is highly appreciated by Mr. William Erlanger, whose business it advertised, and by Foreman William Carpenter of the NEWS REVIEW composing room. The NEWS REVIEW employs none but the best talent.

MRS. TAYLOR RESIGNED.
She Is No Longer Connected With the Red Cross.

It is announced today that Mrs. John N. Taylor has resigned her position as president of the Red Cross society. Mrs. Taylor has also severed her connection with the organization. The resignation was given at the meeting last night.

Committees to Meet.
The various committees who have in charge the arrangements for the entertainment of the members of Company E at Columbian park one week from Friday will meet this evening at Colonel Taylor's office. There is much business to be transacted.

Raised the Flag.
A large number of people witnessed the flag raising at the parochial school in Fifth street last night. After the children of the school had sung several patriotic songs the crowd was dismissed.

Soldiers Are Hunting.
Privates Lucas and Robinson, of Company E, are spending a few days in the southern part of West Virginia. The boys are on a hunting trip, and they will return next week.


EVEN IF
You had a
NECK
As long as this fellow and had
SORE THROAT
ALL THE WAY DOWN
Tonsiline
WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.
25c and 50c.
All Druggists.
THE TONLINE CO., CANTON, O.

WILL BE A BALANCE
After the Soldiers Have Been Provided For.

HOSPITAL LADIES CAN USE IT
The Matter Is Already Arousing Some Interest, and as a Temporary Hospital Will Be Established Soon Many Believe It a Good Plan.

The question of what will be done with the balance remaining in the hands of the committee after the wants of Company E have been supplied is causing some people in the city to think, and many of them are thinking it should go to the ladies who are working so hard for the founding of a hospital. Already the movement is started, and people who entertain this idea claim it is the best way to dispose of the money, since it could not be given for a better purpose. The association will in the near future open a temporary hospital, and should any members of the company become ill they can receive the best of treatment. The money will greatly assist the ladies in their work. It is intimated that if the company were allowed to vote on the disposition of the money they would favor it going to the hospital.

CURE FOR ASTHMA.
Discovery of a Leading Physician—A Public Test Will Be Made Tomorrow at Hamilton's Drug Store.

All day tomorrow free sample packages of the celebrated "Schiffmann's Asthma cure" will be given away at W. O. Hamilton's drug store, corner Fifth and Market streets.

The doctor wants each sufferer from Asthma, Hay Fever or Bronchitis in this city to call and get one. When asked regarding his reasons for giving his remedy away in this manner, he said: "People are naturally skeptical about an asthma remedy, and when you consider the number of so called 'cures' on the market you can hardly blame them. Now I claim that my Cure cures. It will instantly relieve the most violent attack. It has permanently cured thousands who had been considered incurable. If I did not believe it why should I be giving it away? The sufferer who gets a sample package can tell in two minutes whether it is as I represent it, and it doesn't cost him a cent. That is fair isn't it?"

It certainly does not look as if anything could be fairer. Those living out of town can get a free sample by writing their name and address (only) on a post card addressed Dr. R. Schiffmann, 315 Rosabel street, St. Paul, Minn., up to Sept. 30; not later.

On the River.
Only two feet of water are in the Ohio at Davis island dam. This is the lowest stage of water in a long while. It is without precedent this year. Practically nothing is being done on the streams. In many places down the Ohio and up the Monongahela and Allegheny the water is only a few inches deep. At the wharf this morning the marks registered the same as yesterday.

Splendid Performance.
The Huntley-Jackson company last evening played "The Tornado" at the Grand to a large audience. The piece was presented in a first-class manner, while the specialties were very good and pleased the people. Tonight "Three Hats," with all the scenic effects, will be presented.

Bought a New Wagon.
A new street wagon has been purchased by the fire committee of council. The wagon was received in the city yesterday afternoon and taken to the fire station, where it was prepared for use. The wagon is much larger than the one formerly used and cost about \$75.

Found a Watch.
George Swartz, a collector for a newspaper, has found the watch that was recently lost by Mrs. Vaughn Weaver. Swartz has left the city, but a letter has been written to the firm for whom he works, and the watch is now expected to arrive in the city every day.

Private Morley Not So Well.
Mrs. Morley, of this city, yesterday received a telegram from her son Lincoln that Private Morley had suffered a relapse, and would not be able to start home for several days. He is suffering from fever, and during his illness has been very low.

In our tailoring department we are taking more orders. Satisfaction and prices bring this result.
* JOSEPH BROS'.

SHOES bought at Bendheim's give satisfaction . . .

The Economical Shoe Buyer

is the one that sees to it--

FIRST--That the Shoes are Good Quality.


SECOND--That they are Reasonably Priced.

That the shoes we sell are good quality knowing ones will not doubt--that they are reasonably priced even our competitors are forced to admit.

FALL SHOES.

WE are now showing a complete stock of early Fall Shoes, and at the same time are selling the balance of our summer stock at prices which makes every pair an unparalleled bargain. It's to your interest to see us when you want shoes.

BENDHEIM'S.


STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool, O.

Where Money Is Very Mixed.
Although all accounts are kept in dollars and cents (American standard) in British Guiana, there is no existing coinage to correspond. Gold is rarely tendered, all larger sums being handled in bank notes, kept so long in circulation that they become almost unrecognizable in their filthy fragmentary dilapidation. The silver coinage consists of the most incongruous varieties. Besides British a number of coins, fractions and multiples of the "gilder," enter largely into circulation. These are known as the "bitt" (4d.), "half bitt," the "two bitts," the "gilder" (being 32 cents, or 1s. 4d.), and even a peculiar three half-penny piece is still extant, although eagerly sought for by collectors. All these coins are of great and interesting variety, incident on the transfer of the colony from the Dutch and the once distinct governments of Berbice and Demerara and Essequibo, long since amalgamated. Of copper coins the penny is known as a "gill," while the humble baubee becomes a "cent." Farthings were once introduced, but were regarded with contempt and suspicion, except by a few Chinamen, who succeeded in passing them in their brightness for half sovereigns. To instance the confusion resulting, 11½d. is here described as "two bitts and a half and a gill and a cent."—London Tit-Bits.

Parents Are Unfair to Teachers.
"That existing methods of educating the young fall short of the ideal there is scarcely any question," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "The most prominent educators of the land admit this fact. Every effort is undoubtedly made to better prevailing systems. But the fight is single handed. As teachers and educators constantly say: 'We are alone. Parents give us no assistance. They do not even give us the benefit of ordinary interest.' And this is true—lamentably true. Parents are all too lax about the methods pursued in educating their children. In hundreds of cases they do not even know what the methods are. They know nothing about them. There is no co-operation of the parent with the teacher. However much we may be able to improve modern methods of education, the best results to our children cannot be reached until parent and teacher shall come into closer relations than they are at present."

Awakening France.
The czar's peace dream will go to sleep for awhile till the Dreyfus vision passes by.—Baltimore News.

Melba's First Appearance.
Mme. Melba recently gave an interesting account of her first public appearance. "I was quite a young girl in Australia," she said, "when, notwithstanding the persistent discouragement of my father, who was averse to the idea of a singer's career for me, I engaged a hall and sent round a notice to all my friends. Unfortunately somebody mentioned the little scheme to my father, and he, furious at my clandestine enterprise, begged every one of his acquaintances to uphold his parental authority by ignoring the performance. But I wasn't disheartened, and at the hour announced for the commencement of my concert stepped on to the platform—to find myself face to face with an audience of two. And nobody else came."

A Hard Pie.
That German was a delight, her cookery was often vile, but she was amusing. Her first efforts at pastry making were lamentable. "Margarete, what was the matter with the apple tart? The crust was like a stone." "Oh, madame, I vorked so harrrd. I said to myself, 'Now ze harrrder I vork ze better it will be,' so I rolled and I rolled, and I used all my strengzt, and now it is von stone."

One morning Margarete bounces into my room and bursts out in an injured voice, "Madame, does our coachman belong to my towel?" At last I discover that she refers to the round towel in the scullery, on which the offender had wiped his hands in passing.—Cornhill Magazine.

In fasting feats the sect of Jains, in India, is far ahead of all rivals. Fasts of from 30 to 40 days are not uncommon.

FRANK HUGO
Has removed his shoe shop from West Market street to corner Fourth and Market streets, No. 181.
PRICE LIST.
Men's shoes half soled and heeled, sewed.....\$1.00
Men's shoes half soled and heeled, nailed......75
Ladies' shoes half soled.....50
Boy's shoes half soled.....40
Misses shoes half soled.....35
Children's shoes half soled.....25

GOOD & JOHNSON,
Tonsorial Artists,
Corner Washington and Broadway.
All work first class.
Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALL the News in the News Review.

JOSEPH WEBBER FINED

He Paid \$100 and Costs This Morning

FOR BREAKING A LIQUOR LAW

An Indictment Against Thomas Webber Was Nollied--Frank Taylor on Trial For Throwing a Stone at His Brother-in-law. Courthouse Affairs.

LISBON, Sept. 21.—[Special]—Court convened at 10 o'clock this morning, when Franklin Taylor was placed on trial charged with assault and battery. He is a farmer living near East Carmel, and is charged with having hurled a stone at Frank Skip early in June. The force of the blow rendered him unconscious. Skip is 14 years old, Taylor's brother-in-law and lived on the farm. Taylor, it is said, threw the stone because the boy, who was plowing, failed to stop the horse.

William Cornelius, of Wellsville, will be tried tomorrow. He is under indictment for shooting at Frank Lowry with intent to kill. Eighteen witnesses have been called for the defense and 13 for the state.

Joseph Webber, of Liverpool, paid \$100 and costs in court today. He entered a plea of guilty to selling to habituais. An indictment against Thomas Webber was nollied.

Marriage licenses were issued to H. Sebring and Eva Huston, Thomas Priory and Margaret Ryan, East Liverpool; W. Denning and Martha Robb, East Liverpool.

THOUGHT HIM INSANE.

But Probate Court Could Not See It That Way.

LISBON, Sept. 21.—[Special]—Bud Ball, a young man of Hanover township, was brought into probate court last evening, and an inquest in lunacy followed. Doctor Nevin made the examination, and said he was sane. Ball had been terrorizing the community, giving rise to the belief that his mind was clouded.

The will of Jacob V. Hillis, of Salem, was admitted to probate through common pleas court because Judge Boone was a witness to the will.

Probate court probated the will of Sarah McCurdy, of Madison.

In the estate of Mary Chamberlain, late of Elk Run, Margaret Cox was made administratrix.

The following transfers were made: H. Goetz to Alfred Goetz, lot 943 in Salem, \$100; Elizabeth Robinson to James C. Ainsworth, lot 9 in Wellsville, \$500; Gustav Ellinger to M. H. Younger, lot 736 in Salem, \$1,400; E. S. Deford to Levi Couser, 9 acres in West township \$1,800; M. B. Deford to Levi Couser, 11 acres in West, \$500; John S. Goodwin Porcelain company to S. M. Ferguson, two acres in Wellsville, \$1; Dr. O. D. Shay to Annie N. Reed, land in Liverpool, \$2,400; S. C. Williams to Julia Stern, lot 924 in Liverpool, \$1,300.

NO PRISONERS.

Mayor Bough Is Out of Town and City Hall Is Quiet.

No arrests were made during the night and as a result the jail is now empty, and the prospects for an occupant soon are not very favorable.

Mr. Paden, of West End, who has been lingering as a guest of the city for several days, was released late yesterday afternoon. His fine and costs, amounting to \$9.60, was paid and he departed in peace.

The brown hat and 42 cents in change which Officer Mahony secured in Thompson Hill almost two months ago are still in the keeping of the mayor. No one has claimed the articles, and it is very probable the small amount of money will be converted into the police fund.

CALLED ON THE BOYS.

Major Weybrecht Spent Some of Today In Town.

Major Weybrecht, of the Eighth Ohio, was in town today the guest of Capt. W. M. Hill.

Major Weybrecht attended the funeral of Private Carnahan at Salineville yesterday, and came here last night. The major was cordially greeted by a number of the soldiers of Company E, he being popular with all of them. He would not talk military affairs for publication, but said he believed the Eighth would be mustered out at the close of its furlough.

Knox hat, fall style, has been a great seller. We have them in three dimensions to suit all. See them at

* JOSEPH BROS'.

The News Review for news.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SERVICES AT SALINEVILLE.

Many Persons Attended the Funeral of Private Carnahan.

The remains of Private David B. Carnahan were yesterday afternoon taken to Salineville, and a large circle of sorrowing friends were at the station.

The Grand Army of that place acted as escort, and members of Company E acted as pallbearers and firing squad when the remains were laid to rest in Woodland cemetery. Major Weybrecht, Adjutant Weybrecht, Lieutenant Brosius and several members of Company K, of Alliance, attended the funeral.

The floral offerings were very beautiful. In addition to a pillow from the family, flowers were sent by Hannah Larkins and family, Mrs. J. N. Poole, Miss Sadie Coleman, girls of the dipping and biscuit departments of the China works, W. Thompson, Dan Dixon and Harry Whittacre. Mrs. Adams, a nurse in the ward at Montauk Point, sent a beautiful wreath of flowering weeds mixed with carnations that were donated by patients in her ward at the hospital.

PORTSMOUTH TRUSTEES

Are In Town Today Looking at the Water Works.

The water works trustees of Portsmouth are in the city today viewing the local department.

They have had a great deal of trouble with sand and are endeavoring to secure a system that will do away with it. They were well pleased with the local department and said it was one of the best they had visited during their trip. They also stated that Superintendent Morley was the most practical man they had met in their travels.

LAST SERVICES

Will Be Held This Evening at Second M. E. Church.

The final service of the year will be held this evening at the Second M. E. church, and Rev. S. B. Salmon will deliver his farewell address to the congregation as he will preach next Sunday to his new charge at Smithfield.

Reverend Haverfield, the new pastor of the Second M. E. church, will occupy the pulpit next Sunday.

IN THE RIVER

Is the Ohio Valley Company Putting a Main.

The Ohio Valley Gas company this morning commenced the work of laying a six inch main in the river.

The connection with the main on the Virginia side will be made a short distance below the bridge. The work of laying the pipe will require several days.

SETTLED ON THE AMOUNT

Adjustors Decided on the Liverpool Pottery Loss.

The insurance adjustors who spent yesterday adjusting the loss caused by fire at the plant of the East Liverpool Pottery company, completed their work last evening.

The amount awarded the company was \$17,671.94.

Ounce soft hat at

* JOSEPH BROS'.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—W. D. Liscomb, of Beaver Falls, was a Liverpool visitor today.

—W. L. Taylor has returned from a 10 days' trip to New York and Atlantic City.

—R. M. Brown, of New Cumberland, spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

—Mrs. J. F. Quick this morning left for Marietta. She will make her future home in that city.

—M. A. Adams and family, who have in Columbus several days, returned to the city this morning.

—Corporal Heddleson left this morning for Friendly, W. Va. He will remain there several weeks visiting friends.

TO SAVE THEIR FRIEND

Lisbon Miners Plunged Into a Burning Mine,

BUT WERE OVERCOME BY GAS

And the Efforts of All the Town's Physicians Were Required to Bring Them Back to Life—Conley Is Still Buried Under Tons of Slate.

LISBON, Sept. 21.—[Special]—All efforts to recover the body of James Conley from the slope mine have to this time been unsuccessful. The fans have been kept at work day and night since the explosion occurred Monday, but gas continues to pour in from an abandoned portion of the mine. At 4 o'clock yesterday a rescuing party of 10 attempted to enter the mine and succeeded in reaching the room where Conley was at work when the explosion occurred. At that point the entire party was overcome by gas. The services of every physician in town were required, and for a time it was thought five of the party were dead. Another unsuccessful attempt was made this morning. Inspector Davis has forbidden any more attempts at rescue until compressed air hoods can be obtained.

It is now known Conley lies buried under a fall of slate caused by the terrific explosion. The greater portion of the mine is one fire.

A Fancy For Old Hats.

The inhabitants of the Nicobar islands, a group in the Indian ocean, have an extraordinary fancy for old hats, and a regular trade in such cast off headgear is carried on between Calcutta and Nicobar, the much desired headpieces being paid for in coconuts. A tall chimney pot is the favorite among the Nicobarians, and the acme of fashion is considered to be a high white hat with a black hatband. This is worth from 50 to 60 coconuts, and is worn by the Nicobarian dandy when he goes out fishing, the rest of his attire consisting solely of a waistcoat.

Many are leaving their measure for a suit of clothes at Joseph Bros. Its satisfaction that brings orders to this firm.

Have Many Friends Here.

Miss Blanche Hickman and Denver Williams, of Park, were this morning united in marriage by Reverend McKee at the Presbyterian parsonage in Clarkson in the presence of a few friends. The young people have many friends in the city who will wish them much happiness.

Finishing a Culvert.

Contractor Ryan is doing some fast work toward building the culvert at Tanyard run, between East Markte and Dew Drop alley. The brick is now almost finished, and within a few days the filling in will be commenced.

Children's suits, \$1.98, \$2.48, \$2.98, \$3.48, \$3.98. See Joseph Bros' fall line.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

Monday, Sept. 19,
Huntley-Jackson Production of

THE WORLD.

SEE
The Harbor of Naples
The Great Ship Scene.
The Thrilling Ship Wreck.
The Famous Raft Scene.
The Lunatic Asylum.
The Storm at Sea.

Every Scene Produced As Advertised
Venita, the Dancing Wonder, will appear at each performance.

PRICES - 10, 20, 30c.

Ladies free Monday night.
Reserved Seats on sale at Reed's Drug Store. Matinee Saturday.

Elks Benefit
SEPTEMBER 28.

Willie Collier

—IN—

The Man From
Mexico.

Tickets Now On Sale.
Prices - 50c, 75c and \$1

Our Sales of

Blankets

the past week have been enormous, considering the earliness of the season. But when you consider the quantity and variety and prices we have the mystery is explained.

We bought quantity enough to get the very lowest prices and we are selling at the same ratio.

Take our 90¢ 11-4 Blankets for instance; the size and quality are the same as are regularly sold for \$1.25, so is it any wonder we are selling stacks of them?

Whatever price you compare---

50¢, 75¢, 90¢ \$1.00, OR \$1.25--

you will find the same conditions.

And the beauty of all is the

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT

we make.

Our

Comforts

at

55c 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25

are great value.

Our first purchase is nearly exhausted, but we have just received another lot; so if you didn't get your share of the first lot, do so this time.

THE S. G. HARD CO

THE BIG STORE

SHE DIED THIS MORNING

Flora M. Carman Was Bitten
by a Dog

ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF AUGUST

Nothing Was Thought of It Then, but
Last Night She Became Violent, and In
Spite of the Exertions of Two Doctors
Passed Away.

Flora M. Carman lies dead at the
home of her father, A. C. Carman, 124
Union street, having been bitten by a
dog about the middle of August.

The child, aged 12, was playing in the
yard when the dog, a family pet, snapped
at her, biting her leg near the ankle. It
was only a scratch and but little attention
was given the matter. Two weeks ago the
child became ill, and fearing the bite was
responsible the dog was drowned. She
continued to grow worse until Monday, when
her condition was considered critical. Yesterday
she was seized with convulsions, and it
became apparent to her friends that she
could not live. Doctor Kirk and Doctor
Norris held a consultation and did all in
their power, but it was a clear case of
hydrophobia, and early this morning the
child died.

The funeral will take place tomorrow
afternoon at 2 o'clock. Doctor Lee will
officiate, and interment will be made at
Riverview.

TOMORROW

Will the Trial of William Cornelius Take
Place.

Deputy Tom Creighton was busy yesterday
afternoon and today serving subpoenas
upon witnesses who are expected to
testify in the case of William Cornelius,
the Wellsville printer who is charged with
shooting with intent to kill.

A number of Liverpool people have been
summoned, while a still greater number
of Wellsville witnesses will be present.

BIG BUSINESS AGAIN.

Much Crockery Being Shipped From the
City.

The fall trade has commenced in earnest,
and while the officials of the Cleveland
and Pittsburgh do not give out the amount
of each day's shipments, it is known that
they have been steadily increasing until
now the force at the freight depot have
their hands full.

Shipments have not yet attained the
proportions of last year, but they are
much larger than during the spring or
summer.

NEWS REVIEW

Brings Forth Favorable Mention From
Mr. Ink of Canton.

Mr. H. H. Ink, of Canton, paid this
office a pleasant visit today. Mr. Ink is
interested in the popular sore throat
remedy, Tonsiline, and is making contracts
for their advertising the coming season.
In renewing contract with the REVIEW
Mr. Ink states Tonsiline has had a very
large sale in East Liverpool the past
year, and he credits the NEWS REVIEW
with being the most important factor in
producing such satisfactory returns.

CHILD LABOR.

The Law Is Being Enforced In
Factories.

The state building inspector has issued
an order to all factories of the state,
calling their attention to the law passed
last winter regarding child labor.

The law provided that all minors
under the age of 14 will be required to
attend school. Employers are warned
against keeping them in their employ
as being contrary to the law. The fall
opening of schools all over the state
gave rise to the order.

Immense Business.

Fred B. Sankey, assistant general
traveling passenger agent of the Penn-
sylvania lines west of Pittsburgh, spent
last evening in the city.

He was seen by a reporter and said
that the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road
enjoyed an immense business this sum-
mer, and that the receipts for the month
of August showed a very large increase
over those of last year.

Sent Children Home.

A number of children playing about
the Second street station last night were
promptly ejected by a special officer of
the company. The platform is a bad
place for children and their parents
should see that they are kept away from
the railroad.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright
bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at
News Review.

NONTREATING CLUB.

Institution Organized in Chicago to
Remedy the Treating Nuisance.

A nontreating club has recently been
formed in Chicago, the members of
which pledge themselves not to treat
anybody. "In a short time," says the
Chicago Tribune, "chapters will exist
in every large city from Maine to Cal-
ifornia. Five thousand buttons and cards
were issued the first few days, 10,000
more buttons have been ordered, and the
demand at present is greater than the
supply. The organizers and promoters
of the club are some of the general and
traveling passenger agents located at
Chicago, the chief among them being
Elliott T. Monett, general western pas-
senger agent of the New York, Ontario
and Western railroad and president of
the American Association of Traveling
Passenger Agents."

"The treating business," says Mr.
Monett, "has got to stop. The men of
our profession know every Tom, Dick
and Harry from the Atlantic to the Pa-
cific. We go into a place to get a drink.
Before we can leave we have had half
a dozen or more drinks that we either
have had to take as a treat or pay for
others. It has got to be such a nuisance
that a remedy had to be found, and from
the immense popularity of our
scheme I believe we have struck the
right thing."

When Hungry In China.

There was a painful lack of variety
in our food. Men dying of thirst spend
their last hour in thinking of iced
champagne, sherry cobbler, cocktails
and drafts of beer, whiskies and sodas,
dead horses' heads or whatever their
particular beverage may be. We gas-
tronomically fooled ourselves to the top
of our bent. "I think," one would say,
"when we get to the Hotel de Paris to-
night we'll have a nice little French
dinner of six courses, with coffee and
green chartreuse to wind up with."
"Well," another would remark, "I
should be content with some soup, a
little fish, a slice of beef and some tart."
"Chops and tomato sauce for me," mur-
mured a third, oblivious of the fact
that befell Mr. Pickwick, who had a
similar desire.

Then we would reach a slimy, be-
grimed village, creep into a smelling
hut and make our dinner of pork and
rice, or rice and pork when we desired
to vary the menu. But one night, at a
spot called Taiping-pu, when we called
for the perennial pork we were inform-
ed we could not be supplied. "No
pork," we exclaimed, "no pork in
China! Why, Chinamen are three parts
pork." Then we were told we were in
a Mussulman village, where swine were
an abomination, but we could have salt
beef. We jumped joyfully at the salt
beef, so called, though we knew per-
fectly well it was nothing else but stale,
unprofitable, sinewy wild goat. —Travel

A Day to the Cause.

Mrs. De Gadd—I heard the awfullest
things about Mr. De Good today. They
say he steals the church funds.

Mr. De G.—Nonsense.
"Oh, I've no doubt it's true. Mrs.
Veragood, that horrid young widow,
you know, seems to be infatuated with
him, and I shouldn't wonder a bit if
they'd pawn the communion service for
a bridal outfit. By the way, Mrs. Fine-
soul has not been out of the house for a
week, and people think her husband
has been beating her, but that isn't a
circumstance to the way they talk about
Mrs. Highmind. I saw her on the street
today, and she said she felt sick, but
most likely she'd been on an opium de-
bauch. She has her husband's collars
and cuffs washed at a Chinese laundry,
and she's been seen to go there for them
herself. Oh, she's a terror! Mrs. High-
up's husband has been away for two
weeks, and I've got my opinion about
it too. People say Mrs. Tiptop's hired
girl left two weeks ago, the very day
Mr. —"

"See here! Where did you hear all
this?"
"I've been out collecting money for
the heathen." —New York Weekly

The Decay of the Dandy.

Brummel went to prison for debt,
but came out again to resume his fop-
peries. His friends made him a small
allowance of £120 per annum—equal at
Caen to £300—but he could not be ex-
pected to live on such a pittance. When
he had not 4 francs in the world, he
would order boot polish at 5 francs a
bottle from Paris and call the trades-
man who supplied it "a scoundrel" for
venturing to ask for his money. In the
end his intellect gave way. He lost his
memory and much of his little mind.

He grew slovenly and careless, yet to
the last clung to his eau de cologne and
some other luxuries. Finally, his mind
all gone, he was removed to a charity
hospital, being now reduced to the ut-
most impoverishment and content to
change his linen once a month, instead
of three times a day, as of old. Here he
died, under the care of sisters of char-
ity, on March 30, 1840. Thus ended the
striking career of perhaps the most
worthless fop whom history records, his
death being a fitting termination to his
useless life. —Lippincott's.

An Old English Firm.

For more than 300 years a drapery
business has been carried on in the same
building at Sheffield, under the title of
the Sign of the Crown, and since 1750
the business has been conducted by one
family.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the
celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron
Brand). To induce you to try this brand of
starch, so that you may find out for yourself
that all claims for its superiority and econ-
omy are true, the makers have had prepared,
at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given
you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below.
These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of
advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No
manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its
customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in
the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each
Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION
packages of this brand were sold
last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER
to show you the plaques and tell
you about Elastic Starch. Accept
no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or
six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch
(Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to re-
ceive from their grocer one of these
beautiful Game Plaques free. The
plaques will not be sent by mail.
They can be obtained only from your
grocer.
Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.
Do not delay. This offer
is for a short time only.

Good Chance to Visit the East.

Persons going to Pittsburgh over Penn-
sylvania lines on cheap tickets to be sold
via that route Oct. 8 to 13, inclusive, ac-
count Knights Templar conclave will
have the privilege of buying low rate
excursion tickets from Pittsburgh to
points in Ohio and Pennsylvania, and
to Baltimore and Washington, over the
Pennsylvania route, by depositing ex-
cursion tickets with joint agent after
reaching Pittsburgh. Full and particular
information furnished in reply to in-
quiries addressed to nearest Pennsylv-
ania line ticket agent, or to J. K.
Dillon, district passenger agent, Pitts-
burg, Pa. *

Thursday Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh account
the exposition will be sold at single fare
for round trip via Pennsylvania lines,
Thursdays, Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29, Oct. 6, 13
and 20, from Ashtabula, Bellaire, Erie,
Massillon, New Philadelphia and inter-
mediate ticket stations on the Fort
Wayne route and from Cadiz, Dennison,
New Cumberland, Washington Wheel-
ing and intermediate ticket stations on
the Pan Handle route. Tickets will be
sold for regular trains of those dates,
and will be good returning three days
including date of sale. For rates, tickets
and time of trains, apply to Adam Hill
Pennsylvania line ticket agent.

Low Rates For Conclave.

Elaborate arrangements are completed
for the Knights Templar conclave at
Pittsburg in October. You may enjoy
it all by going on low rate tickets to
be sold over Pennsylvania lines Oct. 8 to 13,
inclusive. After taking in the sights
and festivities, interesting side trips
may be made from Pittsburgh at small
cost by depositing return coupon of
Pittsburg ticket with joint agent at that
place. For particulars apply to nearest
Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or ad-
dress J. K. Dillon, district passenger
agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. *

A Fine Attraction.

Manager Norris has booked a fine at-
traction for the opera house next week,
the Huntley-Jackson Stock company.
This company plays week engagements
in all the large cities, and will put on
Lincoln J. Carter's plays, "Fast Mail,"
"Tornado," J. Z. Little's "World," etc.
Theater goers cannot help but be pleased
with the company. Popular prices. *

Excursions For Conclave.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburgh ac-
count Knights Templar Triennial con-
clave will be sold Oct. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12
and 13, via Pennsylvania lines. For
special information inquire of nearest
Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or
address J. K. Dillon, district passenger
agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. *

CANCELING STAMPS.

According to the new revenue
law you must cancel every stamp
you put on a check, and you must
put a stamp on every check you
draw. The News Review has the
best canceler. Leave your order
to once.

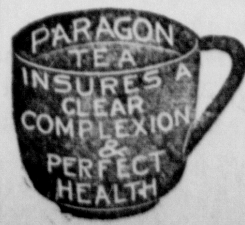
Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
Pittsburgh..lv.	5:45	11:30	11:40	11:50	7:30
Rochester.....	6:40	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:25
Beaver.....	6:45	2:20	5:33	11:55	8:30
Vanport.....	6:50		5:38	11:55	8:34
Industry.....	7:00		5:50	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry.....	7:03		5:55	12:11	8:48
Smiths Ferry.....	7:11	2:40	6:04	12:20	8:55
East Liverpool.....	7:20	2:49	6:14	12:30	9:05
Wellsville.....ar.	7:33	3:00	6:28	12:40	9:15
Wellsville.....lv.	7:42	3:05		12:45	
Wellsville Shop.....	7:46			12:50	
Yellow Creek.....	7:52			12:55	
Hammondsville.....	8:01			1:03	
Ironville.....	8:06	3:22		1:06	
Sallenville.....	8:25	3:38		1:27	
Bayard.....	8:32	3:40		2:05	
Alliance.....ar.	9:40	4:33		2:30	
Albion.....lv.	10:05	4:58		2:35	
Ravenna.....	10:40	5:06		3:10	
Hudson.....	11:02	5:25		3:30	
Cleveland.....ar.	12:10	6:25		4:30	
Wellsville.....lv.	7:47	3:10	6:55	15:55	11:02
Wellsville Shop.....	7:52	3:13	6:58	15:59	11:05
Yellow Creek.....	7:57	3:18	7:04	16:05	11:10
Port Homer.....	8:03	3:23	7:09	16:11	11:15
Empire.....	8:10	3:28	7:14	16:17	11:21
Elliottsville.....	8:17	3:33	7:18	16:21	11:23
Toronto.....	8:21	3:38	7:23	16:30	11:28
Costonia.....	8:28	3:43	7:30	16:37	
Staubenville.....ar.	8:44	4:00	7:45	16:51	11:45
Mingo Jc.....	8:54	4:00	7:45	16:51	11:45
Brilliant.....	8:58	4:14	8:00	7:14	12:01
Rush Run.....	9:07	4:23	8:09	7:24	12:10
Portland.....	9:14	4:30	8:15	7:30	12:15
Yorkville.....	9:19	4:35	8:20	7:37	12:21
Marlins Ferry.....	9:32	4:45	8:28	7:52	12:28
Bridgeport.....	9:39	4:50	8:35	7:58	12:35
Bellaire.....ar.	9:53	5:05	8:45	8:10	12:45

Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	4:35
Bellaire.....lv.	14:45	11:00	12:45		
Bridgeport.....	4:53	9:09	4:54	11:10	7:35
Marlins Ferry.....	5:07	9:15	5:08	11:16	7:40
Yorkville.....	5:10		5:12		7:43
Portland.....	5:15	9:28	5:19	1:28	7:47
Rush Run.....	5:20	9:33	5:24		7:50
Brilliant.....	5:28	9:41	5:34	1:42	7:58
Mingo Jc.....	5:35	9:48	5:41	1:50	8:05
Staubenville.....ar.	5:44	9:56	5:50	1:58	8:10
Costonia.....	5:50	10:02	5:56	1:58	8:15
Toronto.....	6:07	10:17	6:11	2:19	8:40
Elliottsville.....	6:11	10:19	6:12	2:27	8:42
Empire.....	6:13	10:21	6:14	2:27	8:44
Port Homer.....	6:20	10:31	6:23		8:52
Wellsville Shop.....	6:28	10:35	6:33		8:57
Wellsville.....ar.	6:31	10:42	6:36		9:00
Wellsville.....lv.	6:35	10:50	6:41	2:45	9:05
Wellsville Shop.....	7:42			3:05	
Yellow Creek.....	7:46			3:08	
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Industry.....	7:31	11:30	7:32		9:45
Vanport.....	7:41	11:40	7:42	3:53	9:45
Beaver.....	7:40	11:45	7:46	3:58	9:48
Rochester.....	7:50	11:50	7:52	4:12	9:48
Pittsburgh.....ar.	8:50	12:40	8:50	5:10	5:40

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos.
341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337
and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via
Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects
at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown,
Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and
intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie,
Ashtabula and intermediate stations.
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For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets,
baggage checks, and further information re-
garding the running of trains apply to any
Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Is Your Head Clear? Do you
feel a boundless energy in
your blood? You can have
these and renewed vitality
by taking a dose of Paragon
Tea before retiring. Or
stationary. Cured. 25 cts.
All druggists. Send 2 cent
stamp for sample. S. H.
FALL & CO. Cleveland, O.

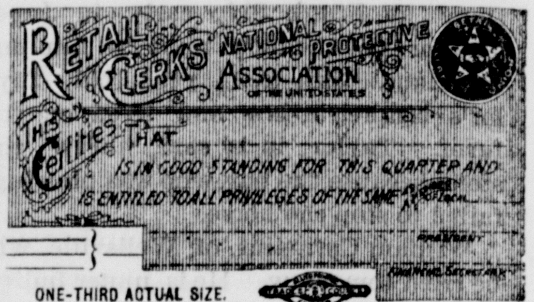
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of
all union workmen and union sympa-
thizers, and particularly those members
of the different organizations of East
Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union
Label goods, in preference to all others.
And why not? If we ask fair wages for
our labor, why should we buy goods
made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is
a guarantee of fair wages, decent work-
ing hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card.
Ask for it when making your purchases.
Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.
COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.
Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when
properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be
found in the inside breast pocket of the coat,
on the under side of the buckle strap of the
vest, and on the waistband lining of the
pants. It is printed in black ink on white
linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is
about an inch and
a half square, and
is printed on buff-
colored paper. It
is placed on every
union made hat
before it leaves the
workman's hands.
If a dealer takes a
label from one hat
and places it in
another or has any
detached labels in
his store, do not
buy from him, as
his labels may be
counterfeit, and his hats may be the product
of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

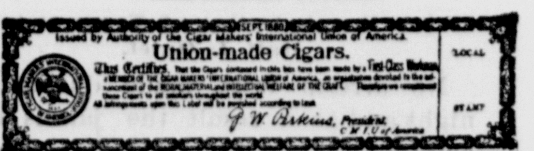


You will find the linen label attached by
machine stitching to the inside breast
pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle
strap of the vest, and on the waistband lin-
ing of the pants

BICYCLE LABEL.

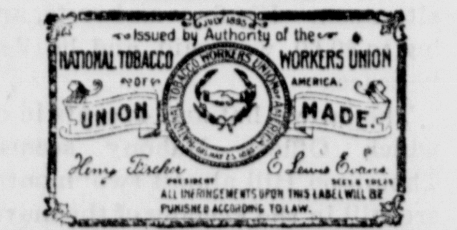
"Do unto others
as ye would that
others should do
unto you." You
will endorse the
"Golden Rule" by
buying and riding
bicycles bearing
this Label. The
colors are as fol-
lows: The Union
shield is in red,
white and blue, on
a background of
pea green, bor-
dered by gold.
The Label will
be placed on the upper front side of the tube
that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light
blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box.
Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label
on the box, as the latter is nearly of a sim-
ilar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will
be found on all plug tobacco and on the
wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured
in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full

FENCED UP A STREET

George Morton Stopped Travel on Bradshaw.

HE MAKES A STATEMENT TODAY

As to Why He Refuses to Allow the Public to Cross His Land After It Has For Years Been Used as a Highway. Council Takes Action.

George C. Morton yesterday fenced in his property in Bradshaw avenue with a tight board fence five feet high, and as a result all travel in the street is stopped, as the balance is torn up with the new sewer that is being laid.

Councilmen Marshall, Peach and Olmhausen viewed the place this morning and made numerous suggestions, and it was finally decided to board up the rest of the street at each end in order to prevent all possibility of a damage suit.

For several years the city has occupied a few feet of the ground of Mr. Morton for a street. When it was decided to pave Bradshaw avenue the council decided to appropriate 15½ feet of the ground, and Mr. Morton offered them the entire lot for \$1,000. Council refused this offer and went into court, and the jury awarded Mr. Morton \$1,200. Council has six months to accept the award, but what it will do has not been decided.

In regard to the matter Mr. Morton today gave out the following statement:

"Your reporter has asked me why I have fenced in the sidewalk in Bradshaw avenue. I simply answer that it is my own, and I have the right to do with it as I please, but for the information of the people who reside in the four additions, east, north, and south of my property, namely, McKinnon, Huston, Thompson and Bradshaw, who travel on this avenue which is the principal outlet to all said additions, I will state that I have furnished them with a sidewalk for over 10 years without any remuneration from the city. Over two months ago the honorable council of the city of East Liverpool notified me that they had appropriated and would condemn 15½x103 feet of my property to widen Bradshaw avenue. They forced me into court very much against my will; the jury gave me \$1,200 for the best and only building part of my lot including my barrel factory which cost over \$700. Aside from this I have been delayed in ordering apple barrel stock, and have lost my fall trade in that line.

"Now a part of the honorable council are kicking on the price. Had the court awarded me \$100 to \$200 I would have been ordered to vacate and deliver up the goods ere this. Even this is robbing me of the best of my property on which I could and intended to build tenement houses that would bring me \$100 a month.

"There is another feature in the case. The honorable council has never shown to the court or the people wherein it is a public benefit to pay Mrs. Morris \$2,250 for 15 feet immediately below mine, spend at least \$1,200 to wall up the same, then on the next square throw the same street off into the run and build another wall over 100 feet long to retain the paving. (Oh, ye gods and little fishes, losing the people's money.)

"There is still another feature. I can prove by a dozen witnesses that Huston run was shoved over on the Thompson property by artificial means. There is no law under heaven to permit one man to shove a natural water course over on another man's land to enhance the value of his own. There was no bridge at the corner of the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles decorating house some years ago, and the run ran down where the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles piece now stands. This I get from old citizens. The excavation for the present sewer proves it. You cannot find a shovelful of mother earth in it—all brick yard and pottery refuse.

"With this imperfect explanation, I trust the good people who travel the avenue will pardon my interruption of their travel.

"GEO. C. MORTON."

Coming and Going.

The following household goods were handled at the freight depot yesterday: The effects of Mrs. A. K. Adams were received from Toledo, those of Rev. J. M. Huston were shipped to Pasadena, Cal., and those belonging to James Green were sent to Nashville, Tenn.

Beaver County Fair Excursions.

Sept. 28, 29 and 30 low rate excursion tickets will be sold to Beaver, Pa., from Wellsville and intermediate ticket stations for the fair; return tickets good Saturday, Oct. 1.

TILTING THE EARTH.

Matter of Scientific Interest, if Not of Practical Value.

M. Fouché, the vice president of the French Astronomical society, has invented a way of altering the present inclination of the earth's axis to the ecliptic. What he wants to do it for is not very clear. Perhaps, however, he doesn't want to do it and merely puts forward his method as one possessing a purely academic interest. At all events, it is worthy of the attention of company promoters.

All that has to be done, as described by invention, is to dig an enormous circular ditch, say, in Africa or South America (its center must be on the equator) and to fill it with sea water. Fresh water will do if you can get enough of it, but as the radius of the ditch is to be a few hundred miles that is hardly likely. Having got your ditch full of sea water, nothing remains but to make it race round and round in the trench, whereupon the earth's axis will begin to point toward different quarters of the heavens from those it indicates at present. The amount of deviation will depend on the radius of the ditch, the amount of water it holds, the speed at which the latter moves and the time during which the motion is kept up.

We may suggest to M. Fouché that when a sufficient sphere of French influence has been secured in Africa he might have a trench dug and then by its use get all the ice melted round each of the present poles. French explorers could then discover them, whereupon the action of the trench would be stopped and the present climatic conditions restored. France could then remain as long as she wished the only nation to have reached the celebrated points on the earth's surface. As the digging of the ditch will be very expensive we make no charge for this suggestion.—Invention.

A TOUCHY OLD COMMODORE.

Insisted on Running His Own Man-of-war Even on Sundays.

A story is told of an old commodore at the Boston yard whose method of measuring religious affairs was with the same inexorable rule used for temporal things. One Sunday morning he was aroused from his nap by something out of the usual routine being announced from the pulpit, and he sternly addressed the chaplain with: "What's that? What's that?" The chaplain demurely repeated the notice that "by order of the bishop of the diocese divine service will be performed in this chapel on Thursday evening next," etc.

"By whose order?"

"By order of the bishop of the diocese, sir."

"Well," thundered the commodore, "I'll let you know that I am bishop of this diocese, and when I want service in this chapel I'll let you know. Pipe down," and he cleared the chapel.

On one occasion he heard a different voice in the pulpit from usual, and, looking up, he asked: "Who is that up there? Is that you, Billy McMaster?"

"Yes, sir."

(Billy was a religious foreman in the yard who sometimes helped the chaplain along.)

"Come down out of that," thundered the commodore. "When I want a relief for the chaplain, I'll appoint one. Don't you ever let me catch you up there again," and he cleared the chapel again.—"On a Man-of-War."

The Poor Mother-in-law.

Mother-in-law stories are a drug on the market, but this one seems to be a little less druggy than usual.

A man and his wife went to Europe, and the man's mother-in-law went along. Up to this point there is no novelty in the story.

On the voyage the mother-in-law fell ill and died. Of course, she had to be buried at sea, and so the usual canvas sack was made, but instead of an iron weight to sink the body they used a bag of coal.

In commenting on the arrangements afterward the bereaved son-in-law, who stuttered badly, said:

"I—I always knew where m-m-m-mother-in-law was g-going, but b-b-blame me if I s-s-supposed she'd have t-to carry her own f-f-fuel!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Children as Grammarians.

Two little tots of 4 and 5 years respectively, living out of town, were anxiously awaiting the arrival of a favorite uncle from whom they were expecting a visit. The train came in, but no guest appeared, to the bitter disappointment of the little ones. They ran to their mother for consolation, the younger one saying:

"Mamma, don't you think Uncle Ned oughter come?"

"You mustn't say oughter; say shooder," put in the 5-year-old, with all the dignity that such a correction would imply.—New York Tribune.

An English Joke.

Mother—Why don't you play with that American boy?

Boy—He tells stories.

Mother—He does?

Boy—Yes. He came from New York, and he says he never saw an Indian or a buffalo.—London Sun.

Fifty years ago Austria had seven cities with more than 20,000 inhabitants. Today there are 32.

CAMP WIKOFF TALES.

INTERESTING INCIDENTS OF LIFE AT MONTAUK POINT.

The President's Cordial Greeting to Colonel Roosevelt—An Amusing Incident of Mr. McKinley's Visit—Rattlesnake Pete's First Bath in the Ocean.

At Montauk the president was bowing right and left to the crowd when all of a sudden his eyes lighted on a man on a horse about 20 yards away. The man wore one of those brown canvas uniforms with canary trimmings, heavy eyeglasses and a happy sort of a grin. "Why, there's Colonel Roosevelt," exclaimed the president to Secretary Alger after staring at the man for a moment. "Colonel," called out the president, "I'm glad to see you."

Then the commander of the rough riders executed a remarkable maneuver. He forgot to make a formal dismount, but sort of fell off his animal in the way he does at the end of a race across the hills with a squad of his cow punchers. At the same time the president did a remarkable thing for a president to do. He stood up in his carriage, pushed open the door and, jumping out, started toward Colonel Roosevelt, who was coming toward him as fast as he could. The president held out his hand. Colonel Roosevelt struggled to pull off his right glove. He yanked at it desperately and finally inserted the ends of the fingers in his teeth and gave a mighty tug. Off came the glove, and a beatific smile came over the colonel's face as he grasped the president's hand. The crowd which had watched the performance tittered audibly. Nothing more cordial than the greeting between the president and Colonel Roosevelt could be imagined. The president just grinned all over.

"Colonel Roosevelt," he said, "I'm glad indeed to see you looking so well." "Thank you, Mr. President, there isn't a healthier man in the camp than I am. I am delighted to see you down here, sir, and hope you will enjoy the trip. I do want you to see my boys while you're here." "Oh, I will, colonel, I will," said the president as he got back into his carriage, and then the whole line started for General Wheeler's headquarters, led by the cavalry.

He was a big, broad shouldered Irishman, a fine figure of a soldier and one of the crack men of his regiment. With the purpose of getting a good view of President McKinley when he arrived at the Montauk Point station he had climbed to the roof of an unfinished building near by and lay flat on the sloping shingles, peering over the ridge. The presidential train pulled in, Mr. McKinley and his party got off, and in the midst of the greetings of the officers who had gathered to meet him there rose high over the buzz of voices a rich Irish brogue: "Oh, Billy McKinley! Mither Prisdint! Don't yez ferget th' rigulars. We fit th' best we knew fer yez." All the officers turned in the direction of the voice, but the Irishman had pulled his head down below the ridge and was invisible from the side toward the station. A roar of laughter rose from the crowd. President McKinley, who had half turned, smiled and remarked, "A voice from the clouds."

For the first time in his life Rattlesnake Pete, one of the crack cowboy members of Roosevelt's rough riders, took an ocean bath today. About 50 members of the regiment escorted him to the wild sea waves to witness the performance. There was something of a surf rolling in, but Pete, who is not upon record as being afraid of anything on sea or land, opined that no waves like that could rattle him. "I'll go out farther than any of you," he said as he stripped off his clothing. "Some of you fellows start in and I'll come after."

Four of the troopers dashed in and plunged, and Pete tripped mincingly after them until he got about up to his knees, then stopped and looked uneasily at the white foam pouring in from a surge that had just broken. From beyond the other bathers exhorted him to come on, and shouts from the shore encouraged him. He plodded on a rod farther, jumped a baby wave, ducked his head under and assured his friends that he was all right. They kept urging him to go out farther, but the cowboy said he would stay where he was until he got used to the water. Presently, afar out, the other bathers beheld a big comber, frothing at the top, come racing in. Those on shore saw it, too, and with evil design, to divert Pete's attention from it, shouted to him in chorus: "Hey, Pete!" "Oh, Pete!" "Hi, Rattlesnake, turn around here."

"What's the matter?" answered the bather, turning his face toward the shore. "How do you like it, Pete?" "Oh, it's all right. Kinder cold though."

"Why don't you swim out a little?" "Goin' to in a minute."

By this time the others outside had divined under the breaker, and it was close under the unsuspecting cowboy. "Look behind you, Pete," yelled the chorus. Pete looked, beheld a green mountain with a white top hovering over him, gave a wild shriek and pushed for the shore. Too late!

There came a burst of thunder sound; The boy, oh, where was he?

There came also a burst of thunder

Have You Inspected It? Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novel-ties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

mirth from the shore, for amid the foaming swirl where the wave had broken could be seen glimpses of Rattlesnake Pete, now a rampant foot, now a wildly waving arm, now the shining curve of a rear view. A smaller wave broke and rolled the struggling man to his knees, whence he arose to his feet and stood, with eyes tightly closed and face distorted.

"Say, say, say," he gasped, "where'n 'ell's the shore? Which way is it? What was it hit me?"

"Not coming in, are you, Pete?" shouted the men on shore.

"Show me the way, somebody. Some-

thin's pullin at my feet. My eyes are full of water. Wow! There's another."

The boom of another big breaker just behind him shook the beach, and on the wash of it he rolled and whirled well up toward the dry sand. He didn't stop going after regaining his feet until he had put 50 yards between himself and the water line. Then he proceeded to get into his clothes.

"What's the matter, Pete?" asked the crowd. "Had enough? Ain't scairt, are you?"

"No," said Pete sullenly. "Got a cramp."—New York Sun.

Jack Tar at a Christening.

A sailor went up to the font to have his baby baptized. Sailors as a class claim little stock in babies, and, naturally enough, this one presented the infant feet foremost.

"The other way," said the minister, and, accordingly, Jack turned the infant upside down.

"Excuse me," said the clergyman, "I mean the other way." So back came the embryo foretopman to the first position, to the discouragement of everybody.

"Wind it, Jack," said the nautical assistant, and with an "Aye, aye, sir," Jack promptly turned the baby end for end, and it was duly christened head first.—"On a Man-of-war."

Souvenir of Past Victories.

Commodore Philip has sent a unique souvenir to the governor of Texas as a testimony of the loyalty and efficiency of the battleship which was christened after that state. He had taken one of the armor plates which was pierced by a 6 inch projectile from the guns of the Vizcaya and has framed it in handsome style, to be hung as a memento in the statehouse at Austin.—Chicago Tribune.

Peace.

Peace is the calm of holy thought, The song of Christ by angels brought, The grand amen by Spirit said, The crown of Christ upon thy head.

—Christian Science Journal.

Matrimonial Exports.

In the early days of Virginia, when the adventurers were mostly unmarried men, it was deemed necessary to export such women as could be prevailed upon to leave England as wives for the planters. A letter accompanying one of the matrimonial ships, dated London, Aug. 12, 1621, says:

"We send you in the ship a widow and 11 maids as wives for the people of Virginia. There hath been especial care taken in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good recommendations. There are 50 more that are ready to go. For the reimbursing of charges it is ordered that every man that marries them give 100 pounds of best leaf tobacco for each of them."

Their First Lessons.

More glorious news from Santiago. The public schools are about to open there. These will constitute the palladium of its liberties.—Boston Herald.

His Blood.

Colonel Roosevelt is by descent French, Scotch, Dutch and Irish.—Current Newspaper Information.

Zees Tayodore, ze "ricksho rude."

Who led ze charge at Coney,
Possess a coorah verra good,
Mon Dieu! He's von of many!
Ze papaires talk ze man upen
And praise hees hero-ecum.
Zey like zees new Napoleon,
Nor ces eet strango he please sem.
Pourquoi? He ces a Frenchman!

I ken nae mon sae fu' o' fire
An weel renoun deservin
As he that fought mid rock an mire,
Wi' nae retreat, nae overgivin,
When Spanish shell an Spanish gun
Besmeared the groun aye redlie,
But his was nae the race to shun
Tho' sword an shot be deadlie,
For, trullie, he's a Scotchman!

It vas not guerd dis Roosevelt
Vas sooch a prave commandeur.
I dells you I mineelf haf felt
As pold as Alexander.
It vas der plood, mine frents, der plood,
Dot mages der fearless soldior,
An dere vas none von haf so goot—
Remember vot I tokht you—
As his, vor he's von Dutchman!

Av coorse our Teddy's bould and brave,
How ilse could he be ether?
No foimer lad, Oi well belaye,
E'er woman had for mother.
Av coorse he drubbed thim Spaniards haard
Down there at Santiago.
He's not the spalpeen to be scared
At any divilish Dago,
Because, begob, he's Orriah!

Vraiment: Zees Tayodore ces grand.
Parceque he ces a Frenchman,
But dinna reck ne Scot is bond
To serve as any's henchman.
Dere vas no nation on der earth
So bould as vas der Deutscher,
An ivery mon av anny worth
Is Orriah in the future,
As Teddy is this present!

—W. D. Fox in New York Sun.

THE ADVERTISERS.
The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.
The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Summer ended yesterday and today is the beginning of autumn.

Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, is now able to be out after a severe illness.

The first of the Ember days of the year was observed at St. Aloysius church this morning.

Several beautiful specimens of peach fruit were sent to this office today by Mrs. C. E. Surles.

Postmaster Miskall this morning received a lot of supplies from the department at Washington.

The work of repairing the pavement in Lincoln avenue is progressing rapidly, and will be completed next week.

The fence on the north side of the monument is today being repaired. It was broken several months ago by a runaway team.

Truant Officer Beardmore has as yet had but little work as the children are attending school regularly and giving him no trouble.

The social given last evening by the ladies of the African Methodist Episcopal church was largely attended and a neat sum netted.

A young woman riding a bicycle along Second street this morning fell while crossing the railroad and badly injured her left hand.

The brick floor in the fire station was repaired yesterday afternoon. A part of the floor has been a source of annoyance since it was first laid.

The dense fog which covered the river this morning caused the ferryboat to be late in starting its trips. By 10 o'clock the river was clear of the mist.

In the last game of the Western league to be played this season in Minneapolis, George Carey was at bat four times, made one hit and had 12 putouts, two assists and one error.

All the machinery that will be used in the new addition to the Vodrey pottery has been placed in position. The entire plant will be in full operation within a very short time.

Mayor Bough and Officers Mahony and White spent the day in Lisbon. They were there as witnesses in a case now before common pleas court. They will return home this evening.

The tire came off the wheel of a wagon in Fifth street yesterday afternoon. The wagon was loaded with sand and it was necessary to secure another wagon and change the load.

The program for the free sacred concert to be held in the Methodist Protestant church Friday evening has been completed. An orchestra of eight pieces has been engaged for the occasion.

The first quarterly conference of the new conference year will be held in the lecture room of the Methodist Protestant church this evening. There is some very important business to come before the board.

Rev. J. C. Taggart this afternoon attended a meeting of the trustees of Westminister college of New Wilmington at Pittsburg. The meeting lasted almost four hours and much business was transacted.

Those who attended the funeral of Private Carnahan at Salineville yesterday returned to the city last evening on the late train. With the members of Company E who attended the funeral was Major Weybrecht, of Alliance.

A wheelman dashing around the corner from Broadway to Fourth street last night, almost collided with a horse and buggy. Had not the driver suddenly pulled up his horse a serious accident would have occurred.

Detective Shiffler, of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, who passed through the city last evening said that the action of Mail Agent Walker on the river division was the most foolish he ever heard of. Walker had but one trip between Wellsville and Bellaire every day, and received at least \$80 a month.

CAINE ON ALLIANCE.

NOTED AUTHOR'S OPINIONS ON THE ANGLO-AMERICAN UNION.

Says England Would Profit Most by a Formal Alliance—Great Lesson Taught Europe by America—Views on Czar's Peace Appeal.

Fresh from Manxland, with his curly red beard and wavy hair, Hall Caine arrived at New York on the Campanian the other day. A great lover of universal peace, he has the Englishman's skepticism of the czar's proposal for a general disarmament, "which seems grotesque in coming from such a source," he said. Mr. Caine, moreover, seems to doubt the practicability of an Anglo-American alliance. "It would be a great guarantee for the world's peace—if it were possible," he added.

When I met Mr. Caine at the Everett House, his first question was, "What do they think over here of an Anglo-American alliance?" "You know Americans, Mr. Caine," I replied. "How do you think they view the question?" "Yes, that's true," he replied. "My home, Greeba castle, on the Isle of Man, is a rendezvous for Americans. In fact, during the summer there are more of your fellow countrymen to be seen there than Englishmen.

"Well, nearly all of the intelligent Americans whom I have met seem to think that such an alliance would involve the United States in serious foreign complications that she should avoid. Much as they like England they seem to view the proposition with disfavor. How the matter is generally viewed here I have yet to learn. Now, when I left England the country was enthusiastic over the subject. For the first time in my life I have seen the stars and stripes floating beside the British flag all over England.

"Englishmen, many of them at least, are strong for a formal alliance between the two countries. The feeling in some quarters in England on this subject is profound. It is based on a conviction that unity of race is a good ground for unity of interests. The ties between England and America are many and close—first the tie of blood, next of language, then of literature, then of faith. All these point, it is thought, to a unity of fate and destiny. On the other hand, a good many Englishmen see that the surest and best Anglo-American alliance is that which is going on silently every day in the constant intermarriage between the two countries and by the interchange of mutual interests. They also realize that a formal bond might bring into active play a good deal of natural feeling which is now held in check.

"Englishmen see that England may have more to gain than America by a formal alliance; that the difficulties for America and the responsibilities incurred by America would be greater than her advantage. An Anglo-American alliance, if it were possible, would be a tremendous factor in promoting the world's peace."

"What do you think of the results of our war with Spain?" I asked. "It is wonderful," replied Mr. Caine. "With one of the smallest standing armies and not the most remarkable of navies you have won this great victory. Clearly, therefore, it is not the difference between the appearance of a nation's armaments made in the budget returns, but the difference in the men."

"How do you regard the czar's proposal for disarmament?" "There was much talk about it in England at the moment of my leaving. Of course the proposition is not a new one, and perhaps there is something illogical and even grotesque in such a proposal coming from the sovereign who has the largest standing army in the world.

"Of course there are those in England who say that necessity, not principle, lies at the root of the czar's proposal; that Russia is on the verge of bankruptcy. Perhaps there is more truth in that than one can quite realize who has not traveled in Russia. I was there during the great cholera plague a few years ago. I can never forget the impression made upon me by the dire and woeful poverty of the people. It is abject. It is awful. The poverty of the Italian poor is terrible, yet Italy is spending millions on millions in armaments. America in this war has taught Europe a great lesson—that a nation is not made great by greatness of armaments, but by the quality of its men."

Mr. Caine said that the object of his present visit was to help Miss Viola Allen to rehearse the play founded on "The Christian." "Of the play I can at present say no more," he added, "than that it is not in the ordinary sense an adaptation of the novel, but an entirely independent composition. With the motive and characters as the basis an entirely separate structure has been built. I am satisfied with what I have seen of it, but it is for the public and critics to judge, not me. It will be produced first in Washington on Sept. 25; then it will be brought to New York on Oct. 3. It was not my original intention to deliver any lectures here, and I may not stay here longer than three weeks if I do not."—Cor. New York Herald.

How They Wed In Spain.
Marriage in Spain takes place by day or at night, according to the fortune of the young people or their station in life.

If well to do, the ceremony comes off in the early part of the morning.

BRYAN WANTS TO TALK.

Intimated That He Was Full of Opinions on Current Topics—Talk of His Resigning.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 21.—Col. William Jennings Bryan of the Third Nebraska volunteers will shortly resign his commission in the United States army and resume the discussion of public question. This statement is not made upon the authority of Colonel Bryan, however. When asked to express himself on questions of public interest yesterday, he said: "You can say that I refuse to discuss any matters connected with politics, the army or myself, except that I see no reason to change the views in regard to expanding the territory of the United States I expressed in my Omaha speech, made before entering upon this army life."

This is all Colonel Bryan would say, except to add: "You might also say that I am not so enamored of camp life that I would at the close of war apply for a commission in the regular army."

"If you knew," he said, "what it cost me to keep still when there is so much to say about things of importance to the people and of lifelong interest and moment to me you would appreciate the strength of my will."

When asked if he would talk freely on the subject when he has once broken loose he said:

"You know how it is when a dam breaks. There is no telling when the flood stops."

When his candidacy for the presidential nomination was suggested, he said: "A man may say things and express opinions upon public affairs which will not meet public approval. These results are not always favorable to himself. An idea is everything to me, far more than any office."

Colonel Bryan refused to name the date when he would resign his commission.

CUBANS IN SAD PLIGHT.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn Trying to Gain Entrance For Comal With About 1,000,000 Rations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Acting Secretary Meiklejohn is making renewed efforts to secure the entrance of the Comal with the 1,000,000 rations on board into some Cuban port. The Comal is now at Key West, where she was ordered when the Spanish authorities refused to allow her to land her cargo without the payment by the United States of duty to the amount of \$60,000 in gold. Unofficial advices having been received that the port of Bahia Honda has opened for relief without the payment of duties, Secretary Meiklejohn is now making an inquiry as to whether the Comal relief supplies can be landed.

Senor Quessada of the Cuban junta saw Secretary Meiklejohn yesterday and represented the Cubans as being in a sad plight.

To Improve Military Transports.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Major General Ludlow was in Washington yesterday consulting with Acting Secretary Meiklejohn. General Miles, General Corbin and the quartermaster's department relative to the work of the board of which he is president. His board will consider methods of improving transports, especially with reference to health and comfort of troops, etc.

Red Cross Hospital Train.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—The second hospital train sent to Camp Meade by the Red Cross of Philadelphia arrived back in this city last night with 49 sick soldiers. They were all moved to the Pennsylvania hospital. Although many of the men are seriously ill, the physicians at the hospital believe they will all recover.

FIVE MEN INJURED.

A Traveling Crane Collapsed Near Pittsburg—At Least Two May Die.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 21.—A large traveling crane collapsed at the new government dam at Neville island yesterday afternoon and injured five workmen, three of whom may die. The injured are:

Martin Beck, Wellsburg, W. Va., two ribs broken, nose broken and injured internally and scalded.

M. Evans, Montour Junction, foreman of concrete gang; rib on right side fractured, scalp wound and hurt internally. His condition is critical.

Noah Stanley, Evansville, Ind., sustained a severe spinal injury and scalp wound; not expected to recover.

John Young, Evansville, Ind., ankle broken and badly bruised about the body.

William White, wrist sprained; also an ugly scalp wound.

HASKELL INTERRED.

The President and Others Present at Arlington Cemetery.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The remains of Brigadier General Joseph T. Haskell, one of the heroes of Santiago, who died at Columbus, last Saturday, arrived here yesterday over the Pennsylvania railroad. They were accompanied by Captain Charles D. Clay of the Seventeenth infantry, grandson of Henry Clay, and a detachment of non-commissioned officers from the Columbus barracks, who acted as body-bearers.

The body of the soldier hero was laid at rest in the Arlington cemetery yesterday afternoon, with appropriate military and Masonic ceremonies in the presence of a distinguished gathering, including President McKinley, General Miles and others.

VISITED BY M'KINLEY.

The President Made a Tour of Inspection of the Hospital at Ft. Meyer.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—President McKinley yesterday afternoon made a personal inspection of the hospital at Fort Meyer, Va. The president passed an hour and a half in the various wards and apartments of the institution, going from cot to cot and extending a personal greeting to each one of nearly 400 patients.

The president carefully inspected the kitchen and examined the food supplied to the hospital patients. At the conclusion of his examination he expressed himself as well satisfied with the arrangements made for caring for the sick, but desired it to be understood that the patients were to want for nothing that would improve their condition or render them more comfortable.

Protested Against Reception on Sunday.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—The New England Sabbath Protective League, of which Senator George F. Hoar is president, yesterday sent to Mayor Josiah Quincy a resolution protesting against the action of the mayor and board of aldermen giving an official reception to the mayor and aldermen of Milwaukee last Sunday.

Weather Forecast.

Generally fair; light variable winds, becoming northeasterly and increasing.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 0 runs, 5 hits and 4 errors; Pittsburg 15 runs, 20 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Kennedy and Grim; Cronin and Bowerman. Umpires, Connolly and Hunt. Attendance, 3,500.

At New York—New York, 7 runs, 14 hits and 3 errors; St. Louis, 7 runs, 14 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Doheny and Warner; Taylor and Sugden. Umpires, Warner and Swartwood. Attendance, 501.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; Cleveland, 5 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Nops and Robinson; Peters and Criger. Umpires, O'Day and Brown. Attendance, 1,997.

At Washington—Washington, 2 runs, 6 hits and 3 errors; Chicago, 3 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Killen and McGuire; Callahan and Donohue. Umpires, Snyder and Andrews. Attendance, 600.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Cincinnati, 7 runs, 11 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, E. Murphy, Dugleby, M. Murphy and McFarland; Hawley and Wood. Umpires, Emslie and Smith. Attendance, 1,703.

At Boston—Boston, 24 runs, 26 hits and 0 errors; Louisville, 4 runs, 8 hits and 10 errors. Batteries, Lewis, Hickman and Bergen; Dowling, Altrock, Kittredge and Powers. Umpires, Gaffney and McDonald. Attendance, 2,000.

League Standing.

	W	L	Pc.		W	L	Pc.
Boston.....	86	44	.662	Phila.....	64	62	.508
Baltimore.....	82	46	.641	Pittsburg.....	67	66	.504
Cincinnati.....	81	53	.604	Louisville.....	57	74	.435
Cleveland.....	74	55	.574	Brooklyn.....	48	75	.390
Chicago.....	73	60	.549	Wash.....	43	88	.328
New York.....	70	60	.538	St. Louis.....	34	96	.262

Games Scheduled For Today.

Chicago at Baltimore, Pittsburg at Boston, St. Louis at Brooklyn, Louisville at New York, Cleveland at Philadelphia and Cincinnati at Washington.

Yesterday's Interstate League Games.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 13 hits and 3 errors; Youngstown, 5 runs, 12 hits and 0 errors. Batteries, Hewitt and Barkley; Miller, Root and Schrecongost.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 61¢@62¢.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 38¢@39¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 35¢@36¢; high mixed, shelled, 34¢@35¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 27½¢@28½¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 26½¢@27½¢; extra new No. 3, white, 25½¢@26½¢; light mixed, 23¢@24¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$8.75@9.25; No. 2, \$7.75@8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$7.50@8.25; wagon hay, \$9.50@10.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 75¢@80¢ per pair; small, 60¢@65¢; spring chickens, 85¢@90¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@45¢ per pair; turkeys, 80¢@90¢ per pound; geese, 50¢@55¢ per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 14¢@15¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 14¢@15¢; geese, 7¢@8¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@23½¢; extra creamery, 22¢@22½¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 19¢@20½¢; country roll, 15¢@16¢; low grades and cooking, 10¢@12¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8½¢@9½¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8½¢@9½¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, new, 9¢@9½¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 10½¢@11¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 15¢@15½¢; candied, 16¢@16½¢.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 20.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday 80 cars, with a good demand; the market ruled active and prices 10c higher on all good grades, while common ones were steady. Supply today was light; market was steady. We quote prices: Extra, \$5.35@5.50; prime, \$5.20@5.30; good, \$5.00@5.10; tidy, \$4.75@4.90; fair, \$4.30@4.60; common, \$3.75@4.00; good fat oxen, \$3.00@4.50; common to good fat bulls and cows, \$2.25@4.10; heifers, \$3.50@4.65; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; common fresh cows and springers, \$3.00@4.00.

HOGS—Receipts on Monday 40 loads; market active at a decline of 5c from close of last week. Receipts today 10 loads; market about steady. We quote: Prime mediums, \$4.15@4.30; best Yorkers, \$4.10@4.15; common to fair Yorkers, \$4.00@4.05; heavy, \$4.00@4.10; pigs, as to quality, \$3.10@4.00; roughs, \$2.50@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday 30 loads; market 10¢@15¢ lower. Supply today fair; market barely steady. We quote: Choice, \$4.60@4.65; good, \$4.40@4.50; fair, \$4.00@4.20; common, \$3.25@3.75; choice spring lambs, \$5.00@5.75; common to good, \$3.75@5.50; veal calves, \$7.00@7.50; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.

WHEAT—Spot market strong; No. 2 red, 73¢@73½¢ f. o. b. alfalfa spot and to arrive.

CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 35¢ f. o. b. alfalfa.

OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 25¢ asked; No. 2 white, 27¢@28¢.

CATTLE—No trade of importance; feeling steady. Cables lower. Live cattle, 11¢@12¢ per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 8¢@9¢ per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for prime sheep firm; others steady; lambs, steady. Sheep, \$4.00@4.65; lambs, \$5.00@5.75; culs, \$4.25@4.50.

HOGS—Market firm at \$4.25@4.50; state pigs, \$4.60.

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